CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

Submitted By: Finance Department

Robert H. Logan, CPA Chief Financial Officer

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

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Gene Hobgood, *Mayor*E. Scott Wood, *City Manager*Diana Threewitt, *City Clerk*



City of Canton

151 Elizabeth Street Canton GA 30114 Phone 770-704-1500 Fax 770-704-1538 www.canton-georgia.com Pat Tanner Ward I, City Council
Jo Ellen Wilson Ward I, City Council
Jack Goodwin Ward II, City Council
Bill Bryan Ward II, City Council
Lester Cantrell Ward III, City Council
Amelia Rose III, City Council

February 24, 2010

TRANSMITTAL

To the Citizens of the City of Canton:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Canton, Georgia for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009, is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the City. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the City as measured by the financial activity of its various funds; and that disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial affairs have been included.

PROFILE

The City of Canton is located approximately thirty-five miles north of Atlanta on Interstate 575. The City is governed by a Mayor and six Council Members. The Mayor and Council are elected at large by the City residents to serve four year terms. For the election of Council Members, the City is divided into three wards with two Council Members serving from each ward. The City Manager is responsible for the daily operations of all City departments. The City currently has one hundred and twenty full-time employees to perform the daily functions of each department.

This report includes all funds of the City. The City provides a full range of services. These services include police and fire protection; sanitation services; the construction and maintenance of highways, streets, and infrastructure; recreational activities and cultural events. In addition to general governmental activities, the City also operates a Water and Sewer System. The City's reporting entity also includes the balances and activities of five quasi–governmental entities; the Downtown Development Authority, a discretely presented component unit, the Canton Development Authority, a discretely presented component unit, the Canton Building Authority, a blended component unit, the Canton Tree City Commission, a blended component unit and the Urban Redevelopment Agency, a blended component unit.

The City in conjunction with its component units is striving to improve the lives of its residents through the creation of new parks and recreation venues, upgrades to water and sewer infrastructure, construction of a new raw water reservoir and construction of new police and fire facilities. The Mayor and City Council is very proactive in planning for the future and initiating plans to meet future needs of the community.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The City of Canton is the county seat of Cherokee County. The City has experienced a considerable amount of growth in the past 30 years, and now, the City's full growth potential is beginning to unfold. Cherokee County is currently receiving a considerable amount of growth as the result of receiving a spill over of growth from metropolitan Atlanta.

The population growth of the City of Canton has been as follows:

<u>Year</u>	Population	% of County
1960	2,411	11.6
1970	3,654	11.8
1980	3,589	6.9
1990	4,817	5.3
2000	6,959	5.5
2009	21,464	10.5

^{*}Information received from Atlanta Regional Commission

Some of the factors, which will contribute to the future growth, and development of the Canton area are listed below.

Improved Transportation System

Transportation systems have a major impact on the growth and development of any area. The successful development of the Canton-Cherokee Industrial Park is a prime example of the positive impact of the improved highway access in the area. In addition, improvements to the on-ramps and off-ramps of I-575 have also impacted highway access in the area. Roads have been upgraded to meet the increasing traffic volume generated by development.

Increased Job Opportunities

The City tax base will continue to increase due to the new commercial, residential and business development in the City. The continuous and increased commercial, industrial and residential developments in the city will generate more local jobs and thus reduce the need for people to commute to the Atlanta area, which in turn will demand more services and facilities.

Water and Sewer Availability

The City of Canton sewer system has approximately 2,000,000 gallons in excess sewer capacity per day, which is an asset in encouraging growth and development in the City. The City recently completed a project to upgrade the water treatment and distribution system of the City. The water capacity is currently 5.45 million gallons per day and sewer capacity is 4.00 million gallons per day.

The second phase of the City of Canton Water Pollution Control Plant expansion will increase the sewer treatment capacity to 8.0 million gallons daily. Phase two engineering and design began in 2009.

Availability of Large Tracts of Land

During the next twenty years, the northern and western sections of Canton will experience many land use changes primarily due to the large areas of vacant land in this area. Over half of the vacant land is already slated for residential and industrial development and should be complete in the next ten years.

Recent Economic Development

Technology Park/Atlanta, Inc. plans to construct a high-tech industrial park, The Bluffs, east of State Route 140 and along the eastern shores of the Hickory Log Creek Raw Water Reservoir. After an estimated ten-year build out, the park is projected to produce approximately 15,000 new jobs. The City of Canton completed the Bluffs Parkway which bisects the high-tech park during fiscal year 2004. Technology Park/Atlanta, Inc. has begun the marketing phase to lure new businesses to the park.

During fiscal year 2004, plans were made public that Northside Hospital-Cherokee plans to construct a new facility within a large multi-use parcel east of I-575 at exit 19. The parcel will include numerous retail establishments, restaurants, single-family and multi-family residential units, hotels and medical office buildings. Construction of the parkway that will traverse the site began in the fall of 2008.

Internal Controls

Management of the government is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the government are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: a) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and b) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Budgetary Controls

In addition, the government maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City's governing body. Activities of the General Fund, Canton Building Authority, Hotel/Motel Tax Fund, Tree City Commission, Urban Redevelopment Agency, Impact Fee Fund, SPLOST IV Fund, SPLOST V Fund, Road & Sidewalk Fund, Water and Sewer Fund, Storm Water Fund and Sanitation Fund are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is the department level.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the government strives to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

Debt Administration

At September 30, 2009, the City had no general obligation bonds outstanding. Subsequent to fiscal year end, the Canton Building Authority issued the Canton Building Authority Series 2009 bonds in the amount of \$8,000,000 for the acquisition of additional land and mitigation property for the Hickory Log Creek Raw Water Reservoir. The bond shall be repaid semiannually on March 1st and September 1st with a maturity of September 1, 2029 at 5.00% per annum.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The City actively engages in multi-year financial planning. The City annually updates its five year capital improvement plan to account for future capital acquisitions and capital asset replacements. The City is actively engaged in long-term forecasting to determine areas where utility upgrades are going to be needed to improve water and sewer infrastructure. The budget officer uses various data in forecasts for future operating and capital needs in the preparation of the City's annual budget document as well.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Hickory Log Creek Raw Water Reservoir

The Hickory Log Creek Raw Water Reservoir is a joint governmental project between the City of Canton and the Cobb County-Marietta Water Authority to construct a 360 acre reservoir on Hickory Log Creek north of the City to meet the water needs of the citizens of Canton and Cobb County for many years to come. The costs of the project are jointly shared by the City of Canton and the Cobb County-Marietta Water Authority on a 25% and 75% basis respectively. Construction of the ancillary structures is underway and is expected to be complete by the end of 2010. Additional land and mitigation property are being acquired in 2010 to meet the requirements of the reservoir permit issued by the US Army Corps of Engineers and the US Fish and Wildlife Service.

Fairways of Canton

The Fairways of Canton opened in November 2007. This project is a public-private partnership that includes an eighteen hole golf course for the enjoyment of all the residents of the City of Canton. The City of Canton will pay for \$3,000,000 of the construction costs with parks and recreation impact fees as available. The course is being operated by a private entity but is owned by the Canton Building Authority and operated as a public golf course.

Reservoir Drive

The City of Canton was a partner in the construction of Reservoir Drive along the western shore of the Hickory Log Creek Raw Water Reservoir. The project was a public-private partnership between the City of Canton and three contiguous property owners. The total cost of the project was approximately \$6,000,000. The road consists of four lanes and a divided median and travels from Reinhardt College Parkway to Great Sky Parkway.

Downtown Streetscapes

The City of Canton continues to apply for grant funding for the rehabilitation of the historic downtown area. Plans are currently underway for the completion of streetscape improvements from Main Street down Church Street, Elizabeth Street and East Marietta Street. The plan calls for pedestrian improvements, lamp posts, landscaping and benches. The City has also applied for funding for streetscapes along Waleska Street and North Street on the northern edge of the central business district. This project should begin in the summer of 2010 after needed right-of-way is obtained.

Public Safety Facilities and Equipment

The City of Canton is currently planning for the construction of two new joint fire stations/police precincts along the northern edge of the City. The planning for the two new facilities has begun and land has been identified for the sites. As the City continues to grow, additional plans will be made for future fire stations and police precincts to serve our citizens.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Independent Audit

The Mayor and City Council and the State of Georgia require an annual audit to be performed on the books of account, financial records and transactions of all administrative departments of the City by independent Certified Public Accountants selected by the City Council. This requirement has been complied with and the auditors' opinion has been included in this report.

Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Canton for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2000 through 2008. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgments

The preparation of this report on a timely basis could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of Melissa Forrester and Lorrie Waters and the entire City staff and the Certified Public Accounting firm of Mauldin and Jenkins. I would also like to thank the Mayor and members of the City Council for their interest in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Robert H Logan

Robert H. Logan, CPA Chief Financial Officer

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Canton Georgia

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
September 30, 2008

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

WE OFFICE AND CORPORATION OF CHECKS AND CORP

President

Executive Director



City of Canton, Georgia

City Officials September 30, 2009

<u>Mayor</u> Gene Hobgood

City Council
Bill Bryan
Lester Cantrell
Jack Goodwin
Amelia Rose
Patricia Tanner
Jo Ellen Wilson

City Manager E. Scott Wood

Chief Financial Officer Robert H. Logan

> <u>City Clerk</u> Diana Threewitt

> > Police Chief Jeff Lance

<u>Fire Chief</u> Dean Floyd

<u>Director of Public Works</u> David J. Cangemi

Community Development Director Ken Patton

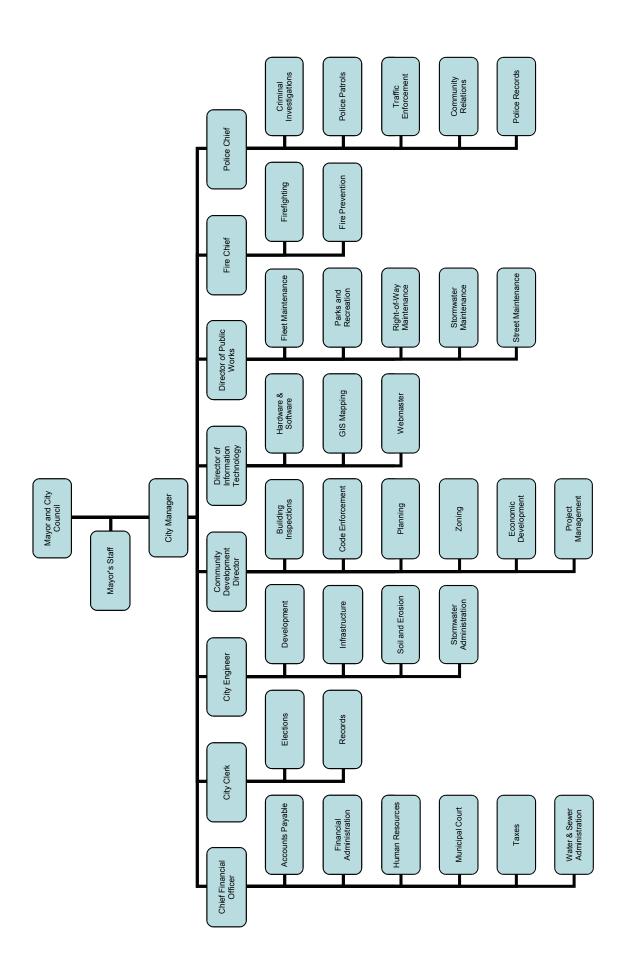
> City Engineer Celia Klardie

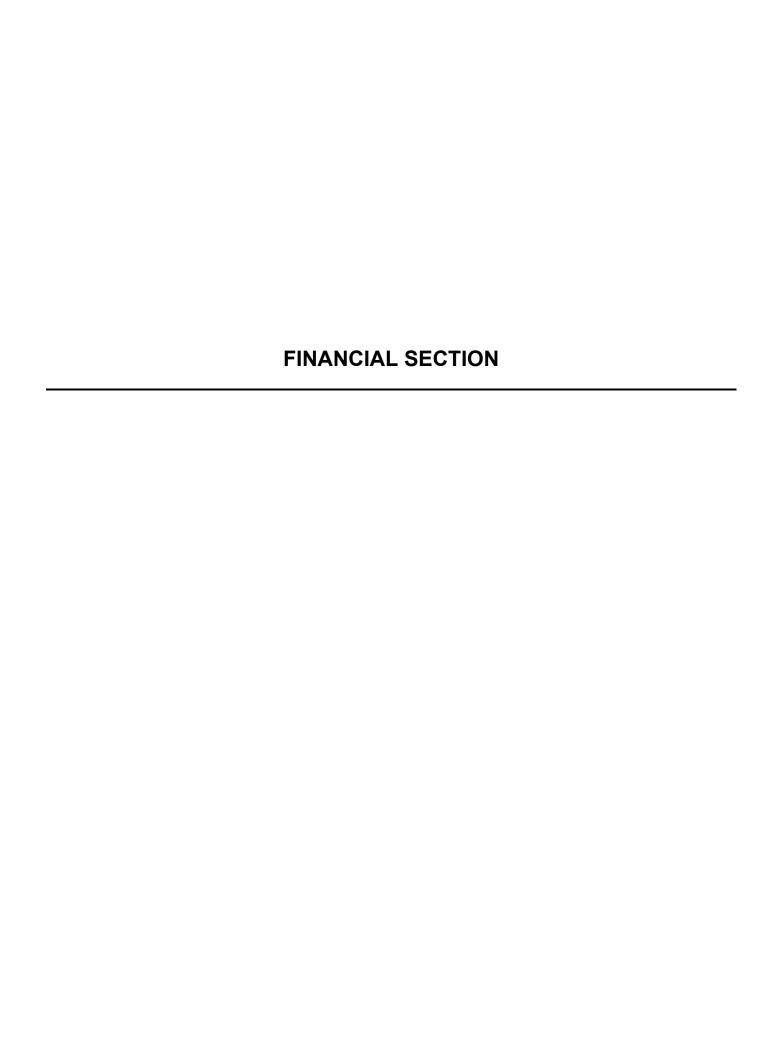
<u>Information Technology Director</u> Camille Wehs

> <u>City Attorney</u> William G. Hasty, Jr.

<u>City Auditors</u>
Mauldin & Jenkins Certified Public Accountants, LLC

City of Canton Organization Chart







INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members
Of City Council
City of Canton, Georgia

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **City of Canton**, **Georgia** as of and for the year ended September 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the City of Canton, Georgia's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Canton, Georgia's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Canton, Georgia as of September 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 23, 2010, on our consideration of the City of Canton, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis, Schedule of Funding Progress and budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund and Building Authority on pages 3 through 11 and 54 through 57, respectively, are not a required part of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Canton, Georgia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedules of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds, as required by the Official Code of Georgia 48-8-21, as listed in the table of contents, is also presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and schedules of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Manddin & Jenlins, LLC

Atlanta, Georgia February 23, 2010

As the management of the City of Canton, we offer readers of the City of Canton's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Canton for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009. The audit is required by Georgia law. A Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities provides a picture about the activities of the City. Financial Fund Statements provide a more detailed view of the City's services and the revenue dedicated to provide them.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for 2009 are as follows:

- The City's combined net assets increased \$8,916,948 (12.41%) to \$80,790,293 from \$71,873,345 in 2008.
- Combined revenue increased \$2,275,680 (8.4%) to \$29,468,303 from \$27,192,623 in 2008, of which governmental activities totaled \$17,828,824 and business-type activities totaled \$11,639,479.
- Overall expenses decreased \$2,055,412 (9.09%) to \$20,551,355 from \$22,606,767 in 2008, of which governmental activities totaled \$13,027,230 and business-type activities totaled \$7,524,125.
- As of September 30, 2009, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,143,018. At September 30, 2009 \$3,909,984 or 94.38% is available for use (unreserved fund balance).

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Canton's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's operations, in a manner similar to private-sector business. All governmental and business-type activities are consolidated to arrive at a total for the primary government.

There are two government-wide statements: 1) The Statement of Net Assets and 2) The Statement of Activities.

The Statement of Net Assets

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will not result in cash flows until future fiscal periods (i.e. uncollected taxes and earned but unused accrued vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include the general government, judicial, public safety, public works, culture and recreation and housing and development. The business-type activities include the water and sanitary sewer system, storm water system and the sanitation service. Component units include legally separate entities that meet the criteria for inclusion in the City's financial statements discussed in the notes to the financial statements note 1A. The City includes two component units in its government-wide financial statements: the Canton Downtown Development Authority and Canton Development Authority.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12 and 13 of this report.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Fund Financial statements begin on page 14 and provide detailed information about the City's funds. Some funds are required to be established by state law and by bond covenants. However, the City establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money.

Governmental Funds

Most of the basic services provided by the City are financed through governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term flows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented in the governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains three governmental fund types: the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and Capital Projects Funds. Only four individual funds are considered to be major funds – the General Fund, Canton Building Authority, Road and Sidewalk Fund and SPLOST V Fund. Data from the other funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 14 through 16 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that operate similar to those of commercial enterprises found in the private sector. The City maintains a Water and Sewer Fund, Stormwater Fund and Sanitation Fund as enterprise funds. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements but in greater detail. The Water and Sewer Fund, Sanitation Fund, and Stormwater Fund are considered to be major funds.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 17 through 20 of this report.

Agency Fund

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee or agency capacity. The City has one agency fund: the Municipal Court Fund.

The Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities can be found on page 21 of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to gain a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to financial statements can be found on pages 22 through 53 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees and budget to actual statements.

The required supplementary information can be found on page 54 through 57 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's combined net assets (government and business-type activities) totaled \$80,790,293 at September 30, 2009.

The City has \$79,989,280 of its net assets invested in capital assets (e.g. land, infrastructure, buildings, equipment, and other), less any related debt outstanding that was needed to build or acquire the assets. The City uses these assets to provide services to the citizens and the businesses in the City; consequently, these net assets are not available for future spending. The city has \$3,415,322 of restricted net assets that are subject to external restrictions, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation on how they can be used. The City has a deficit balance of (\$1,614,309) in unrestricted funds. This means that there are no reserves to fund current operations and all operating expenses have to be met by current revenues.

Condensed Statement of Net Assets

The table below presents the City's condensed Statement of Net Assets as of September 30, 2009:

	Gover	nmental	Business-Type	
	Acti	vities	Activities	Total
	2009	2008	<u>2009</u> <u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u> <u>2008</u>
Current and other assets	\$ 8,209,287	\$ 9,332,573	\$ 1,165,499 \$ 1,236,659	\$ 9,374,786 \$ 10,569,232
Capital assets	64,636,600	62,396,696	66,704,525 64,163,453	131,341,125 126,560,149
Total assets	\$ 72,845,887	\$ 71,729,269	\$ 67,870,024 \$ 65,400,112	<u>\$ 140,715,911</u> <u>\$ 137,129,381</u>
Current liabilities	\$ 5,367,042	\$ 6,263,259	\$ 6,128,760 \$ 6,714,042	\$ 11,495,802 \$ 12,977,301
Non-current liabilities	35,629,810	38,312,280	12,800,006 13,966,455	48,429,816 52,278,735
Total liabilities	40,996,852	44,575,539	18,928,766 20,680,497	59,925,618 65,256,036
Net assets:				
Invested in capital assets,				
net of related debt	26,397,902	22,643,905	52,591,378 49,922,585	78,989,280 72,566,490
Restricted	3,415,322	3,800,560		3,415,322 3,800,560
Unrestricted	2,035,811	709,265	(3,650,120) (5,202,970)	(1,614,309) (4,493,705)
Total net assets	31,849,035 27,153,730		48,941,258 44,719,615	80,790,293 71,873,345
Total liabilities and				
net assets	\$ 72,845,887	\$ 71,729,269	<u>\$ 67,870,024</u> <u>\$ 65,400,112</u>	<u>\$ 140,715,911</u> <u>\$ 137,129,381</u>

As of September 30, 2009 the City of Canton is able to present positive balances in net assets for the governmental and business-type activities.

For the fiscal year ending September 30, 2009, the City's net assets increased \$8,916,948.

Condensed Statement of Activities

The table below presents the City's Condensed Statement of Activities for the year ended September 30, 2009.

Revenues	Governmer	ntal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	To	otal
Program Revenues:	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	2009	2008
Charges for services	\$ 2,084,256	\$ 3,662,682	\$ 9,340,966	\$ 9,301,711	\$ 11,425,222	\$ 12,964,393
Operating grants and						
contributions	74,950	-	-	-	74,950	-
Capital grants and						
contributions	5,242,945	3,135,718	2,296,436	90,917	7,539,381	3,226,635
General Revenues:						
Property taxes	5,045,128	4,937,763	-	-	5,045,128	4,937,763
Other taxes	5,234,350	5,624,472	-	-	5,234,350	5,624,472
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	23,130	-	-	-	23,130
Investment earnings	92,967	300,721	2,077	5,632	95,044	306,353
Other revenues	54,228	109,877			54,228	109,877
Total Revenues	17,828,824	17,794,363	11,639,479	9,398,260	29,468,303	27,192,623
Expenses						
General government	2,205,371	1,999,815	-	-	2,205,371	1,999,815
Judicial	207,879	219,639	-	-	207,879	219,639
Public safety	5,189,142	5,750,262	-	-	5,189,142	5,750,262
Public works	1,888,445	2,804,416	-	-	1,888,445	2,804,416
Culture and recreation	1,151,561	880,616	-	-	1,151,561	880,616
Housing and development	744,870	2,053,150	-	-	744,870	2,053,150
Interest on long-term debt	1,639,962	1,633,240	-	-	1,639,962	1,633,240
Water and sewer	-	-	5,618,888	6,217,761	5,618,888	6,217,761
Stormwater	-	-	842,291	-	842,291	-
Sanitation			1,062,946	1,047,868	1,062,946	1,047,868
Total Expenses	13,027,230	15,341,138	7,524,125	7,265,629	20,551,355	22,606,767
Increase in net assets						
before transfers	4,801,594	2,453,225	4,115,354	2,132,631	8,916,948	4,585,856
Transfers in (out)	(106,289)	(5,246,371)	106,289	5,246,371		
Change in net assets	4,695,305	(2,793,146)	4,221,643	7,379,002	8,916,948	4,585,856
Beginning net assets	27,153,730	29,946,876	44,719,615	37,340,613	71,873,345	67,287,489
Ending net assets	\$ 31,849,035	\$ 27,153,730	\$ 48,941,258	\$ 44,719,615	\$ 80,790,293	\$ 71,873,345

Governmental activities increased the City's net assets by \$4,695,305.

Property tax revenues increased by \$107,365 (2.07%) due to growth in the City. Charges for services decreased (\$1,578,426) (43.1%) due to the slow down in residential construction during the fiscal year. Capital grants and contributions increased \$2,107,227 (67.20%) due to the acceptance of land and infrastructure from the developers of Canton Marketplace. Other taxes decreased \$390,122 (6.94%) primarily due to a reduction in SPLOST revenues.

Public safety expenses decreased \$561,120 (9.76%) primarily due the city-wide reduction in operating expenses in fiscal year 2009. Public works expenses decreased \$915,971 (32.66%) due to the city-wide reduction in operating expenses in fiscal year 2009 as well as a decrease in road and sidewalk projects due to limited funding from the Georgia Department of Transportation.

The City made transfers of \$106,289 from governmental activities to business type activities primarily to cover debt service requirements and expansion requirements.

FUND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financial requirements. In particular, the unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of September 30, 2009, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,143,018. Of this amount \$114,242 is contained in special revenue funds.

Major Governmental Funds

The General Fund is the operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$1,104,520. In 2008 the General Fund had a fund balance of \$94,258. Included in General fund operations were \$453,636 of net transfers to other funds which was comprised of a \$200,000 transfer to the Canton Building Authority and a \$253,636 transfer to the Storm Water Fund.

The Canton Building Authority is a blended component unit classified as a special revenue fund of the City. The Canton Building Authority was formed by act of the Georgia General Assembly to construct and finance major capital projects within the City of Canton. At the end of the current fiscal year, the reserved fund balance of the Canton Building Authority was \$27,212. The net change in the Canton Building Authority's fund balance for the year ended September 30, 2009 was a decrease of \$1,113,170 due to the transfer of bond funds to the Water and Sewer Fund for the continued construction of the Hickory Log Creek Reservoir and ancillary structures.

The Road and Sidewalk Fund is a capital projects fund that accounts for the receipt of funds from the Georgia Department of Transportation and private sector contributions for the construction and improvement of existing city thoroughfares as well as the construction of new roadways in the city. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Road and Sidewalk Fund had a deficit balance of (\$633,756), which means that fiscal year 2010 operations will be funded entirely from 2010 revenues.

The SPLOST V Fund is a capital projects fund of the City. The purpose of this fund is to account for the collection of special purpose local option sales tax (SPLOST) and the construction of approved capital projects and the associated retirement of debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unreserved fund balance of the SPLOST V Fund was \$1,630,546. The net change was a decrease of (\$81,266). The reason for the decrease was that collections of SPLOST decreased during fiscal year 2009 as a direct result of the economic recession.

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the City's collection and disbursement of specific revenues that are legally restricted for specified purposes. The City has three non-major special revenue funds: the Hotel/Motel Tax Fund, Tree City Commission and Urban Redevelopment Agency.

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities that are not financed by proprietary funds. The City has two non-major capital projects funds: the Impact Fee Fund and the SPLOST IV Fund.

Non-major governmental funds revenues totaled \$1,227,647 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2009. Non-major governmental fund expenditures totaled \$1,710,979. Fund balance for all non-major governmental funds was \$1,871,806. Non-major fund balances decreased (\$247,541). Significant changes in non-major fund balances came from the Impact Fee fund which increased only \$73,271 due to the downturn in the economy which resulted in a sharp decrease in residential construction, SPLOST IV which decreased (\$377,243) because SPLOST IV collections ceased in the fall of 2008 and the Urban Redevelopment Agency which increased \$63,132 due to a timing difference between transfers and debt service requirements.

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The City has three enterprise funds, all of which are considered major funds: the Water and Sewer Fund, the Sanitation Fund, and the Stormwater Fund.

The Water and Sewer Fund has net assets of \$47,837,680. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt is \$51,831,955 leaving a deficit balance in unrestricted net assets of (\$3,994,275). The Water and Sewer fund reported net transfers out to governmental funds of \$241,718 in order to meet debt service requirements.

The Sanitation Fund has net assets of \$29,517. The net assets decreased \$4,842 from 2008 due to increased costs associated with residential waste collection.

The Stormwater Fund has net assets of \$1,074,061. This is the first year of reporting the Stormwater Fund.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The City's comparison of actual revenues and expenditures to the adopted budget can be found on pages 55 and 56 of the annual report. Actual revenues were more than budgeted by \$164,273. Actual expenditures exceeded budget in the Mayor's office (\$1,275) because the expenditures for salaries and wages was greater than budgeted. Revenues in the General Fund were made available to cover the deficiency noted above.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The table below represents capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:

		Governmen	ental Activities			Business-Type Activities				Total			
		2009		2008		2009		2008		2009		2008	
Land	\$	12,588,975	\$	9,851,444	\$	4,275,868	\$	588,041	\$	16,864,843	\$	10,439,485	
Construction in Progress		4,031,821		1,375,917		19,049,678		22,122,197		23,081,499		23,498,114	
Site Improvements		-		-		6,506		7,146		6,506		7,146	
Infrastructure		17,833,904		19,530,235		40,823,175		38,735,676		58,657,079		58,265,911	
Buildings and Improvements		27,497,654		28,299,846		2,125,705		2,275,757		29,623,359		30,575,603	
Furniture and Fixtures		87,199		86,146		-		-		87,199		86,146	
Machinery and Equipment		835,111		986,134		423,593		434,636		1,258,704		1,420,770	
Vehicles	_	1,761,936		2,266,974		_		-	_	1,761,936		2,266,974	
Total:	\$	64,636,600	\$	62,396,696	\$	66,704,525	\$	64,163,453	\$	131,341,125	\$	126,560,149	

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities increased in 2009 primarily due to the continued construction of the Hickory Log Creek Raw Water Reservoir and ancillary structures. Refer to Note 6 in the notes to financial statements for more information.

LONG-TERM DEBT

The table below represents long-term debt outstanding:

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-T	ype Activities	To	otal
	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
Bonds Payable	\$ 35,227,006	\$ 37,477,343	\$ 9,102,673	\$ 10,127,834	\$ 44,329,679	\$ 47,605,177
Capital Leases	399,726	610,864	155,449	237,558	555,175	848,422
Notes Payable	2,700,000	2,900,000	4,917,659	4,877,454	7,617,659	7,777,454
Total:	\$ 38,326,732	\$ 40,988,207	\$ 14,175,781	\$ 15,242,846	\$ 52,502,513	\$ 56,231,053

At September 30, 2009, the City reported long-term debt of \$52,502,513 exclusive of interest expense. The City has no general obligation debt at fiscal year end. The City issued notes payable of \$198,495 through the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority for the rehabilitation of water mains along Marietta Road. Refer to Note 8 in the notes to financial statements for more information.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The Mayor and Council in conjunction with the staff of the City of Canton have continued to aggressively address the current and future needs of the City by focusing on sound financial management, the use of current resources for capital expenditures and an extensive budgeting process. The City's General Fund budget for fiscal year 2010 is \$9,545,000. This is a decrease of \$365,295 from the prior year. The budget for fiscal year 2010 decreased from fiscal year 2009 due to the anticipated slow down of the economy and a reduction in budgeted interfund transfers.

The Water and Sewer Fund has a scheduled rate increase in 2010 which will be determined upon the completion of a proposed rate study that will be completed by the summer of 2010. The City typically increases retail water and sewer rates annually to coincide with changes in the consumer price index (cpi). The City has also made plans to increase its water and sewer tap fees during 2010.

The City does not anticipate significant growth in 2010 due to the slow down of the economy. However, the city does anticipate growth in the commercial sector due to the 2009 opening of Canton Marketplace on Exit 19 off I-575. Canton Marketplace features several national big box retailers along with various smaller retailers, restaurants and banks. The addition of this development will continue to increase the tax digest of the city as well as revenues from sales tax and water and sewer fees.

FINANCIAL CONTACT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Canton's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to; Attention: Robert H. Logan, CPA at City of Canton, 151 Elizabeth Street, Canton, GA 30114. Please visit our website at www.canton-georgia.com for additional information.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

		Primary Governme	Component Units			
ASSETS	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Canton Downtown Development Authority	Canton Development Authority	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,028,211	\$ 787,355	\$ 5,815,566	\$ 12,590	\$ -	
Taxes receivable	718,211	-	718,211	-	-	
Other receivables	1,134,489	-	1,134,489	-	-	
Accounts receivable, net of allowances	-	866,810	866,810	-	-	
Due from primary government	-	· -	-	-	100,022	
Due from other governments	25,114	73,151	98,265	-	-	
Internal balances	732,812	(732,812)	-	-	-	
Inventory	-	115,751	115,751	-	-	
Prepaid items	152,452	34,283	186,735	-	-	
Deferred charges, unamortized balance	417,998	20,961	438,959	-	-	
Note receivable from primary government	-	-	-	-	921,029	
Capital assets:						
Non-depreciable	16,620,796	23,325,546	39,946,342	-	-	
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	48,015,804	43,378,979	91,394,783	1,112,057		
Total assets	72,845,887	67,870,024	140,715,911	1,124,647	1,021,051	
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	2,339,019	606,259	2,945,278	1,907	-	
Accrued liabilities	180,085	707,298	887,383	-	100,022	
Unearned revenue	-	3,392,414	3,392,414	-		
Due to component unit	-	100,022	100,022	-		
Compensated absences due within one year	239,050	9,626	248,676	-		
Note payable to component unit, long term	-	921,029	921,029	-		
Capital leases due within one year	135,397	52,654	188,051	-		
Capital leases due in more than one year	264,329	102,795	367,124	-	-	
Notes payable due within one year	300,000	183,997	483,997	-		
Notes payable due in more than one year	2,400,000	3,812,633	6,212,633	-		
Bonds payable due within one year	2,173,491	1,076,490	3,249,981	89,222	-	
Bonds payable due in more than one year	32,965,481	7,963,549	40,929,030	503,473	921,029	
Total liabilities	40,996,852	18,928,766	59,925,618	594,602	1,021,051	
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	26,397,902	52,591,378	78,989,280	519,362	-	
Restricted for capital projects	3,415,322	-	3,415,322	-		
Unrestricted	2,035,811	(3,650,120)	(1,614,309)	10,683		
		\$ 48,941,258	\$ 80,790,293	\$ 530,045		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

					Progra	am Revenues			
					O	perating		Capital	
			(Charges for	G	rants and	Grants and		
Functions/Programs	Expenses			Services	Co	ntributions	Contributions		
Primary government:									
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$	2,205,371	\$	494,699	\$	71,100	\$	-	
Judicial		207,879		973,150		-		-	
Public safety		5,189,142		86,379		-		-	
Public works		1,888,445		365,695		-		5,242,945	
Culture and recreation		1,151,561		95,947		3,850		-	
Housing and development		744,870		68,386		-		_	
Interest on long-term debt		1,639,962		-		-		-	
Total governmental activities		13,027,230		2,084,256		74,950		5,242,945	
Business-type activities:									
Water and sewer		5,618,888		7,335,262		-		1,677,124	
Sanitation		1,062,946		1,058,068		-		-	
Stormwater		842,291		947,636		-		619,312	
Total business-type activities		7,524,125		9,340,966		-		2,296,436	
Total primary government	\$	20,551,355	\$	11,425,222	\$	74,950	\$	7,539,381	
Component units:									
Downtown Development Authority	\$	99,201	\$	30,665	\$	-	\$	115,714	
Canton Development Authority		31,698		-		-		-	
Total component units	\$	130,899	\$	30,665	\$	-	\$	115,714	

General revenues:

Property taxes

Franchise taxes

Alcoholic beverage taxes

Insurance premium taxes

Business occupation taxes

Sales and use taxes

Unrestricted investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net assets

Net assets, beginning of year, as restated

Net assets, end of year

			Net	(Expe	nses) Revenue	s and					
					jes in Net Asse	ts					
		Prima	ary Governmen	ıt			Compo	nent Un			
_		ъ.					owntown	D	Canton		
G	overnmental	В	usiness-type		Tatal		velopment	Development			
	Activities	-	Activities		Total		Authority		Authority		
\$	(1,639,572)	\$	_	\$	(1,639,572)	\$	_	\$	_		
*	765,271	*	_	•	765,271	•	_	•	_		
	(5,102,763)		_		(5,102,763)		_		_		
	3,720,195		_		3,720,195		_		_		
	(1,051,764)		_		(1,051,764)		_		_		
	(676,484)		_		(676,484)		_		_		
	(1,639,962)		_		(1,639,962)		_		_		
_	(5,625,079)				(5,625,079)						
	(0,020,019)				(0,020,010)						
	-		3,393,498		3,393,498		-		-		
	-		(4,878)		(4,878)		-		-		
			724,657		724,657		<u>-</u>		-		
	-		4,113,277		4,113,277				-		
	(5,625,079)	_	4,113,277		(1,511,802)				-		
							47,178				
			_				47,170		(31,698)		
\$		\$		\$		\$	47,178	\$	(31,698)		
Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	47,170	Ψ	(31,030)		
\$	5,045,128	\$	-	\$	5,045,128	\$	-	\$	-		
	1,489,987		-		1,489,987		-		_		
	476,441		-		476,441		-		_		
	431,459		-		431,459		-		_		
	853,942		-		853,942		_		-		
	1,982,521		-		1,982,521		_		-		
	92,967		2,077		95,044		16		31,698		
	54,228		-		54,228		-		_		
	(106,289)		106,289		· -		-		_		
	10,320,384		108,366		10,428,750		16		31,698		
	4,695,305		4,221,643		8,916,948		47,194		-		
	27,153,730		44,719,615		71,873,345		482,851		-		
\$	31,849,035	\$	48,941,258	\$	80,790,293	\$	530,045	\$	_		

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

ASSETS		General Fund		Building Authority		Road & Sidewalk		SPLOST V		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	531,254	\$	-	\$	1,315,399	\$	1,275,942	\$	1,905,616	\$	5,028,211	
Taxes receivable		281,486		-		-		422,258		14,467		718,211	
Other receivables		1,134,489		-		-		-		-		1,134,489	
Due from other governments		25,114		-		-		-		-		25,114	
Due from other funds		843,711		-		-		-		-		843,711	
Prepaid expenditures		142,690		27,212						63,132		233,034	
Total assets	\$	2,958,744	\$	27,212	\$	1,315,399	\$	1,698,200	\$	1,983,215	\$	7,982,770	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES													
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$	350,251	\$	-	\$	1,949,155	\$	-	\$	39,613	\$	2,339,019	
Accrued liabilities Deferred revenues		77,919 1,243,560		-		-		67,654		701		77,919 1,311,915	
Due to other funds		39,804		-		-		-		71,095		110,899	
Total liabilities		1,711,534		-		1,949,155		67,654		111,409		3,839,752	
FUND BALANCES Fund balances: Reserved for: Prepaid expenditures		142,690		27.212		_		_		63,132		233,034	
Unreserved, reported in:		2,000		,						00,.02		200,00	
General fund		1,104,520		-		-		-		-		1,104,520	
Special revenue funds		-		-		(022.750)		4 620 546		23,898		23,898	
Capital projects funds						(633,756)		1,630,546		1,784,776		2,781,566	
Total fund balances		1,247,210		27,212		(633,756)		1,630,546		1,871,806		4,143,018	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,958,744	\$	27,212	\$	1,315,399	\$	1,698,200	\$	1,983,215			
Amounts reported for gover					sets ar	e different becau	se:						
Capital assets used in resources and, therefore Some outlays of financi	ore, are	not reported i	n the fun	ds.	s in the	funds,						64,636,600	
as the liabilities are no Some receivables are r	t due a	and payable in	the curre	ent period.		·						(80,582)	
expenditures and, the Long-term liabilities are	,				ınd,							1,311,915	
therefore are not repo												(38,161,916)	
Net assets of governme											\$		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

	General Fund	Building Authority	Road & Sidewalk	SPLOST V	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 7,980,073	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,123,771	\$ 167,644	\$ 10,271,488	
Licenses and permits	485,694	-	· -	-	-	485,694	
Intergovernmental	· -	-	-	-	472,990	472,990	
Fines and forfeitures	984,754	_	_	_	-	984,754	
Charges for services	73,373	-	-	_	552,039	625,412	
Interest income	459	805	31,345	29,234	31,124	92,967	
Contributions and donations	71,100	-	67,563	-	-	138,663	
Miscellaneous	75,875	_	_	_	3,850	79,725	
Total revenues	9,671,328	805	98,908	2,153,005	1,227,647	13,151,693	
Expenditures							
Current:							
General government	1,325,694	40	-	10	22,470	1,348,214	
Judicial	206,466	-	-	-	-	206,466	
Public safety	4,747,256	-	-	-	-	4,747,256	
Public works	821,866	-	-	-	-	821,866	
Culture and recreation	295,530	-	-	297	121,781	417,608	
Housing and development	658,490	-	-	-	61,863	720,353	
Capital outlay	-	-	192,410	38,965	556,225	787,600	
Debt service:							
Principal retirements	38,122	1,736,446	-	-	806,325	2,580,893	
Interest and fiscal charges	10,231	1,441,889	-	-	142,315	1,594,435	
Total expenditures	8,103,655	3,178,375	192,410	39,272	1,710,979	13,224,691	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	1,567,673	(3,177,570)	(93,502)	2,113,733	(483,332)	(72,998)	
Other financing sources (uses):							
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	38,915	_	_	_	_	38,915	
Transfers in	-	3,205,547	242,155	62,103	1,055,705	4,565,510	
Transfers out	(453,636)	(1,141,147)	-	(2,257,102)	(819,914)	(4,671,799)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(414,721)	2,064,400	242,155	(2,194,999)	235,791	(67,374)	
Net change in fund balances	1,152,952	(1,113,170)	148,653	(81,266)	(247,541)	(140,372)	
Fund balances, beginning							
of year	94,258	1,140,382	(782,409)	1,711,812	2,119,347	4,283,390	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,247,210	\$ 27,212	\$ (633,756)	\$ 1,630,546	\$ 1,871,806	\$ 4,143,018	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (140,372)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period.	(1,742,149)
The net effect of various miscellaous transactions involved capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to increase net assets.	3,982,053
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	(25,261)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when the debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	2,530,659
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	 90,375
Change in net assets - governmental activities	\$ 4,695,305

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
ASSETS	Water and Sewer Fund	Sanitation Fund	Stormwater Fund	Totals				
CURRENT ASSETS								
Cash	\$ 652,323	\$ 21,097	\$ 113,935	\$ 787,355				
Accounts receivable, net of allowanc	651,891	109,033	105,886	866,810				
Intergovernmental receivabl Prepaid items	73,151 25,467	2,847	5,969	73,151 34,283				
Inventory	25,467 115,751	2,047	5,969	115,751				
Due from other funds	-	84,188	128,243	212,431				
Total current assets	1,518,583	217,165	354,033	2,089,781				
CAPITAL ASSETS				'				
Nondepreciable	23,325,546	_	_	23,325,546				
Depreciable assets	55,907,378	1,460	974,124	56,882,962				
•	79,232,924	1,460	974,124	80,208,508				
Accumulated depreciation	(13,443,271)	(1,460)	(59,252)	(13,503,983)				
	65,789,653	-	914,872	66,704,525				
OTHER NONCURRENT ASSETS	20,961			20,961				
Total noncurrent assets	65,810,614		914,872	66,725,486				
Total assets	67,329,197	217,165	1,268,905	68,815,267				
LIABILITIES								
CURRENT LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	490,452	86,018	29,789	606,259				
Accrued liabilities	124,537	3,311	4,838	132,686				
Compensated absences payable	5,156	1,452	3,018	9,626				
Due to other funds	943,647	-	1,596	945,243				
Due to component unit	100,022	-	-	100,022				
Unearned revenue	3,392,414	-	-	3,392,414				
Customer deposits payable	477,591	96,867	154	574,612				
Capital lease, current	-	-	52,654	52,654				
Note payable, current	183,997	-	-	183,997				
Bonds payable, current	1,076,490			1,076,490				
Total current liabilities	6,794,306	187,648	92,049	7,074,003				
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES								
Capital lease	-	-	102,795	102,795				
Note payable due to component unit	921,029	-	-	921,029				
Note payable	3,812,633	-	-	3,812,633				
Bonds payable	7,963,549			7,963,549				
Total noncurrent liabilities	12,697,211	<u> </u>	102,795	12,800,006				
Total liabilities	19,491,517	187,648	194,844	19,874,009				
NET ASSETS								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	51,831,955	-	759,423	52,591,378				
Unrestricted	(3,994,275)	29,517	314,638	(3,650,120)				
Total net assets	\$ 47,837,680	\$ 29,517	\$ 1,074,061	\$ 48,941,258				

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

		Busi	ness-type Activit	ies - Enterprise Fun	ds	
	Water and Sewer Fund		Sanitation Fund	Stormwater Fund	Totals	
OPERATING REVENUE Water fees	\$ 3,070,15	7 \$	_	\$ -	\$ 3,070,15	
Sewer fees	4,125,93		-	Ψ -	4,125,93	
Stormwater fees	.,0,00	-	_	947,385	947,38	
Sanitation fees		-	1,045,531	, <u> </u>	1,045,53	
Miscellaneous	139,17	2	12,537	251	151,96	
Total operating revenues	7,335,26	2	1,058,068	947,636	9,340,96	
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Cost of sales and services	3,628,70		1,062,946	774,472	5,466,12	
Depreciation and amortizatio	1,282,20	4		59,252	1,341,45	
Total operating expenses	4,910,91	3	1,062,946	833,724	6,807,58	
Operating income (loss)	2,424,34	9	(4,878)	113,912	2,533,38	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Interest income	64		36	1,397	2,07	
Interest expense	(707,97	(5)		(8,567)	(716,54	
Total non-operating expenses	(707,33	1)	36	(7,170)	(714,46	
Income (loss) before capital						
contributions and transfers	1,717,01	8	(4,842)	106,742	1,818,91	
Captial contributions	1,677,12	4	-	619,312	2,296,43	
Transfers in	1,141,14	7	-	348,007	1,489,15	
Transfers out	(1,382,86	5)			(1,382,86	
	1,435,40	6		967,319	2,402,72	
Change in net assets	3,152,42	4	(4,842)	1,074,061	4,221,64	
Total net assets, beginning (as restated)	44,685,25	6	34,359		44,719,6	
Total net assets, ending	\$ 47,837,68	<u>\$0</u> \$	29,517	\$ 1,074,061	\$ 48,941,25	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
	Water and Sewer Fund	Sanitation Fund	Stormwater Fund	Totals			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$ 7,419,054 (3,169,623) (309,013)	\$ 1,117,470 (1,043,476) (52,933)	\$ 841,750 (564,909) (304,380)	\$ 9,378,274 (4,778,008) (666,326)			
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	3,940,418	21,061	(27,539)	3,933,940			
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers in from other funds Transfers out to other funds	1,141,147 (1,315,868)		281,010	1,422,157 (1,315,868)			
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital financing activities	(174,721)		281,010	106,289			
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATEL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from notes payable Principal payments on capital lease Principal payments on notes payable Principal payments on bonds payable Interest paid Purchases of capital assets Receipt of intergovernmental grants	198,495 (158,290) (1,025,161) (676,310) (3,189,617) 1,677,124	- - - - - -	(82,109) - - (8,567) (50,257)	198,495 (82,109) (158,290) (1,025,161) (684,877) (3,239,874) 1,677,124			
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(3,173,759)		(140,933)	(3,314,692)			
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received	644	36_	1,397	2,077			
Net cash provided by investing activities	644	36	1,397	2,077			
Net increase in cash Cash, beginning of year	592,582 59,741	21,097	113,935	727,614 59,741			
Cash, end of year	\$ 652,323	\$ 21,097	\$ 113,935	\$ 787,355			

Continued

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
	Water and Sewer Fund			Sanitation Stormwater Fund Fund		Totals		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		_						_
Operating income (loss)	\$	2,424,349	\$	(4,878)	\$	113,912	\$	2,533,383
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)								
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Depreciation and amortization		1,282,204		-		59,252		1,341,456
Change in assets and liabilities:								
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable		45,668		59,402		(105,886)		(816)
Increase in due from other funds		-		(29,992)		(128,243)		(158,235)
Decrease in due from other governments		77,874		-		-		77,874
Decrease (increase) in prepaids		9,202		(2,847)		(5,969)		386
Decrease in inventory		31,290		-		-		31,290
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(632,515)		12,316		29,789		(590,410)
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		(94,016)		(14,412)		4,838		(103,590)
Increase in due to other funds		841,686		-		1,596		843,282
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences payable		(5,547)		437		3,018		(2,092)
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits payable		(27)		1,035		154		1,162
Decrease in unearned revenue		(39,750)		-				(39,750)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	3,940,418	\$	21,061	\$	(27,539)	\$	3,933,940
NONCASH CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Developer capital asset donations	\$	1,589,327	\$		\$	619,312	\$	2,208,639

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

ASSETS	Municipal Court Fund			
Cash	\$	86,961		
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	86,961		
LIABILITIES				
Due to others	\$	86,961		
Total liabilities	\$	86,961		

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Canton, Georgia (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The City operates under a council/manager form of government and provides the following services to its citizens: public safety, public works, parks and recreation, public improvements, and general and administrative services.

The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

Discretely Presented Component Units

The Canton Downtown Development Authority (the "CDDA") is shown as a discretely presented component unit in the accompanying financial statements. The purpose of the CDDA is to promote business and commerce within the central business district of the City. The City appoints all members to the CDDA's board and the City is financially responsible for the payment of the debt issued by the CDDA. Financial information with regard to the CDDA can be obtained from Canton City Hall. Separate financial statements for the Canton Downtown Development Authority are not prepared.

The Canton Development Authority (the "CDA") is shown as a discretely presented component unit in the accompanying financial statements. The purpose of the CDA is to promote business and commerce within the corporate limits of the City. The City appoints all members to the CDA's board and the City is financially responsible for the payment of the debt issued by the CDA. The only balance sheet items of the CDA consist of bonds payable and the corresponding financing lease receivable, with the only activity being the accrued interest income and expenses related to these balances. Because none of these balances would be reported under the modified accrual basis of accounting, fund level financial statements have not been prepared for the CDA. Financial information with regard to the CDA can be obtained from Canton City Hall. Separate financial statements for the Canton Development Authority are not prepared.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Blended Component Units

The Canton Tree City Commission (the "Commission") is shown as a blended component unit in the accompanying financial statements and reported as a special revenue fund. The purpose of the Commission is to promote the beautification of the City's parks and roadways through preservation of the City's trees. The City appoints all members to the Commission's board.

The Canton Building Authority (the "Authority") is shown as a blended component unit in the accompanying financial statements and reported as a special revenue fund. The purpose of the Authority is to finance the construction of new facilities for the City of Canton, within the City limits. The City appoints all members to the Authority's board and is financially responsible for the repayment of all debt for the Authority.

The Urban Redevelopment Agency (the "URA") is shown as a blended component unit in the accompanying financial statements and reported as a special revenue fund. The purpose of the URA is to secure financing to revitalize City of Canton assets, specifically within the downtown areas of the City suffering from urban blight. The City appoints all members to the URA's board and is financially responsible for the repayment of all debt for the URA.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. (For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements). Government-wide financial statements do not provide information by fund, but distinguish between the City's governmental activities and business-type activities. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from discretely presented component units. The statement of net assets will include non-current assets and non-current liabilities. In addition, the government-wide statement of activities reflects depreciation expense on the City's capital assets.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not considered program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Agency funds have no measurement focus; however, they use the accrual basis of accounting to recognize assets and liabilities. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to accounting. compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, fines and forfeitures, intergovernmental grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 33, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Transactions," the corresponding assets (receivables) in non-exchange transactions are recognized in the period in which the underlying exchange occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, when all eligibility requirements have been met, or when resources are received, depending on the revenue source.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The **Canton Building Authority** accounts for the financing and the construction of various buildings and infrastructure assets on behalf of the City.

The **Road and Sidewalk Fund** accounts for the receipt of capital grants used in the construction of the road and sidewalk infrastructure of the City.

The **SPLOST V Fund** accounts for the receipt and disbursement of special purpose local option sales tax (SPLOST) funds.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water and Sewer Fund accounts for the activity of the City's utility system.

The **Sanitation Fund** accounts for the collection of fees for garbage collection and related expenses.

The **Stormwater Fund** accounts for the collection of fees for and the expenses related to maintaining the City's stormwater infrastructure.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The City also reports the following fund types:

Agency funds are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting, and are used to account for funds that the City holds for others in an agency capacity, including municipal court bonds.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges for goods and services provided. Operating expenses of the enterprise funds include the cost of these goods and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Budgets

Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for all funds, except capital project funds, which have project length budgets. The budgets for the proprietary funds are for management control purposes and are not required to be reported. Budgets are adopted on a modified accrual basis, which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for governmental funds. All appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. Encumbrance accounting - under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation - is not employed by the City.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Deposits and Investments

Georgia statutes authorize the City to invest in the following: (1) obligations of Georgia or any other state; (2) obligations of the United States; (3) obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the United States government or one of its agencies; (4) obligations of any corporation of the United States government; (5) prime bankers' acceptances; (6) the State of Georgia local government investment pool; (7) repurchase agreements; and (8) obligations of any other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia. Any investment or deposit in excess of the federal depository insured amounts must be collateralized by an equivalent amount of state or U.S. obligations. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of less than 90 days are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices.

F. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year as well as all other outstanding balances between funds is reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Customer accounts receivable include billed but uncollected amounts and unbilled receivables based upon a pro rata amount of subsequent monthly billings. Allowances for doubtful accounts are maintained based on historical results adjusted to reflect current conditions.

G. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an asset at the time the individual item is purchased. Inventories reported in the governmental funds are equally offset by a fund balance reserve, which indicates that they do not constitute "available, spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets.

H. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond September 30, 2009, are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Infrastructure (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) prior to October 1, 2003 have not been reported.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Infrastructure	10-50
Buildings and improvements	10-50
Site improvements	10-20
Furniture & fixtures	5-20
Vehicles	5-15
Machinery and equipment	5-20

J. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for non-vesting accumulated rights to receive sick pay benefits since the City does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the City. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

K. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable discount or premium. Issuance costs are reported as deferred charges.

Proprietary fund type loans payable are reported as liabilities at their outstanding value. Loan issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the loan using the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued and related premiums or discounts as other financing sources and bond issuance costs as expenditures.

L. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

M. Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance – total governmental funds* and *net assets – governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$38,161,916 difference are as follows:

Notes payable	\$ (2,700,000)
Capital leases payable	(399,726)
Bonds payable	(35,227,006)
Bond issuance costs	417,998
Unamortized discount	88,034
Accrued interest payable	(102,166)
Compensated absences	 (239,050)
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance - total governmental funds	
to arrive at net assets - governmental activities	\$ (38,161,916)

B. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds* and *changes in net assets of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$1,742,149 difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$ 829,658
Depreciation expense	 (2,571,807)
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances - total	
governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of	
governmental activities	\$ (1,742,149)

NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

governmental activities

B. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities (Continued)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to increase net asset." The details of this \$3,982,053 difference are as follows:

In the statement of activities, only the gain or loss on the sale of capital assets is reported. However, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance by the net book value of the capital assets sold.

Donations of capital assets increase net assets in the statement of activities, but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not financial resources.

Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of

Another element of that reconciliation explains that "The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets." The details of this \$2,530,659 difference are as follows:

3,982,053

Amortization of discount, issuance costs and deferred charges	\$ (50,234)
Principal payment on bonds payable	2,169,755
Principal payment on notes payable	200,000
Principal payment on capital leases	211,138
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances - total	
governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of	
governmental activities	\$ 2,530,659

NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

B. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities (Continued)

Another element of that reconciliation explains that "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this \$90,375 difference are as follows:

Compensated absences	\$ 85,668
Accrued interest	4,707
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances - total	
governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of	
governmental activities	\$ 90,375

NOTE 3. LEGAL COMPLIANCE - BUDGETS

The City of Canton, Georgia employs the following procedures in establishing its annual budget:

- 1. The Chief Financial Officer of the City submits a proposed operating budget to the City Finance Committee, who in turn present to the full City Council. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means for financing them.
- Prior to any action by the Council, the City publishes the proposed budget in the official legal organ, other community newspapers and makes copies available to the residents of the City.
- 3. Public meetings are held to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 4. The budget is then legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the City Council.
- 5. Budgetary control is exercised at the department level. The Chief Financial Officer is authorized to transfer budget amounts within a department; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of a department require a budget amendment by the City Council. The City did not significantly amend the budgets for any of its funds during the year ended September 30, 2009.

NOTE 3. LEGAL COMPLIANCE - BUDGETS (Continued)

The following funds and General Fund departments had excesses of actual expenditures over appropriations for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009:

Tree City Commission	\$ 342
Hotel/Motel Tax Fund	5,782
General Fund departments:	
Mayor	1,275

These over expenditures were funded by greater than anticipated revenues and by available fund balance.

NOTE 4. DEPOSITS

Total deposits as of September 30, 2009 are summarized as follows:

Statement of Net Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets:	\$	5,815,566
Cash - Agency fund		86,961
	\$	5,902,527
Cash deposited with financial institutions	\$ \$	5,902,527 5,902,527

NOTE 4. DEPOSITS (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits: Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes, and City policy, require all deposits and investments (other than federal or state government instruments) to be collateralized by depository insurance, obligations of the U.S. government, or bonds of public authorities, counties, or municipalities. As of September 30, 2009, the City's bank balances were collateralized and secured in accordance with State law.

NOTE 5. RECEIVABLES

Property taxes are levied on property values assessed as of January 1. The tax bills are levied on October 1. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual due date is December 20. After these dates, the bill becomes delinquent and penalties and interest may be assessed by the City. Property taxes are recorded as receivables and deferred revenues when levied. Revenues are recognized when available.

Receivables at September 30, 2009, for the City's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

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	General	S	PLOST V	Water & Sewer	Si	anitation	Sto	ormwater	No	Other onmajor Funds
Receivables:										
Taxes	\$ 281,486	\$	422,258	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14,467
Accounts	-		-	974,568		158,344		128,069		-
Due from other										
governments	25,114		-	73,151		-		-		-
Other	1,339,659		-	-		-		-		-
Less allowance										
for uncollectible	(205,170)		-	(322,677)		(49,311)		(22,183)		-
Net total receivable	\$ 1,441,089	\$	422,258	\$ 725,042	\$	109,033	\$	105,886	\$	14,467

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009, is as follows:

	Beginning							Ending		
		Balance		Increases	_	Decreases	 Transfers	 Balance		
Governmental activities:										
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$	9,851,444 1,375,917	\$	2,737,531 2,713,496	\$	- -	\$ - (57,592)	\$ 12,588,975 4,031,821		
Total		11,227,361		5,451,027		-	(57,592)	16,620,796		
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements		30,635,103		73,965		-	-	30,709,068		
Infrastructure		23,261,232		-		(755,385)	57,592	22,563,439		
Furniture and fixtures		250,653		_		(101,210)	-	149,443		
Machinery and equipment		3,796,766		7,058		(1,833,299)	-	1,970,525		
Vehicles		5,201,108		-		(1,038,100)	-	4,163,008		
Total		63,144,862		81,023		(3,727,994)	57,592	59,555,483		
Less accumulated depreciation for:		(0.005.057)		(070.457)				(0.044.444)		
Buildings and improvements		(2,335,257)		(876,157)		-	-	(3,211,414)		
Infrastructure		(3,730,997)		(1,134,611)		136,073	=	(4,729,535)		
Furniture and fixtures		(164,507)		-		102,263	-	(62,244)		
Machinery and equipment		(2,810,632)		(158,081)		1,833,299	-	(1,135,414)		
Vehicles		(2,934,134)		(402,958)		936,020	-	(2,401,072)		
Total		(11,975,527)		(2,571,807)		3,007,655		(11,539,679)		
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		51,169,335		(2,490,784)		(720,339)	57,592_	48,015,804		
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	62,396,696	\$	2,960,243	\$	(720,339)	\$ -	\$ 64,636,600		

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

	Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Transfers		 Ending Balance
Business-type activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated:									
Construction in progress	\$	22,122,197	\$	2,971,166	\$	=	\$	(6,043,685)	\$ 19,049,678
Land		588,041		205,754				3,482,073	 4,275,868
Total		22,710,238		3,176,920		-		(2,561,612)	23,325,546
Capital assets, being depreciated:									
Site improvements		9,600		-		-		-	9,600
Infrastructure		47,886,831		632,009		-		2,561,612	51,080,452
Buildings and improvements		4,285,492		-		-		-	4,285,492
Machinery, equipment and vehicles		1,658,806		354,812		(506,200)		-	1,507,418
Total		53,840,729		986,821		(506,200)		2,561,612	56,882,962
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Site improvements		(2,454)		(640)		-		-	(3,094)
Infrastructure		(9,151,155)		(1,106,122)		-		-	(10,257,277)
Buildings and improvements		(2,009,735)		(150,052)		-		-	(2,159,787)
Machinery, equipment and vehicles		(1,224,170)		(61,300)		201,645		-	 (1,083,825)
Total		(12,387,514)		(1,318,114)		201,645		-	(13,503,983)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		41,453,215		(331,293)		(304,555)		2,561,612	43,378,979
,		.,,		(331,=30)		(223,230)		_,, <u>-</u>	 , , 0
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	64,163,453	\$	2,845,627	\$	(304,555)	\$		\$ 66,704,525

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	189,372
Public safety		496,247
Public works		1,087,044
Culture and recreation		772,478
Housing and development		26,666
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$	2,571,807
Business-type activities:		
Water and sewer	\$	1,258,862
Stormwater	-	59,252
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$	1,318,114

Canton Downtown Development Authority

	Beginning Balance		lı	ncreases	Decr	eases	Ending Balance		
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings	\$	1,366,304	\$	-	\$	_	\$	1,366,304	
Furniture and fixtures Total		68,839 1,435,143		-		<u>-</u>		68,839 1,435,143	
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Furniture and fixtures Total		(227,717) (66,838) (294,555)		(27,326) (1,205) (28,531)		- - -		(255,043) (68,043) (323,086)	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		1,140,588		(28,531)		-		1,112,057	
Total capital assets, net	\$	1,140,588	\$	(28,531)	\$		\$	1,112,057	

NOTE 7. SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS

The City paid off a tax anticipation note for operating purposes of \$1,000,000 at a local financial institution. The borrowing, with an interest rate of 4.00%, matured on December 31, 2008. As of September 30, 2009, the principal was paid in full.

Total short-term borrowings interest incurred and expensed for the period ended September 30, 2009, was \$6,254.

The following is a summary of the tax anticipation note payable for the period ended September 30, 2009:

	Beginning						Ending	
	Balance	Balance Additions				Reductions	Balance	
Tax anticipation note	\$		\$	1,000,000	\$	(1,000,000)	\$	_

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT

Primary Government

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2009, was as follows:

	Beginning				Ending		Due Within
	 Balance	alance Addition		 Reductions	 Balance	One Year	
Governmental activities:							
Governmental bonds	\$ 37,477,343	\$	-	\$ (2,250,337)	\$ 35,227,006	\$	2,173,491
Less discounts	 (95,034)		-	 7,000	 (88,034)		
Total bonds payable	 37,382,309		-	 (2,243,337)	35,138,972		
Capital leases	610,864		-	(211,138)	399,726		135,397
Notes payable	2,900,000		-	(200,000)	2,700,000		300,000
Compensated absences	 324,718		232,503	 (318,171)	239,050		239,050
Governmental activities:							
Long-term liabilities	\$ 41,217,891	\$	232,503	\$ (2,972,646)	\$ 38,477,748	\$	2,847,938

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	 Balance	 One Year
Business-type activities:					
Revenue bonds	\$ 10,127,834	\$ -	\$ (1,025,161)	\$ 9,102,673	\$ 1,076,490
Less discounts	(80,949)		18,315	(62,634)	
	10,046,885	-	(1,006,846)	9,040,039	
Capital lease	237,558	-	(82,109)	155,449	52,654
Notes payable	3,956,425	198,495	(158,290)	3,996,630	183,997
Note payable - component unit	921,029	-	-	921,029	-
Compensated absences	11,718	13,243	(15,335)	9,626	 9,626
Business-type activities:		_	_	_	
Long-term liabilities	\$ 15,173,615	\$ 211,738	\$ (1,262,580)	\$ 14,122,773	\$ 1,322,767

For governmental funds, compensated absences are liquidated by the General Fund. For business-type activities, compensated absences are liquidated by the Water and Sewer Fund, the Sanitation Fund, and the Stormwater Fund.

Capital Leases - Vehicles. The City has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of a fire truck, a street sweeper, a vacuum truck and various police vehicles. The lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes (titles transfer at the end of the lease terms) and, therefore, have been recorded at the present values of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inceptions. As of September 30, 2009, the City had \$910,703 of machinery and equipment under capital leases.

The City's total capital lease debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

		ernmental ctivities	iness-type ctivities
Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	·	_	
2010	\$	148,136	\$ 57,609
2011		80,968	31,487
2012		81,004	31,502
2013		81,043	31,517
2014		40,537	 15,764
Total minimum lease payments	·	431,688	167,879
Less amount representing interest		31,962	 12,430
Present value of future minimum lease payments	\$	399,726	\$ 155,449

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Note Payable – Laurel Canyon. In February 2005 the City entered into a sales agreement to purchase a local golf course in the City limits. The City agreed to pay a \$3,000,000 note for the acceptance of the golf course. Upon completion of the golf course the operations of the course would be leased out to the developer. The City was to begin repayment of the note once the construction was complete. The first payment on the note was due within six months of the opening day of the course and then due each anniversary of opening day until the maturity on October 24, 2017. The note is a non-interest bearing note and debt service requirements are as follows:

	P	rincipal
Fiscal Year Ending September 30,		
2010	\$	300,000
2011		300,000
2012		300,000
2013		300,000
2014		300,000
2015-2018		1,200,000
Total payments	\$	2,700,000

Governmental Bonds – CBA. The series 2003 bonds were originally issued by the Canton Building Authority for \$2,950,000. The bonds were issued with a 3.70% interest rate and are due in monthly installments of \$29,533 through January 1, 2014. The proceeds were used to acquire property for the new community center facility and to acquire a new city hall facility.

The series 2004 bonds issued by the Canton Building Authority were originally issued for \$8,000,000, with an interest rate of 4.27%. The bonds were due in monthly installments of \$59,700, maturing on December 15, 2019. This proceeds were used to construct a new community center facility.

The series 2005 bonds issued by the Canton Building Authority were originally issued for \$19,180,000. The 2005 bonds had two parts, a \$13,530,000 serial bond with an interest rate of 4.036% and \$5,650,000 with an interest rate of 4.5%. The bonds were due annually, maturing on September 1, 2030. The proceeds were used for various infrastructure improvements and water and sewer system upgrades.

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

The series 2007 bonds issued by the Canton Building Authority were originally issued for \$7,860,000, with an interest rate of 4.86%. The bonds are due in monthly installments of \$51,267, maturing on November 15, 2027. The proceeds were used for various system improvement projects on the City's water and sewer infrastructure.

Governmental Bonds – URA. The series 2005 bonds were originally issued by the Urban Redevelopment Agency for \$2,500,000. The bonds were issued with a 3.45% rate and are due in monthly installments of \$33,562 through March 1, 2012. The proceeds were used for renovating the new city hall facility.

The series 2006 bonds issued by the Urban Redevelopment Agency were originally issued for \$2,928,062 with a 3.95% interest rate. The bonds are due in monthly installments of \$29,569, maturing on January 1, 2016. The proceeds were used to complete the renovation of the new city hall facility.

Governmental bonds currently outstanding mature as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	 -		
2010	\$ 2,173,491	\$ 1,468,636	\$ 3,642,127
2011	2,343,284	1,394,485	3,737,769
2012	2,237,405	1,300,543	3,537,948
2013	2,122,790	1,213,561	3,336,351
2014	1,921,651	1,130,659	3,052,310
2015-2019	9,137,038	4,493,098	13,630,136
2020-2024	6,850,690	2,787,248	9,637,938
2025-2029	7,212,250	1,171,654	8,383,904
2030-2033	1,228,407	56,943	1,285,350
Total	\$ 35,227,006	\$ 15,016,827	\$ 50,243,833

Revenue Bonds – Water & Sewer fund. The Water and Sewer fund of the City has four series of bonds currently outstanding, 1996A, 1996B, 1997A and a 2002 series, which are as follows:

The 1996A bonds were originally issued for \$5,607,000 with an interest rate of 4.875%. The bonds are due in monthly installments of \$46,053, maturing on June 1, 2010. The proceeds from the bond were used for upgrades to the City's water lines.

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

The 1996B bonds were originally issued for \$3,293,000 with an interest rate of 5.87%. The bonds are interest only bonds through June 1, 2010 with monthly installments of \$16,332 through June 1, 2010 and installments of \$54,508 thereafter, until maturity on June 1, 2016. The proceeds from the bond were used for upgrades to the City's water lines.

The 1997A bonds were originally issued for \$721,000 with an interest rate of 6.45%. The bonds are interest only bonds through June 1, 2010 with monthly installments of \$3,929 through June 1, 2010 and installments of \$12,136 thereafter, until maturity on June 1, 2016. The proceeds from the bond were used for upgrades to the City's water lines.

The 2002 bonds were originally issued for \$7,500,000 with an interest rate of 4.02%. The bonds are due in monthly installments of \$55,779, maturing on January 1, 2018. The proceeds from the bond were used for increasing the capacity of the City's water pollution control plant.

Revenue bonds currently outstanding mature as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
Fiscal Year Ending September 30,			
2010	\$ 1,076,490	\$ 425,555	\$ 1,502,045
2011	1,097,468	369,225	1,466,693
2012	1,154,009	312,681	1,466,690
2013	1,214,535	252,988	1,467,523
2014	1,277,559	190,418	1,467,977
2015-2018	3,282,612	 199,407	3,482,019
Total	\$ 9,102,673	\$ 1,750,274	\$ 10,852,947

Notes Payable - GEFA. The City has also incurred debt to the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority for construction of various water and sewer system projects. These notes, including their original balances, are as follows at September 30, 2009:

Interest Rate	Term	Due Date	<u>Ori</u>	ginal Balance
4.45%	20 years	2023	\$	2,480,833
3.82%	20 years	2026		455,306
3.98%	20 years	2029		1,677,440
			\$	4,613,579

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

The City's notes payable debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Principal	I	nterest	Total	
Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	 				
2010	\$ 183,997	\$	137,610	\$ 321,607	
2011	191,935		156,565	348,500	
2012	200,161		148,339	348,500	
2013	208,914		139,586	348,500	
2014	217,879		130,621	348,500	
2015-2019	1,238,938		503,561	1,742,499	
2020-2024	1,231,330		219,960	1,451,290	
2025-2029	 523,476		703,318	 1,226,794	
Total	\$ 3,996,630	\$ 2	2,139,560	\$ 6,136,190	

Note Payable – due to component unit. The City has entered into an agreement with the Canton Development Authority ("CDA") by which the City has agreed to pay the debt service payments related to the CDA's series 2003 bond. The Authority has issued the bond to fund costs of the water and sewer lines at the new Bluffs Technology Park. The bond was issued to a sole purchaser and is set up to work through draw downs from the purchaser rather than receiving the full face amount. The bond was originally issued for \$1,800,000, and as of September 30, 2009, \$921,029 has been drawn down. The bond matures on January 1, 2052 and carries and interest rate of 3.00%. The repayment schedule will be determined when the construction is complete and all draws have been made.

Canton Downtown Development Authority

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2009, is as follows:

	B 		_A	Additions		ductions	 Ending Balance	Due Within One Year	
Bonds payable	\$	657,948	\$		\$	(65,253)	\$ 592,695	\$	89,222
Total long-term liabilities	\$	657,948	\$		\$	(65,253)	\$ 592,695	\$	89,222

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Revenue Bonds. The Canton Downtown Development Authority ("CDDA") has a 2000 series and 2001 series bonds for \$850,000 and \$325,000, respectively. These two issues were made to finance the renovation work on the Historic Canton Theatre and will be repaid through future revenues from the operation of the theatre. The bonds bear interest at a rate of 4.88% and 6.18% annually and are due in monthly installments of \$6,473 and \$2,774, respectively. The bonds mature in August and November of 2015, respectively.

The debt service requirements to maturity on the bonds payable are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	 Principal	Interest	Total
2010	\$ 89,222	\$ 28,931	\$ 118,153
2011	86,438	24,524	110,962
2012	91,086	19,876	110,962
2013	95,987	14,975	110,962
2014	101,155	9,807	110,962
2015-2016	 128,807	 4,461	 133,268
Total	\$ 592,695	\$ 102,574	\$ 695,269

Canton Development Authority

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2009, is as follows:

	eginning Balance	٨	dditions	Por	ductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year	
	 Dalalice		ditions	Net	ductions	 Daiance		ie i eai
Bonds payable	\$ 921,029	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 921,029	\$	
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 921,029	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 921,029	\$	

Governmental Bonds. The Canton Development Authority ("CDA") has issued a 2003 series bond to fund costs of the water and sewer lines at the new Bluffs Technology Park. The CDA has entered into an agreement with the City, by which the City has agreed to pay the debt service payments related to the CDA's series 2003 bond. The bond was issued to a sole purchaser and is set up to work through draw downs from the purchaser rather than receiving the full face amount. The bond was originally issued for \$1,800,000 and as of September 30, 2009 only \$921,029 has been drawn down. The bond matures on January 1, 2052 and carries and interest rate of 3.00%. The repayment schedule will be determined when the construction is complete and all draws have been made.

NOTE 9. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of September 30, 2009, is as follows:

Due to / from other funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	<u> </u>	Amount
General Fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	71,095
General Fund	Water and Sewer Fund		771,020
General Fund	Stormwater Fund		1,596
Stormwater Fund	General Fund		39,804
Stormwater Fund	Water and Sewer Fund		88,439
Sanitation Fund	Water and Sewer Fund		84,188
		\$	1,056,142

All interfund balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

Due to/from primary government and component units:

Receivable Entity	Payable Entity		Amount
Component unit - Canton	Primary govemment -	<u>\$</u>	100,022
Development Authority	Water and Sewer Fund	\$	100,022

NOTE 9. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS (Continued)

Interfund transfers:

Transfers In	Transfers Out		Amount
Road & Sidewalk Fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ \$	242,155 242,155
Canton Building Authority Canton Building Authority Canton Building Authority	SPLOST V Fund Water & Sewer Fund Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ \$	1,717,053 1,288,494 200,000 3,205,547
Nonmajor governmental funds Nonmajor governmental funds Nonmajor governmental funds	General Fund SPLOST V Fund Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ \$	200,000 540,049 315,656 1,055,705
SPLOST V	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ \$	62,103 62,103
Water & Sewer Fund	Canton Builiding Authority	\$ \$	1,141,147 1,141,147
Stormwater Fund Stormwater Fund	General Fund Water & Sewer Fund	\$ \$	253,636 94,371 348,007

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires collecting them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, and (3) move cash from capital project funds to pay for debt service of other funds used to advance the construction costs of capital projects.

NOTE 10. PENSION PLANS

Plan Description

The City, as authorized by the City Council, has established a defined benefit pension plan (The City of Canton Retirement Plan) covering all full-time employees. The City's pension plan is affiliated with the Georgia Municipal Employee Benefit System (GMEBS), an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by the Georgia Municipal Association. Contributions made by the City are commingled with contributions made by other members of GMEBS for investment purposes. The City does not own any securities on its own. Investment income from the securities is allocated on a pro rata basis. The Georgia Municipal Association issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for GMEBS. That report may be obtained by writing to Georgia Municipal Association, Risk Management and Employee Benefit Services, 201 Pryor Street, NW, Atlanta, Georgia 30303 or by calling (404) 688-0472.

As provided by state law, benefit provisions for participants in GMEBS are established by the respective employers. As authorized by City Council, the plan provides pension benefits and death and disability benefits for plan members and beneficiaries. All employees, excluding elected officials, who work thirty hours or more per week, are eligible to participate after one year. Benefits vest after five years of service. A City employee who retires at age 65 with five years of service is entitled to benefits of 2.5% of final average earnings in excess of covered compensation. An employee may elect early retirement at age 55 provided he has a minimum of 25 years total credited service to receive full benefits, otherwise early retirement may be elected after only 10 years of service for reduced benefits. Elected officials are entitled to \$64 for each year of service after reaching normal retirement age.

At March 1, 2009, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, there were 192 participants consisting of the following:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	36
Terminated vested participants not yet receiving benefits	44
Active employees - vested	67
Active employees - nonvested	45
Total	192

NOTE 10. PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Funding Policy

The Plan is subject to minimum funding standards of the Georgia Public Retirement Systems Standards law. The board of Trustees of GMEBS has adopted a recommended actuarial funding policy for the plan which meets state minimum requirements and will accumulate sufficient funds to provide the benefits under the plan. The funding policy for the plan is to contribute an amount equal to or greater than the recommended contribution described below. For 2009, the actuarially determined contribution rate was 15.95% of covered payroll.

For 2009, the City's recommended contribution was \$712,974. Actual contributions totaled \$712,974. The recommended contribution was determined as part of the March 1, 2009 actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method. Actuarial assumptions include an 8.0% rate of return on investments and projected salary increases of 5.5% (5.0% due to inflation and .5% due to merit or seniority increases). The period, and related method, for amortizing the initial unfunded actuarial accrued liability is 30 years from 1981 and current changes in the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over 15 years for actuarial gains and losses, 20 years for plan provisions and 30 years for actuarial assumptions and cost methods as a level dollar amount. These amortization periods are closed for this plan year. The actuarial value of the plan assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a ten year period.

The following is a schedule of funding progress:

	(a)	(b)	(b-a) Unfunded Actuarial			[(b-a) UAAL	-
Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued bility (AAL)	Accrued Liability (UAAL)	(a/b) Funded Ratio	(c) Covered Payroll	Percen of Cove Payre	ered
3/1/2009	\$ 3,953,640	\$ 7,131,090	\$ 3,177,450	55.44 %	\$ 4,648,660	68.35	%

See required supplementary information for a history of funding progress.

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Calculations are based on the substantive plan in effect as of March 1, 2009.

NOTE 10. PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Actual Pension ontribution	Percentage of APC Contributed		Net Pension Obligation		
2009	\$ 712,974	\$ 712,974	100.0	%	\$	-	
2008	650,666	650,666	100.0			-	
2007	536,558	536,558	100.0			-	

NOTE 11. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City of Canton offers three Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Plans (the "Plans") which are deferred compensation plans that qualify as defined contribution pension plans. The Plans are administered by MetLife, AIG Valic, and Nationwide Retirement Solution for all full time employees. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the City's Council. At September 30, 2009, there were 9, 6 and 9 plan members, in the respective plans.

Employees are not required to contribute to the Plans. Employees may contribute a portion of their gross salary, not to exceed the IRS guidelines, into the Plans. The Plans allow employees to increase, decrease, stop and restart deferrals as often as they wish without penalties or fees. Total employee contributions for the year ended September 30, 2009, were \$15,140, \$15,838, and \$12,989, respectively.

NOTE 12. JOINT VENTURE

Under Georgia law, the City, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the Atlanta, Georgia area, is a member of the Atlanta Regional Commission (ARC). Dues to the ARC are assessed at the County level and are, accordingly, paid by Cherokee County. Membership in the ARC is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8-34 which provides for the organizational structure of the ARC in Georgia. The ARC Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and various municipalities of the area. OCGA 50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of the ARC. Separate financial statements may be obtained from ARC, 40 Courtland Street, NE, Atlanta, Georgia 30303.

NOTE 13. RELATED ORGANIZATIONS

The City's council is responsible for appointing all board members of the Canton Housing Authority. However, the City has no further accountability for the authority.

NOTE 14. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City has joined together with other municipalities in the state as part of the Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency Property and Liability Insurance Fund and the Georgia Municipal Association Group Self-Insurance Workers' Compensation Fund, public entity risk pools currently operating as common risk management and insurance programs for member local governments.

As part of these risk pools, the City is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pools, to cooperate with the pool's agents and attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures established by the funds, and to report as promptly as possible, and in accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents which could result in the funds being required to pay any claim of loss. The City is also to allow the pool's agents and attorneys to represent the City in investigation, settlement discussions and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the City within the scope of loss protection furnished by the funds.

The funds are to defend and protect the members of the funds against liability or loss as prescribed in the member government contract and in accordance with the workers' compensation law of Georgia. The funds are to pay all cost taxed against members in any legal proceeding defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation or defense.

Settled claims have not exceeded the coverages in the past three years.

The City carries commercial insurance for other risks of losses. For insured programs, there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years.

NOTE 15. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation:

The City is a defendant in certain legal actions in the nature of claims for alleged damages to persons and property and other similar types of actions rising in the course of City operations. Liability, if any, which might result from these proceedings, would not, in the opinion of management and legal counsel, have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the City.

Contractual Commitments:

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009, contractual commitments on uncompleted contracts were \$3,057,899.

Grant Contingencies:

The City has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to the disallowance of certain expenditures previously reimbursed by those agencies. Based upon prior experience, management of the City believes such disallowances, if any, will not be significant.

NOTE 16. HOTEL/MOTEL LODGING TAX

The City imposes a hotel/motel tax on lodging facilities within the City. The tax was assessed at 7%. Revenues were \$167,644 for the year ended September 30, 2009. Of this amount 100%, or \$177,577, was expended, including excess expenditures representing the City's use of the fund's equity. Expenditures of the tax were used to promote tourism, conventions, and trade shows to operate, maintain, and market a community auditorium or theater as required by O.C.G.A. 48-13-51.

NOTE 17. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

The City has determined that a restatement of beginning net assets of the Water & Sewer Fund, a major proprietary fund, and business-type activities is necessary to properly report revenues earned as of September 30, 2008 but improperly reported as deferred revenue. This adjustment resulted in changes to the beginning net assets of the Water & Sewer Fund and business-type activities, respectively, as follows:

	W	ater & Sewer Fund
Net assets, as previously reported	\$	44,028,129
Adjustments to recognize sewer tap revenues		657,127
Net assets, as restated	\$	44,685,256
		Susiness-type Activities
Net assets, as previously reported	\$	44,062,488
Adjustments to recognize sewer tap revenues		657,127
Net assets, as restated	\$	44,719,615

NOTE 18. FUND DEFICITS AND MANAGEMENT PLANS

The City had a deficit in total unrestricted net assets, as reported in its government-wide financial statements, of \$1,614,309 as of September 30, 2009. The majority of this deficit was made up by business-type activities, including the Water & Sewer Fund's deficit in unrestricted net assets of \$3,994,275 at September 30, 2009. The City also reported a total fund balance deficit in the Road & Sidewalk Fund of \$633,756 at September 30, 2009.

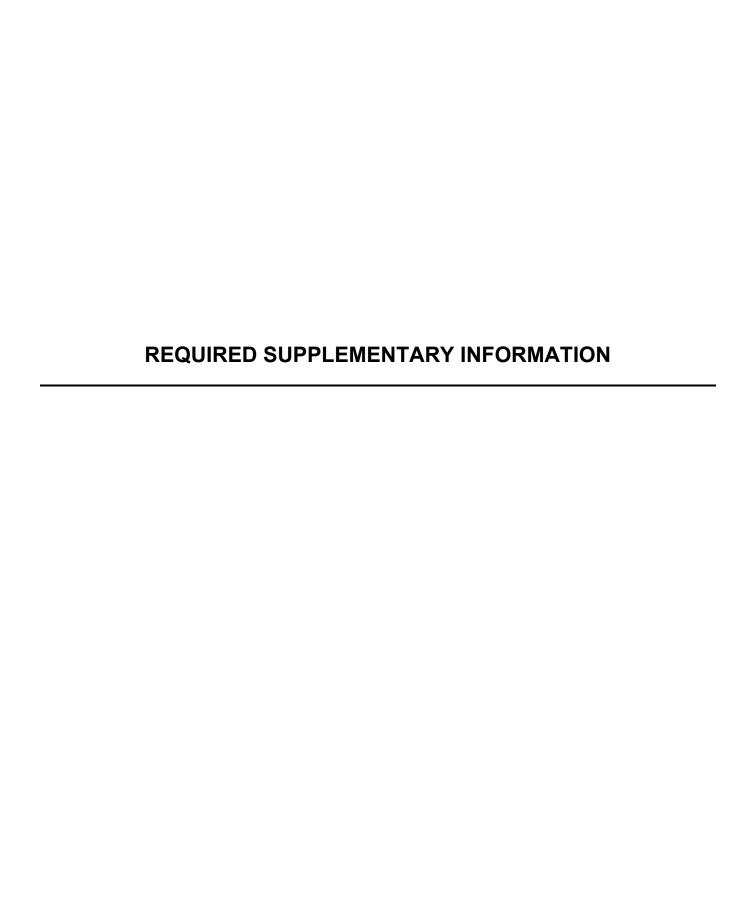
The Water & Sewer Fund has positive cash flows from operations of \$3,940,418 for the year ended September 30, 2009. These positive cash flows have allowed the Water & Sewer Fund to cover its current debt service requirements and the cash flows from the year ended September 30, 2009 would be sufficient to cover the requirements for the Water & Sewer Fund's current debt service for the year ended September 30, 2010, if similar cash flows are achieved. The City has deferred many major capital projects until further grant or capital contributions can be obtained to supplement those costs. Additionally, the Water & Sewer Fund established a rate increase of approximately six percent during the year ended September 30, 2009.

NOTE 18. FUND DEFICITS AND MANAGEMENT PLANS (Continued)

The City has lowered its property tax rate each of the last eight years, but has approved to increase the rate for fiscal year 2010. The City as a whole has made several significant personnel reductions to lower salary and benefit expenditures, which are the most significant costs of the City. These reductions will affect both the General Fund and the Water & Sewer Fund. The City believes that these reductions in personnel costs, along with the increased millage rate, will help the equity positions of the City.

The Road & Sidewalk Fund has a deficit fund balance as of September 30, 2009 of \$633,756. This fund primarily accounts for the receipt of capital grants used in the construction of road and sidewalk infrastructure of the City. The City anticipates using Impact Fee Fund revenues to repay the existing obligations of the fund and continue to reduce this fund balance deficit.

The City instituted a cost reduction program which included a reduction in labor and fringe costs during the year ended September 30, 2009. In addition, the City raised Water & Sewer rates during the year ended September 30, 2009 in an attempt to increase cash flows from operations. Management believes these factors will contribute towards achieving profitability. The above represents management's plans that may be impacted by other economic factors that are not currently known.



CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION RETIREMENT PLAN SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

	Actuarial	Actuarial Accrued	Unfunded			UAAL as a
Actuarial	Value of	Liability (AAL)	AAL	Funded	Covered	Percentage of
Valuation	Assets	Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Covered Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	(b-a/c)
3/1/2009	3,953,640	7,131,090	3,177,450	55.4%	4,648,660	68.4%
3/1/2008	4,196,209	6,705,639	2,509,430	62.6%	4,506,084	55.7%
3/1/2007	3,698,273	5,355,218	1,656,945	69.1%	4,442,684	37.3%
3/1/2006	3,171,107	4,788,539	1,617,432	66.2%	4,028,783	40.1%
3/1/2005	2,692,055	3,970,567	1,278,512	67.8%	3,733,484	34.2%
3/1/2004	2,281,550	3,589,355	1,307,805	63.6%	3,449,881	37.9%

See assumptions used and disclosed in Note 10 to the financial statements.

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

	 Budget				Variance With		
	 Original		Final		Actual	Fin	al Budget
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 7,848,350	\$	7,822,900	\$	7,980,073	\$	157,173
Licenses and permits	962,295		468,665		485,694		17,029
Fines and forfeitures	848,150		995,000		984,754		(10,246)
Charges for services	149,000		69,790		73,373		3,583
Interest	2,500		500		459		(41)
Contributions	-		70,100		71,100		1,000
Miscellaneous	 75,000		80,100		75,875		(4,225
Total revenues	 9,885,295		9,507,055		9,671,328		164,273
Expenditures							
Current:							
General government:							
City council	83,365		64,000		62,903		1,097
City clerk	150,705		137,002		132,800		4,202
Mayor	77,380		72,000		73,275		(1,275
City manager	202,590		170,000		157,903		12,097
Elections	900		1,000		328		672
General administration	414,150		397,000		220,236		176,764
Financial administration	152,098		135,500		135,486		14
Tax collections	61,890		75,000		72,060		2,940
Human resources	63,605		62,000		60,828		1,172
General government buildings	299,900		244,635		212,136		32,499
Technology	233,010		200,000		197,739		2,261
Total general government	 1,739,593		1,558,137		1,325,694		232,443
Judicial	 190,510		211,000		206,466		4,534
Public safety:							
Fire	1,752,952		1,660,000		1,633,536		26,464
Police	3,203,985		3,128,449		3,113,720		14,729
Total public safety	 4,956,937		4,788,449		4,747,256		41,193
Public works:							
Engineering	159,445		155,000		134,511		20,489
Streets	 977,620		755,500		687,355		68,145
Total public works	1,137,065		910,500		821,866		88,634
Recreation	 411,865		313,000		295,530		17,470
Housing and development:							
Building inspection	340,820		288,000		269,302		18,698
Planning and zoning	394,795		327,500		285,770		41,730
Code enforcement	50,635		43,000		25,703		17,297
Economic development	70,970		55,000		33,141		21,859
Downtown development	 85,120		60,000		44,574		15,426
Total housing and development	942,340		773,500		658,490		115,010

Continued

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

	В	udget		Variance With	
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget	
Expenditures					
Debt service:					
Principal	55,475	40,000	38,122	1,878	
Interest	2,335	11,500	10,231	1,269	
Total debt service	57,810	51,500	48,353	3,147	
Total expenditures	9,436,120	8,606,086	8,103,655	502,43	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	449,175	900,969	1,567,673	666,704	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	25,000	37,945	38,915	97	
Transfers out	(474,175	(956,915)	(453,636)	503,27	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(449,175	(918,970)	(414,721)	504,249	
Net change in fund balances	-	(18,001)	1,152,952	1,170,95	
Fund balances, beginning of year	94,258	94,258	94,258	-	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 94,258	\$ 76,257	\$ 1,247,210	\$ 1,170,953	

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA BUILDING AUTHORITY

	Buc	dget		Variance With			
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget			
REVENUES							
Interest	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 805	\$ 805			
Total revenues			805	805			
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General government	-	-	40	(40)			
Debt service							
Principal	1,763,660	1,763,660	1,736,446	27,214			
Interest	1,441,887	1,441,887	1,441,889	(2)			
Total expenditures	3,205,547	3,205,547	3,178,375	27,172			
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(3,205,547)	(3,205,547)	(3,177,570)	27,977			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	3,205,547	3,205,547	3,205,547	-			
Transfers out	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(1,141,147)	(1,141,147)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,205,547	3,205,547	2,064,400	(1,141,147)			
Net change in fund balances	-	-	(1,113,170)	(1,113,170)			
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	1,140,382	1,140,382	1,140,382				
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$ 1,140,382	\$ 1,140,382	\$ 27,212	\$ (1,113,170)			

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

- Hotel/Motel Tax Fund To account for the 7% lodging tax levied in the City.
- <u>Tree City Commission Fund</u> To account for the contributions and charges related to the beautification of the City through tree maintenance and replacement.
- <u>Urban Redevelopment Agency</u> To account for debt service payments related to the bonds issued for the renovations made to City Hall.
- <u>Impact Fees Fund</u> To account for fees assessed upon development activity that are collected to pay for system improvements (recreation/parks, streets, and public safety) as detailed within the government's impact fee ordinance.
- <u>SPLOST IV Fund</u> To account for interest earnings and expenditures using the prior special purpose local option sales tax.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

	Special Revenue Funds									
ASSETS	Ho	otel/Motel Tax Fund	Cor	ree City nmission Fund	Urban Redevelopment Agency					
Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable Prepaid expenditures	\$	33,535 14,467 -	\$	9,710 - -	\$	- - 63,132				
Total assets	\$	48,002	\$	9,710	\$	63,132				
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	33,113	\$	-	\$	-				
Due to other funds		- 704		-		-				
Deferred revenue		701		<u>-</u>	-					
Total liabilities		33,814				-				
FUND BALANCES										
Reserved for prepaids		-		-		63,132				
Unreserved		14,188		9,710		-				
		14,188		9,710		63,132				
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	48,002	\$	9,710	\$	63,132				

Capital Pı	ojects Fund	ls				
Impact Fees Fund	SPLOS Fur	ST IV		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds		
\$ 1,862,371 - -	\$	- - -	\$	1,905,616 14,467 63,132		
\$ 1,862,371	\$		\$	1,983,215		
\$ 6,500 71,095 -	\$	- - -	\$	39,613 71,095 701		
77,595				111,409		
1,784,776		- -		63,132 1,808,674		
\$ 1,784,776	\$	-		1,871,806 1,983,215		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

		Special Revenue Funds								
	Hotel/Motel Tax Fund	Tree City Commission Fund	Urban Redevelopment Agency							
REVENUES										
Taxes	\$ 167,644	\$ -	\$ -							
Charges for services	-	4,018	-							
Intergovernmental	-	-	-							
Interest	1,403	28	-							
Miscellaneous		3,850								
Total revenues	169,047	7,896								
EXPENDITURES										
Current										
General government	-	-	-							
Culture and recreation	115,714	6,067	-							
Housing and development	61,863	-	-							
Capital outlay	-	-	-							
Debt service										
Principal retirements	-	-	633,309							
Interest expenditures		<u> </u>	124,264							
Total expenditures	177,577	6,067	757,573							
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	(8,530)	1,829	(757,573)							
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfers in	-	-	820,705							
Transfers out	-	-	-							
Total other financing sources (uses)			820,705							
Net change in fund balances	(8,530)	1,829	63,132							
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	22,718	7,881								
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$ 14,188	\$ 9,710	\$ 63,132							

Capital		
Impact Fees Fund	SPLOST IV Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$	- \$ -	\$ 167,644
548,02		552,039
472,990		472,990
29,17		31,124
-,		3,850
1,050,188	516	1,227,647
22,470)	22,470
22,47	_	121,781
	_	61,863
556,22	5 -	556,225
173,010 18,05		806,325 142,315
769,762	2 -	1,710,979
280,420	516	(483,332)
235,000) -	1,055,705
(442,15		
(207,15		235,791
73,27	1 (377,243)	(247,541)
1,711,50	5 377,243	2,119,347
\$ 1,784,770	<u> </u>	\$ 1,871,806

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA HOTEL/MOTEL TAX FUND

	Bu	dget				Var	riance With
	Original		Final		Actual	Final Budget	
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ 201,000	\$	146,610	\$	167,644	\$	21,034
Interest	200		900		1,403		503
Miscellaneous	 		24,285				(24,285)
Total revenue	 201,200		171,795		169,047		(2,748)
EXPENDITURES							
Culture and recreation	130,000		116,145		115,714		431
Housing and development	 71,200		55,650		61,863		(6,213)
Total expenditures	 201,200		171,795		177,577		(5,782)
Net change in fund balances	-		-		(8,530)		(8,530)
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	 22,718		22,718		22,718		
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$ 22,718	\$	22,718	\$	14,188	\$	(8,530)

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA TREE CITY COMMISSION

			dget					ance With
	0	riginal	Final		Actual		Final Budget	
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$	4,000	\$	4,000	\$	4,018	\$	18
Interest		100		100		28		(72)
Miscellaneous		1,625		1,625		3,850		2,225
Total revenue		5,725		5,725		7,896		2,171
EXPENDITURES								
Culture and recreation		5,725		5,725		6,067		(342)
Total expenditures		5,725		5,725		6,067		(342)
Net change in fund balances		-		-		1,829		1,829
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		7,881		7,881		7,881		
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	7,881	\$	7,881	\$	9,710	\$	1,829

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA URBAN REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

	Budç Original			Final	 Actual	Variance With Final Budget		
EXPENDITURES								
Debt service								
Principal	\$	686,656	\$	686,656	\$ 633,309	\$	53,347	
Interest		134,049		134,049	 124,264		9,785	
Total expenditures		820,705		820,705	 757,573		63,132	
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures		(820,705)		(820,705)	(757,573)		63,132	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Transfers in		820,705		820,705	 820,705			
Net change in fund balances		-		-	63,132		63,132	
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year					 			
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 63,132	\$	63,132	

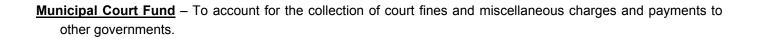
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax IV		Estimated	d Cost			Expenditures				
<u>Project</u>	Origi	nal	Current		Prior Years		Current Year		_	Total
South Canton fire department building	\$ 79	99,068	\$ 7	99,068	\$	799,068	\$	-	\$	799,068
Administraton building debt retirement	1,06	60,576	1,9	29,596		1,613,940		315,656		1,929,596
Administration building renovation project		-	4,7	43,950		4,743,950		-		4,743,950
Downtown fire station renovation		-		41,322		41,322		-		41,322
Police department building debt retirement	3′	18,829	3	82,056		319,953		62,103		382,056
Public safety vehicles/equipment	17	73,000	7	39,832		739,832		-		739,832
Fire trucks and equipment debt retirement	77	74,076	7	71,057		771,057				771,057
	\$ 3,12	25,549	\$ 9,4	06,881	\$	9,029,122	\$	377,759	\$	9,406,881

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

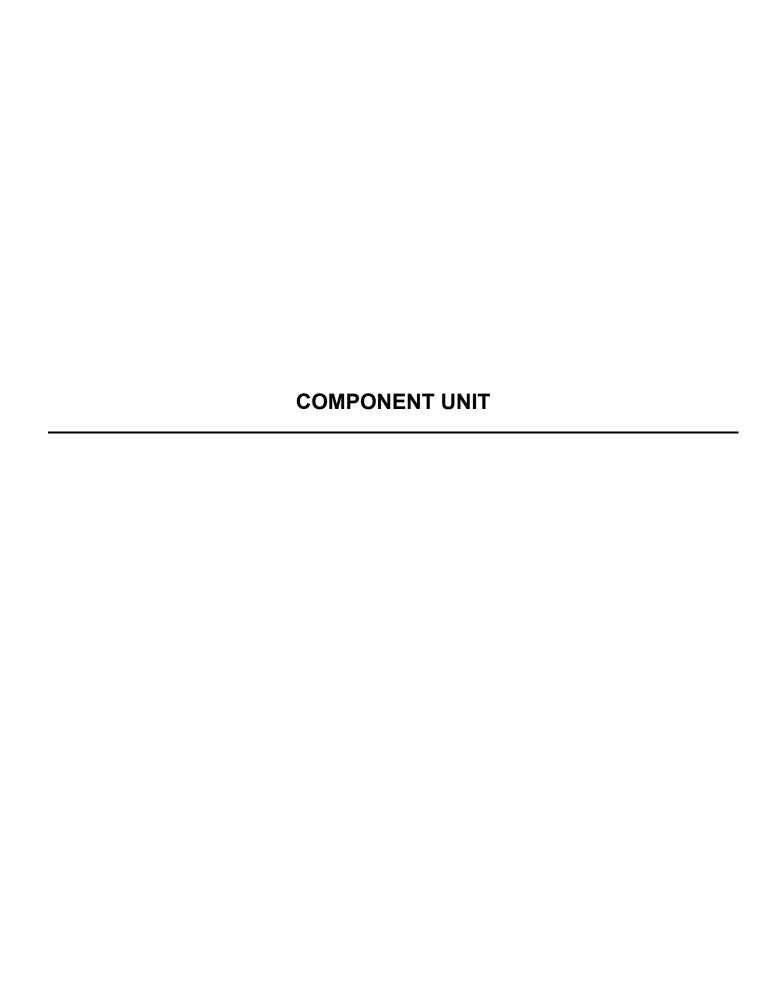
Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax V		Estimat	ed C	Cost	Expenditures					
<u>Project</u>	Original			Current	P	rior Years	Cı	urrent Year		Total
Streets and sidewalks	\$	2,500,565	\$	2,500,565	\$	982,296	\$	35,000	\$	1,017,296
Parks and recreation facilities		2,428,000		2,428,000		14,028		297		14,325
Administration building debt retirement		1,942,000		1,942,000		-		505,059		505,059
Public safety building		1,942,000		1,942,000		100,085		38,965		139,050
Water and wastewater facilities		2,913,000		2,913,000		1,801,910		-		1,801,910
Community center debt retirement		1,942,000		2,134,050		416,997		1,717,053		2,134,050
Downtown parking deck		1,942,000		1,942,000		-		-		-
Hickory Flat highway improvements		909,375		909,375		-		-		-
Brown Industrial Drive improvements		909,375		909,375		294,042		-		294,042
Sunset Drive improvements		303,125		303,125		57,173		-		57,173
Highway 20/140 Access Road	_	303,125		303,125						
	\$	18,034,565	\$	18,226,615	\$	3,666,531	\$	2,296,374	\$	5,962,905

FIDUCIARY FUNDS



STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

MUNICIPAL COURT	 Balance October 1, 2008	Additions		Deletions	Se	Balance ptember 30, 2009
Assets - cash	\$ 76,806	\$ 1,567,752	\$	1,557,597	\$	86,961
Liabilities - due to others	\$ 76,806	\$ 1,567,752	\$	1,557,597	\$	86,961



STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS COMPONENT UNIT - DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers and users	\$	30,665
Payments to suppliers	Ψ	(30,403)
	1	
Net cash provided by operating activities		262
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest received		16
Net cash provided by investing activities		16
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Principal payments on bonds payable		(65,253)
Interest paid		(38,360)
Net cash used in capital and related		
financing activities		(103,613)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from City of Canton		115,714
Net cash provided by noncapital and related		
financing activities		115,714
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		12,379
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		211
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	12,590
Reconcilation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Operating loss	\$	(30,176)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss		
to net cash provided by operating activities:		00 504
Depreciation Change in assets and liabilities:		28,531
Change in assets and liabilities: Increase in accounts payable		1,907
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	262

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Canton's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends	67
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	72
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, property tax.	
Debt Capacity	78
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	81
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	82
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial report for the relevant year. The City implemented GASB Statement 34 in 2004; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT LAST SIX YEARS (accrual basis of accounting)

	 2009	_	2008		2007	 2006	 2005	 2004
Governmental activities								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 26,397,902	\$	22,643,905	\$	25,233,848	\$ 9,626,727	\$ 6,271,687	\$ 24,303,698
Restricted	3,415,322		3,800,560		3,742,276	16,366,892	21,105,383	-
Unrestricted	2,035,811		709,265		970,752	2,543,076	(667,634)	2,687,212
Total governmental activities net assets	\$ 31,849,035	\$	27,153,730	\$	29,946,876	\$ 28,536,695	\$ 26,709,436	\$ 26,990,910
Business-type activities								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 52,591,378	\$	49,922,585 (1) \$	28,272,392	\$ 22,842,904	\$ 20,885,321	\$ 19,640,743
Restricted	-		-		-	-	-	624,039
Unrestricted	(3,650,120)		(5,860,097) (1)	9,068,221	358,902	(1,976,282)	(2,820,599)
Total business-type activities net assets	\$ 48,941,258	\$	44,062,488	\$	37,340,613	\$ 23,201,806	\$ 18,909,039	\$ 17,444,183
Primary government								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 78,989,280	\$	72,566,490	\$	53,506,240	\$ 32,469,631	\$ 27,157,008	\$ 43,944,441
Restricted	3,415,322		3,800,560		3,742,276	16,366,892	21,105,383	624,039
Unrestricted	(1,614,309)		(5,150,832)		10,038,973	2,901,978	(2,643,916)	(133,387)
Total primary government net assets	\$ 80,790,293	\$	71,216,218	\$	67,287,489	\$ 51,738,501	\$ 45,618,475	\$ 44,435,093

⁽¹⁾ In 2008, an asset was reclassified to capital assets resulting in an increase to net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt and decreasing unrestricted net assets.

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS LAST SIX YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

Evnance		2009			2008		2007	-	2006		2005		2004
Expenses													
Governmental activities:	•	0.005.074		\$	4 000 045	•	0.040.000	•	4.070.400	•	4 070 000	•	4 404 700
General government	\$	2,205,371		Ф	1,999,815	\$	2,012,028	\$	1,979,169	\$	1,878,098	\$	1,481,792
Judicial		207,879			219,639		255,742		-		-		-
Public safety		5,189,142			5,750,262		5,039,785		4,742,918		4,344,526		4,211,873
Public works		1,888,445			2,804,416		2,124,031		2,147,240		1,864,038		1,740,204
Culture and recreation		1,151,561			880,616		918,519		511,203		470,922		527,582
Housing and development		744,870	(4)		2,053,150		1,483,555		1,998,840		1,342,796		1,212,546
Interest on long-term debt		1,639,962			1,633,240		1,465,394		1,280,036		523,604		82,083
Total governmental activities expenses		13,027,230			15,341,138		13,299,054		12,659,406		10,423,984		9,256,080
Business-type activities:													
Water and sewer		5,618,888			6,217,761		5,589,256		5,180,238		5,281,264		4,229,065
Sanitation		1,062,946			1,047,868		991,360		889,970		717,330		558,651
Stormwater		842,291			-								-
Total business-type activities expenses		7,524,125			7,265,629		6,580,616		6,070,208		5,998,594		4,787,716
Total primary government expenses	\$	20,551,355		\$	22,606,767	\$	19,879,670	\$	18,729,614	\$	16,422,578	\$	14,043,796
Program Revenues	· ·												
Governmental activities:													
Charges for services:													
General government	\$	494,699	(5)	\$	1,023,985 (2) \$	345,985	\$	371,755	\$	270,658	\$	259,233
Judicial		973,150			904,255 (1)	-		-		-		-
Public safety		86,379	(5)		375,810 (1)	1,157,071		1,215,907		1,103,706		1,089,194
Public works		365,695	(5)		823,787		1,364,589		1,201,256		108,442		86,694
Culture and recreation		95,947	(5)		335,778		627,781		857,112		774,068		900,723
Housing and development		68,386	(5)		199,067 (2	()	1,418,524		1,867,327		1,787,552		1,866,074
Operating grants and contributions		74,950	. ,		- '		141,389		296,455		232,324		167,249
Capital grants and contributions		5,242,945	(6)		3,135,718 (3)	6,689,806		3,622,467		2,333,627		3,738,243
Total governmental activities program revenues		7,402,151	. , _		6.798.400		11,745,145		9,432,279		6,610,377	-	8,107,410
Business-type activities:	-									-		-	
Charges for services:													
•		7,335,262			7,623,918		7,911,799		7,011,665		5,803,725		6,330,895
Water and sewer		1,058,068			1,020,666		938,036		776,680		752,938		571,690
Water and sewer Sanitation					-		-				,- 30		
Sanitation		947,636											
Sanitation Stormwater		947,636 2.296,436	(6)		90.917		60.000		-		_		_
Sanitation		947,636 2,296,436 11,637,402	(6)		90,917 8,735,501	_	60,000 8,909,835	_	7,788,345	_	6,556,663	_	6,902,585

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS LAST SIX YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

N 44		2009		2008	_	2007		2006		2005		2004
Net (expense)/revenue	•	(= 00= 0=0)	•	(0.540.700)	•	(4 550 000)	•	(0.007.407)	•	(0.040.007)	•	(4.440.070)
Governmental activities	\$	(5,625,079)	\$	(8,542,738)	\$	(1,553,909)	\$	(3,227,127)	\$	(3,813,607)	\$	(1,148,670)
Business-type activities	_	4,113,277		1,469,872	_	2,329,219	_	1,718,137	_	558,069	_	2,114,869
Total primary government net expense	\$	(1,511,802)	\$	(7,072,866)	\$	775,310	\$	(1,508,990)	\$	(3,255,538)	\$	966,199
General Revenues and Other Changes												
in Net Assets												
Governmental activities:												
Property taxes	\$	5,045,128	\$	4,937,763	\$	4,028,723	\$	3,767,351	\$	3,024,059	\$	2,549,493
Franchise taxes		1,489,987		1,566,062		1,314,142		-		-		-
Other taxes		-	(7)	1,748,788		1,171,532		2,781,521		2,892,765		2,558,592
Alcohol beverage tax		476,441	(7)	-		-		-		-		-
Insurance premium tax		431,459	(7)	-		-		-		-		-
Business occupation tax		853,942	(7)	-		-		-		-		-
Sales and use taxes		1,982,521	(5)	2,309,622	(3)	690,314		-		-		1,067,464
Unrestricted investment earnings		92,967		300,721		515,217		806,788		168,372		14,531
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		-		23,130		_		-		(62,709)		1,882,511
Miscellaneous		54,228		109,877		-		-		-		-
Transfers		(106,289)		(5,246,371)		(12,287,329)		(2,265,121)		(978,832)		493,014
Total governmental activities		10,320,384		5,749,592	_	(4,567,401)		5,090,539		5,043,655		8,565,605
Business-type activities:												
Unrestricted investment earnings		2,077		5,632		108,845		29,509		21,687		14,714
Gain on sale of capital assets		-		-		-		280,000		136,450		9,117
Transfers		106,289		5,246,371		12,287,329		2,265,121		978,832		988,347
Total business-type activities		108,366		5,252,003		12,396,174		2,574,630		1,136,969		1,012,178
Total primary government	\$	10,428,750	\$	11,001,595	\$	7,828,773	\$	7,665,169	\$	6,180,624	\$	9,577,783
Change in Net Assets												
Governmental activities	\$	4,695,305	\$	(2,793,146)	\$	(6,121,310)	\$	1,863,412	\$	1,230,048	\$	7,416,935
Business-type activities		4,221,643		6,721,875		14,725,393		4,292,767		1,695,038		3,127,047
Total primary government	\$	8,916,948	\$	3,928,729	\$	8,604,083	\$	6,156,179	\$	2,925,086	\$	10,543,982

⁽¹⁾ Prior to 2008, the judicial revenues have been reported as public safety revenues.

⁽²⁾ License and permits have been reported as housing and development prior to 2008 and are now shown as general government.

⁽³⁾ Sales and use taxes were reported as intergovernmental revenues prior to 2008.

⁽⁴⁾ The development projects have slowed due to the economy and the 2008 fiscal year expenses were unusually high as the City wrote off a \$700,000 receivable which was deemed uncollectable.

⁽⁵⁾ Due to the downturn in the economy.

⁽⁶⁾ This is the donation of the Canton Marketplace assets to the City.

⁽⁷⁾ Other taxes was broken out for reporting during the 2009 fiscal year.

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2009			2008	2007		 2006
General fund							
Reserved	\$	142,690	\$	148,252	\$	130,191	\$ 126,160
Unreserved		1,104,520		(53,994)		268,734	 1,759,833
Total general fund	\$	1,247,210	\$	94,258	\$	398,925	\$ 1,885,993
All other governmental funds							
Reserved	\$	90,344	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Unreserved, reported in:							
Special revenue funds		23,898		1,170,981		60,161	12,071,285
Capital projects funds		2,781,566		3,018,151		3,601,071	 4,349,391
Total all other governmental funds	\$	2,895,808	\$	4,189,132	\$	3,661,232	\$ 16,420,676

 2005	 2004	 2003		2002	 2001	 2000
\$ 140,673 (1,424,283)	\$ 114,235 735,567	\$ 101,201 (1,363,087)	\$	60,967 3,124,047	\$ 50,083 3,460,180	\$ 42,881 1,975,277
\$ (1,283,610)	\$ 849,802	\$ (1,261,886)	\$	3,185,014	\$ 3,510,263	\$ 2,018,158
\$ -	\$ 2,122,658	\$ 1,625,627	\$	263,550	\$ -	\$ -
 19,051,573 2,451,789	 20,914	 16,630		(185,967) 209,470	 943,874	 1,759,130
\$ 21,503,362	\$ 2,143,572	\$ 1,642,257	\$	287,053	\$ 943,874	\$ 1,759,130

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	 2009		2008		2007		2006
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 10,271,488	5	\$ 10,398,102	(2) \$	7,277,384		\$ 6,431,302
Licenses and permits	485,694	(4)	1,018,243		1,565,725		2,013,979
Intergovernmental	472,990	(1)	2,231,796	(1)(2)	2,879,125	(2)	2,540,653
Fines and forfeitures	984,754		888,543		812,693		694,904
Charges for services	625,412	(4)	1,740,184		2,404,294		2,669,415
Interest income	92,967		300,721		515,217		806,788
Contributions and donations	138,663		557,347		3,952,380		1,378,269
Miscellaneous	79,725		131,524		100,374		111,493
Total revenues	13,151,693		17,266,460		19,507,192		16,646,803
Expenditures							
General government	1,348,214		1,700,648		1,904,713		1,997,186
Judicial	206,466		220,126		250,581		-
Public safety	4,747,256		5,468,985		5,510,749		4,516,931
Public works	821,866		1,535,290		1,262,309		1,523,246
Culture and recreation	417,608		591,834		605,316		502,696
Housing and development	720,353	(5)	1,691,476		1,423,424		2,028,730
Capital outlay	787,600	(3)	3,654,500	(3)	8,163,714		6,278,503
Debt service							
Principal retirements	2,580,893		2,502,819		2,186,925		1,184,776
Interest and fiscal charges	1,594,435		1,536,399		1,402,921		1,478,172
Issuance costs	-		55,000		-		-
Total expenditures	13,224,691		18,957,077		22,710,652		19,510,240
Excess of revenues over (under)							
expenditures	(72,998))	(1,690,617)	1	(3,203,460)		(2,863,437)
Other financing sources (uses)							
Proceeds from capital leases	-		-		1,213,723		300,000
Issuance of long-term debt	-		7,860,000		-		2,928,062
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	38,915		37,067		30,554		23,568
Transfers in	4,565,510		12,328,890		(38,453,337)		(21,308,893)
Transfers out	(4,671,799))	(17,575,261)	<u></u>	26,166,008		19,043,771
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (67,374))	2,650,696	_	(11,043,052)		986,508
Net change in fund balances	\$ (140,372)) :	\$ 960,079	\$	(14,246,512)		\$ (1,876,929)
Debt service as a percentage							
of noncapital expenditures	33.69%	•	27.43%		24.68%		20.13%

NOTES: (1) During the 2008 fiscal year the City received over \$2 million of DOT funds for infrastructure work.

- (2) Prior to 2008, the City reported sales and use tax as intergovernmental revenue instead of taxes.
- (3) Due to cash flow concerns the City has cut back on capital expenditures.
- (4) Due to the downturn in the economy impact fee charges and other revenues have declined.
- (5) The development projects have slowed due to the economy and the 2008 fiscal year expenditures were unusually high as the City wrote off a \$700,000 receivable which was deemed uncollectable.

2005	 2004	 2003	_	2002	 2001	_	2000
\$ 5,915,310	\$ 5,026,077	\$ 4,710,925	\$	5,404,248	\$ 5,310,784	\$	4,659,809
1,913,017	1,949,976	1,506,956		1,437,495	1,164,454		733,587
1,716,949	4,865,857	6,469,922		1,074,820	158,240		169,189
688,594	587,173	818,105		629,802	560,550		397,940
1,348,164	1,584,935	1,207,527		254,219	328,743		296,695
168,373	14,531	6,753		22,473	38,550		43,340
859,248	107,099	3,061,804		64,511	1,375,670		100,000
84,404	 79,834	 60,339		50,596	214,062		156,748
12,694,059	 14,215,482	 17,842,331	_	8,938,164	 9,151,053	_	6,557,308
2,409,785	1,398,916	1,377,639		1,172,045	1,075,497		970,507
-	-	-		-	-		-
3,944,158	3,655,148	3,545,441		3,263,190	2,789,253		2,377,963
1,210,945	1,009,603	984,580		873,479	2,066,859		1,188,899
542,150	1,289,514	5,607,268		888,097	201,732		193,093
1,204,409	1,322,773	1,226,864		1,090,845	834,966		653,679
13,472,692	4,254,570	6,885,386		1,950,540	2,240,529		1,646,253
1,053,735	1,021,552	582,008		582,066	509,128		333,275
451,746	25,928	57,395		-	155,605		-
24,289,620	13,978,004	20,266,581		9,820,262	9,873,569		7,363,669
(11,595,561)	237,478	(2,424,250)		(882,098)	(722,516)		(806,361)
59,950	-	-		-	-		1,274,112
29,563,477	-	-		-	-		-
177,346	1,882,511	32,555		15,579	-		-
(25,777,704)	(988,346)	(2,365,139)		(195,423)	(1,058,539)		(182,145)
24,798,872	1,481,360	1,665,138		79,872	2,457,904		1,916,772
28,821,941	 2,375,525	 (667,446)		(99,972)	 1,399,365		3,008,739
\$ 17,226,380	\$ 2,613,003	\$ (3,091,696)	\$	(982,070)	\$ 676,849	\$	2,202,378

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE - ALL TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN YEARS

Fiscal Year	_ <u>F</u>	Real Property Assessed Value	Personal Property Assessed Value		_	Total Assessed Value	Total Estimated District Actual Taxable Tax Rate Value		Actual Taxable	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
2000	\$	158,984,576	\$	37,613,658	\$	196,598,234	8.250	\$	491,495,585	40%
2001		190,761,307		43,940,509		234,701,816	8.250		586,754,540	40%
2002		225,238,320		56,711,615		281,949,935	8.000		704,874,838	40%
2003		267,029,520		38,243,462		305,272,982	7.500		763,182,455	40%
2004		382,187,240		42,515,016		424,702,256	7.385		1,061,755,640	40%
2005		404,698,171		54,223,786		458,921,957	7.115		1,147,304,893	40%
2006		467,999,181		40,203,702		508,202,883	6.778		1,270,507,208	40%
2007		583,154,134		46,877,412		630,031,546	6.256		1,575,078,865	40%
2008		895,754,728		69,472,700		965,227,428	5.970		2,413,068,570	40%
2009		899,326,279		68,246,516		967,572,795	5.950		2,418,931,988	40%

Source: City of Canton Property Tax Billing Department

PROPERTY TAX RATES - ALL OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS (Per \$1000 of Assessed Value) LAST TEN YEARS

Calendar Year	City of Canton Operating Millage	Cherokee County (1)	State	Total Direct 8 Overlapping Rates
2000	8.250	29.040	0.25	37.540
2001	8.250	28.220	0.25	36.720
2002	8.000	28.100	0.25	36.350
2003	7.500	27.570	0.25	35.320
2004	7.385	27.390	0.25	35.025
2005	7.115	26.980	0.25	34.345
2006	6.778	26.840	0.25	33.868
2007	6.256	26.500	0.25	33.006
2008	5.970	26.250	0.25	32.470
2009	5.950	26.803	0.25	33.003

⁽¹⁾ Source: Cherokee County CAFR

PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS CURRENT AND NINE YEARS AGO

			2009		2000					
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value		Rank	Percentage of Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value		Rank	Percentage of Taxable Assessed Value		
DDRM Riverstone Plaza, LLC	\$	11,903,280	1	1.23 %	\$	-		- %		
Alltell Georgia Communications Corp		7,380,052	2	0.76		4,950,920	5	2.52		
Walden Crossing - UCM/Michelson, LLC		7,199,040	3	0.74		-		-		
Wal-Mart		6,790,040	4	0.70		2,751,996	6	1.40		
River Ridge of Canton, LP		6,131,520	5	0.63		-		-		
Inland Western Canton Paradise, LLC		5,874,280	6	0.61		-		-		
Georgia Power Company		5,725,662	7	0.59		1,868,560	10	0.95		
Signature Place, LP		5,635,560	8	0.58		-		-		
Bright-Sasser Canton, LLC		5,517,440	9	0.57		12,068,320	1	6.14		
Heritage at Riverstone, LLC		5,202,040	10	0.54		-				
JDN Enterprises		-		-		9,390,440	2	4.78		
Piolax Corporation		-		-		5,839,704	3	2.97		
Siemens Energy and Automation		-		-		4,990,062	4	2.54		
Hickory Knoll		-		-		2,368,840	7	1.20		
Home Depot		-		-		2,334,255	8	1.19		
Quill Corporation						2,259,274	9	1.15		
	\$	67,358,914		6.96 %	\$	48,822,371		24.84 %		

Source: City of Canton Property Tax Billing Department

TOP TEN WATER AND SEWER CUSTOMERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

Customer	Rank	Gallons	Water Revenues		Gallons	Sewer Revenue		F	Total Revenue	Percentage of Total Revenues
Waleska Water (1)	1	63,223,000	\$	142,251	-	\$	-	\$	142,251	1.98 %
Canton Mill Lofts	2	12,351,000		58,049	12,351,000		71,018		129,067	1.79
River Ridge Apartments	3	11,482,000		53,965	11,482,000		66,021		119,986	1.67
Hickory Knoll Apartments	4	9,494,000		44,621	9,494,000		54,590		99,211	1.38
Signature Management	5	9,482,000		44,545	9,482,000		54,521		99,066	1.38
Laurels of Greenwood Apartments	6	9,222,000		43,343	9,222,000		53,026		96,369	1.34
Walden Crossing Apartments	7	8,882,000		41,745	8,882,000		51,071		92,816	1.29
Canterbury Ridge Apartments	8	7,923,000		37,238	7,923,000		45,557		82,795	1.15
Northside Hospital - Cherokee	9	6,877,000		32,321	6,877,000		39,542		71,863	1.00
Heritage @ Riverstone	10	5,823,000		27,368	5,823,000		33,482		60,850	0.85

Source: City of Canton Utility Billing Department

⁽¹⁾ Waleska Water is a wholesale water customer of the City of Canton pursuant to an intergovernmental contract with the City of Waleska. All other customers represented above are retail water and sewer customers.

CURRENT WATER AND SEWER RATES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

Water rates - residential	Ra	tes	-
First 2,000 gallons (minimum rate)	\$	9.40	
2,001 gallons to 10,000 gallons		4.70	per thousand gallons
10,001 gallons to 15,000 gallons		5.40	per thousand gallons
15,001 gallons and above		6.10	per thousand gallons
Water rates - irrigation			
First 2,000 gallons (minimum rate)		10.80	
2,001 gallons and above		5.40	per thousand gallons
Water rates - commercial			
First 2,000 gallons (minimum rate)		9.40	
2,001 gallons and above		4.70	per thousand gallons
Sewer rates			
First 2,000 gallons (minimum rate)		11.50	
2,001 gallons and above		5.75	per thousand gallons
The City of Canton provides services on a contractual basis to the	following entiti	- 6.	
City of Waleska - water	\$		per thousand gallons
Cherokee County Water & Sewerage Authority - water	Ψ		per thousand gallons
Con Agra - water			per thousand gallons
Hembree Water System - water			per thousand gallons
Cherokee County Water & Sewerage Authority - sewer			per thousand gallons
City of Ball Ground - sewer			per thousand gallons
•			. 0

Source: City of Canton Utility Billing Department

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN YEARS

		Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy			Collections in		Total Collections to Date		
Tax Year	 Total Tax Levy	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Su	bsequent Years		Amount	Percentage of Levy	
2000	\$ 1,630,946	\$ 1,582,805	97.0%	\$	21,347	\$	1,604,152	98.36%	
2001	1,946,018	1,806,513	92.8%		29,530		1,836,043	94.35%	
2002	2,143,034	2,109,217	98.4%		33,817		2,143,034	100.00%	
2003	2,304,582	2,285,795	99.2%		18,787		2,304,582	100.00%	
2004	2,559,938	2,387,786	93.3%		79,699		2,467,485	96.39%	
2005	2,966,324	2,915,064	98.3%		23,959		2,939,023	99.08%	
2006	3,449,599	3,373,282	97.8%		33,185		3,406,467	98.75%	
2007	3,941,477	3,825,967	97.1%		58,395		3,884,362	98.55%	
2008	4,450,928	4,365,324	98.1%		65,232		4,430,556	99.54%	
2009	4,636,934	4,378,812	94.4%		-		4,378,812	94.43%	

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN YEARS

	Gove	rnmental Activities	(1)	Busin	ess-type Activities	s (1)		Percentage of Personal Income (2)	
Fiscal Year	Bonds Payable	Notes Payable	Capital Leases	Revenue Bonds	GEFA Notes Payable	Capital Leases	Total Primary Government		Per Capita (2)
2000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,960,315	\$ 8,282,889	\$ -	\$ 138,597	\$ 11,381,801	5.25%	\$ 1,636
2001	-	-	2,356,150	7,933,372	-	95,038	10,384,560	4.24%	1,335
2002	-	-	1,995,688	7,566,184	1,954,830	48,695	11,565,397	4.64%	1,388
2003	-	-	1,515,413	14,404,105	2,207,495	-	18,127,013	5.38%	1,599
2004	2,748,554	-	558,704	14,257,795	2,438,961	-	20,004,014	4.96%	1,516
2005	31,667,597	-	325,875	12,794,549	3,007,289	-	47,795,310	10.05%	3,167
2006	33,548,488	-	488,271	11,933,028	3,394,453	-	49,364,240	9.19%	2,984
2007	31,652,989	3,000,000	978,037	11,031,600	3,301,524	306,253	50,270,403	7.95%	2,571
2008	37,477,343	2,900,000	610,864	10,127,834	3,956,425	237,558	55,310,024	7.85%	2,577
2009	35,227,006	2,700,000	339,726	9,102,673	3,996,630	155,449	51,521,484	6.51%	2,267

⁽¹⁾ Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in Note 8 in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

⁽²⁾ See Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data for the City

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

	Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Outstanding		Percentage Applicable to City of Canton (1)	Amount Applicable to City of Canton	
Overlapping General Obligation Debt:					
Cherokee County 2005	\$	13,765,000	9.710%	\$	1,336,582
Cherokee County 2007 A and B Series		5,877,000	9.710%		570,657
Cherokee County 2008		7,893,000	9.710%		766,410
Cherokee County Board of Education		253,765,000	9.710%		24,640,582
Other Overlapping Debt:					
Cherokee County Industrial Development Authority		1,405,000	9.710%		136,426
Cherokee County Resource Recovery Development Authority		18,145,000	9.710%		1,761,880
Total overlapping debt	\$	300,850,000		\$	29,212,537

Source: The overlapping debt numbers were obtained from Cherokee County's 2008 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Canton, Georgia. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

⁽¹⁾ The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the county's taxable assessed value that is within the City's boundaries and dividing it by the county's total taxable assessed value.

UTILITY REVENUE BOND COVERAGE LAST TEN YEARS

Water & Fiscal Sewer				Operating	Net Revenue g Available for		Debt Service Requirements						Bond
Year	_	Revenue	_E	xpenses (1)	D	ebt Service	-	Principal		Interest	_	Total	Coverage
2000	\$	3,918,908	\$	2,372,648	\$	1,546,260	\$	332,104	\$	465,392	\$	797,496	1.94
2001		4,954,984		2,558,599		2,396,385		349,517		454,880		804,397	2.98
2002		4,627,191		2,688,681		1,938,510		367,188		433,361		800,549	2.42
2003		5,687,379		2,147,812		3,539,567		662,079		410,013		1,072,092	3.30
2004		6,330,895		2,728,455		3,602,440		791,381		559,189		1,350,570	2.67
2005		5,803,726		3,389,941		2,413,785		823,573		748,622		1,572,195	1.54
2006		7,011,665		3,459,010		3,552,655		861,521		619,457		1,480,978	2.40
2007		7,911,799		3,785,270		4,126,529		901,428		563,684		1,465,112	2.82
2008		7,720,467		4,353,364		3,367,103		903,766		667,852		1,571,618	2.14
2009		7,335,906		3,628,709		3,707,197		1,025,161		495,729		1,520,890	2.44

⁽¹⁾ Operating expenses do not include depreciation or interest.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	 Personal Income	P	er Capita ersonal come (1)	Median Age (1)	Average Education Level In Years (2)	School Enrollment (3)	Unemployment Rate (2)
2000	6,959	\$ 216,758,932	\$	31,148	31.0	12.58	3,380	1.5%
2001	7,780	244,782,140		31,463	31.8	12.65	3,531	3.2%
2002	8,335	249,499,890		29,934	32.6	12.72	3,778	3.6%
2003	11,338	337,158,106		29,737	33.4	12.81	3,885	3.9%
2004	13,195	403,635,050		30,590	34.2	12.83	3,317	3.0%
2005	15,094	475,577,224		31,508	35.0	12.89	3,975	3.9%
2006	16,544	536,901,290		32,453	35.8	12.90	4,182	4.4%
2007	19,553	632,695,974		32,358	36.8	12.93	4,616	4.4%
2008	21,464	704,834,832		32,838	34.0	14.00	5,091	8.5%
2009	22,724	791,204,232		34,818	28.0	14.00	5,199	10.3%

NA - Not available

⁽¹⁾ Bureau of Census and Atlanta Regional Commission

⁽²⁾ Georgia Department of Labor

⁽³⁾ Cherokee County Board of Education

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT AND NINE YEARS AGO

_	2009				2000		
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees (1)	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	
Cherokee County Board of Education	834	1	19.99 %	500	1	10.13 %	
Northside Hospital - Cherokee	721	2	17.50	180	4	3.65	
Cherokee County Board of Commissioners	400	3	9.59	330	3	6.69	
Wal-Mart	329	4	8.82	370	2	7.50	
Publix	291	7	3.84				
Universal Alloy Corporation	282	5	6.76	155	5	3.14	
Piolax Corporation	179	6	5.27	130	6	2.63	
City of Canton	123	8	3.84				
Home Depot	114	9	3.26				
Morrison Products	80	10	2.40	100	7	2.03	
Quill Corporation				87	8	1.76	
K-Mart				70	10	1.42	
YDK America				75	9	1.52	
_	3,353		81.27 %	1,997		40.47 %	

⁽¹⁾ Historic employment information was estimated from information provided by the Cherokee County Chamber of Commerce, the Cherokee County Industrial Development Authority and the Georgia Department of Labor.

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
Function					
General government					
Management	5	6	4	4	4
Finance	3	3	4	6	6
Technology	2	1	1	2	2
Judicial					
Municipal court	2	2	2	2	2
Public safety					
Police officers	42	41	38	42	38
Police administration	9	10	10	10	10
Firefighters	23	25	30	30	31
Fire administration	5	3	3	2	2
Public works					
Engineering	3	3	-	1	-
Streets	14	18	20	21	21
Culture and recreation					
Parks	4	4	6	5	4
Housing and development					
Building	3	7	11	10	10
Planning and zoning	2	2	7	6	6
Economic development	1	1	1	1	1
Transit	-	-	7	8	8
Utilities					
Sanitation roll-off site	1	1	2	1	1
Water administration	4	4	4	4	4
Total	123	131	150	155	150

Source: Various City departments.

2004	2003	2002	2001	2000
4	4	4	4	4
6	4	4	3	3
2	1	1	1	1
2	3	3	3	3
38	39	34	35	34
10	9	8	9	7
30	26	26	29	27
2	2	2	2	2
-	-	-	-	-
21	20	20	18	16
4	4	3	3	-
12	10	8	7	4
3	3	3	3	2
1	1	1	1	1
8	8	6	4	4
1	-	-	-	-
4	3	3	3	3
148	137	126	125	111

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2009		2008	2007	2006	2005
Function						
Public safety						
Police						
Physical arrests	1,291		1,291	1,479	1,315	1,229
Parking violations	1,722		2,521	3,077	3,537	2,301
Traffic violations	9,338		8,057	11,472	12,976	11,692
Fire						
Emergency responses	2,686		2,706	2,737	N/A	N/A
Fires extinguished	93		108	87	N/A	N/A
Public works						
Street resurfacing (miles)	132		125	223	137	139
Signs installed/replaced	93		196	194	189	140
Trees cut/miscellaneous	262		225	366	840	614
Water and sewer						
New connections (1)	57		127	561	776	584
Average daily consumption (million gallons/day)	2.470		2.330	2.710	3.352	2.309
Transit						
Total route miles	N/A	(a)	25,128	100,512	95,643	88,914
Passengers	N/A	(a)	9,990	60,258	49,081	41,134

Source: Various City departments. Operating indicators are not available for functions other than those listed above. N/A - Information not available

⁽¹⁾ Water connections decreased in some fiscal years due to territory swaps with the Cherokee County Water and Sewerage Authority pursuant to Georgia House Bill 489 (HB489).

⁽a) The city no longer operates a transit system, as it was sold to the County on October 1, 2008.

2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	
978	773	N/A	N/A	N/A	
1,601	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
8,006	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
N/A	N/A	N/A	1,465	1,335	
N/A	N/A	N/A	262	291	
103	114	28	N/A	N/A	
136	161	159	N/A	N/A	
796	493	201	N/A	N/A	
567	213	714	(241)	243	
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
90,237	66,677	66,677	N/A	N/A	
24,219	27,928	16,406	N/A	N/A	
567 N/A 90,237	213 N/A 66,677	714 N/A 66,677	(241) N/A N/A	243 N/A N/A	

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2000		2000	2007	2006	2005
Function	2009		2008	2007	2006	2005
Public Safety						
Police						
Stations	1		1	1	1	1
Patrol Units	34		27	33	25	22
Fire	34		21	33	25	22
Fire Stations	2		2	2	2	2
Pumper Trucks	5		5	5	4	3
Ladder Truck	1		1	1	1	1
Platform Truck	1		1	1	ı	'
Public Works	1		ı	ı	-	-
Streets (miles)	143		143	142	107	105
	21		21	20	107	16
Sidewalks (miles) Culture & Recreation	21		۷1	20	17	10
	171		170	170	170	170
Acreage of Parks					4	
Playgrounds Baseball Fields	4		4	4		4
	5		5	5	5	5
Soccer Fields	2		2	2	2	2
Tennis Courts	4		4	4	4	4
Community Center	1		1	1	1	-
Water	407		407	407	407	100
Water Mains (miles)	137		137	137	137	106
Water Plant Capacity	_		_	_	_	_
(million gallons daily)	5		5	5	5	5
Sewer						
Sanitary Sewer Mains (miles)	79		79	79	79	65
Sewer Plant Capacity	_					
(million gallons daily)	4		4	4	4	4
Transit			_	_	_	
Buses	-	(a)	5	5	5	4
Trolley	-	(a)	1	1	1	1

Source: Various City departments. Capital asset indicators are not available for the general government function. (a) The city no longer operates a transit system, as it was sold to the County on October 1, 2008.

2004	2003	2002	2001	2000
1	1	1	1	1
22	19	21	16	13
2	2	2	2	1
3	3	3	3	2
1	1	1	1	1
-	-	-	-	-
105	95	95	95	95
15	13	13	12	12
170	170	112	82	82
4	4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5	5
2	2	2	2	2
4	4	4	4	4
-	-	-	-	-
105	99	99	98	98
5	5	5	5	5
65	57	57	57	55
4	2	2	2	2
4	4	3	2	2
1	- -	-	-	-
•				





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of Canton, Georgia

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Canton, Georgia (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the City of Canton, Georgia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 23, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, as items 2009-1 through 2009-6, to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, as items 2009-1 through 2009-6, to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that were reported to management of the City in a separate letter dated February 23, 2010.

The City's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. We did not audit the City's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Mayor, members of the City Council, and management of the City and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Manddin & Jenlins, LLC

Atlanta, Georgia February 23, 2010

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

<u>Financial Statements</u>	
Type of auditor's report issued	Unqualified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weaknesses identified?	_X_ yes no
Significant deficiencies identified not considered	
to be material weaknesses?	yes <u>X</u> no
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yesX_ no

Federal Awards

There was not an audit of major federal award programs for the year ended September 30, 2009 due to the total amount expended being less than \$500,000.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

2009-1 Restatement of prior year balances

Criteria: Internal controls should be in place to ensure that financial statements are properly presenting the financial position and results of the City.

Condition: Internal controls were not sufficient to detect a material misstatement in the City's financial statements for the years ended September 30, 2007 and 2008.

Context/Cause: During our audit for the year ended September 30, 2009, a material misstatement was identified by management that caused the need to restate opening net assets (equity) for the year ended September 30, 2009. The nature and magnitude of this correction for the prior period error is as follows:

• The Water and Sewer fund required an adjustment of approximately \$657,000 to properly recognize revenue that had been deferred as of September 30, 2007 and 2008.

Effects: An audit adjustment of approximately \$657,000 was needed to correctly report the opening balance of equity for the Water and Sewer fund.

Recommendation: We recommend the City carefully review the financial statements and their applicable reporting requirements under generally accepted accounting principles to ensure that all information and financial data is being properly reported.

Auditee's Response: We concur with the finding. We will take necessary steps in the future to ensure that the financial statements are properly reported.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

2009-2 Reporting of cash balances

Criteria: Internal controls should be sufficient to properly allocate the pooled cash balances among the appropriate funds and to ensure the monthly bank reconciliations are reconciling bank balances to each respective fund's share of the cash account, per the general ledger.

Condition: Internal controls were not sufficient to ensure that cash balances were properly reported as of September 30, 2009.

Context/Cause: During our testing of cash balances, audit adjustments were required to correct current year amounts. The nature of these adjustments is as follows:

- The General Fund required an adjustment of approximately \$40,000 to increase interfund payables and cash balances for transactions occurring after year end which were originally reported as reconciling items on the bank reconciliations.
- An adjustment of approximately \$51,000 was required to properly report cash balances in the Municipal Court Fund rather than in the General Fund for cash bonds held by the court. Additionally, we noted that the court was not keeping an active detail listing of the outstanding court bonds or other pending cases for which the cash had been collected, but not disbursed as of September 30, 2009.
- An adjustment of approximately \$199,000 was required to properly record sales taxes
 receivable and cash balances in the SPLOST V Fund as they were originally reported as
 reconciling items on the bank reconciliations.
- An adjustment of approximately \$173,000 was required to report interfund payables and cash balances, for which the payments were made after year end, in the Water & Sewer Fund which were originally reported as reconciling items on the bank reconciliations.
- An adjustment of approximately \$128,000 was required to report interfund receivables and cash balances, for which the payments were received after year end, in the Stormwater Fund which were originally reported as reconciling items on the bank reconciliations.
- An adjustment of approximately \$84,000 was required to properly report interfund receivables and cash balances, for which the payments were not received by year end, in the Sanitation Fund. These items which were originally reported as reconciling items on the bank reconciliations.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

2009-2 Reporting of cash balances (Continued)

Effects: Audit adjustments of approximately \$675,000 were needed to correctly report the cash balances of the City as of September 30, 2009.

Recommendation: We recommend the City properly perform the monthly bank reconciliations for each account to the general ledger and ensure that only transactions originating on or before year-end are included in the general ledger detail. Additionally, we recommend that a detail listing of cash bonds and other pending court collections be maintained and reconciled back to the cash balances on a monthly basis.

Auditee's Response: We concur with the finding. We will take necessary steps in the future to ensure that cash balances are properly recorded and reconciled.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

2009-3 Revenues and related receivables

Criteria: Internal controls should be in place to ensure that the amounts reported as receivables, including any allowances for uncollectible accounts, and related revenues and deferred revenues are appropriate and properly valued.

Condition: Internal controls were not sufficient to detect the need for material adjustments to the City's receivables, allowance for doubtful accounts, revenues and deferred revenues.

Context/Cause: During our testing, certain audit adjustments were required to correct current year amounts. The nature of these adjustments is as follows:

- The General Fund required an adjustment of approximately \$25,000 to report franchise taxes receivable and deferred revenue.
- The SPLOST V Fund required an adjustment of approximately \$43,000 to properly defer revenues in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting.
- The allowance for doubtful accounts required adjustments of approximately \$13,000 in the Water and Sewer Fund.
- Unbilled receivables and related revenues required adjustments of approximately \$113,000, \$22,000, and \$26,000 in the Water & Sewer, Stormwater and Sanitation funds, respectively.

Effects: Audit adjustments of approximately \$242,000 were needed to correctly report revenues, deferred revenues, and the related receivables, net of allowances for doubtful accounts.

Recommendation: We recommend the City carefully review all receivable accounts and all allowance calculations to ensure revenues and the related receivables are properly valued. Especially considering the current economical conditions across the state and country, the City should continue to evaluate the allowance calculation to ensure revenues and related receivables are properly valued. In addition, revenue should be reviewed to ensure it is reported in the proper period and in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Auditee's Response: We concur with the finding. We will take necessary steps in the future to ensure that revenues and related receivables are properly recorded.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

2009-4 Expenditure/Expense recognition

Criteria: Generally, expenditures should be recognized as soon as a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Condition: Internal controls were not sufficient to detect certain misstatements in the reporting of the City's expenditures and related liabilities.

Context/Cause: During our testing of expenditures, certain audit adjustments were required to correct current year amounts. The nature of these adjustments is as follows:

- The General Fund required an adjustment of approximately \$191,000 to properly accrue payroll expenditures incurred during the year.
- The Impact Fees Fund required an adjustment of approximately \$7,000 to properly record payables and expenditures.
- The Water & Sewer Fund required an adjustment of approximately \$162,000 to properly report interest expense and accrued interest payable.
- An adjustment of approximately \$63,000 was required to properly report the debt service expenditures of the Urban Redevelopment Agency Fund.
- The Canton Development Authority required an adjustment of approximately \$36,000 to properly report interest expenditures and related interest income.
- The Canton Downtown Development Authority required an adjustment of approximately \$7,000 to properly report interest expense and accrued interest.

Effects: Audit adjustments totaling approximately \$466,000 were needed to correctly report expenditures/expenses and the related liabilities.

Recommendation: We recommend the City carefully review all expenditures/expenses and related balance sheet accounts to ensure all necessary transactions are reported in the proper period, in the proper fund, and in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Auditee's Response: We concur with the finding. We will take necessary steps in the future to ensure that expenditures/expenses and related balance sheet accounts are properly recorded.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

2009-5 Reporting of capital assets

Criteria: Internal controls should be in place to ensure that the amounts reported as capital assets are in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Condition: Internal controls were not sufficient to detect misstatements in the reporting of the City's capital assets.

Context/Cause: During our testing of capital assets, an audit adjustment was required to correct capital asset balances. The nature of this adjustment is as follows:

• The Stormwater Fund and the capital assets reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets required an adjustment of approximately \$647,000 to properly report the stormwater infrastructure in the newly created Stormwater Fund.

Effects: An audit adjustment of approximately \$647,000 was needed to correctly report capital assets as of September 30, 2009.

Recommendation: We recommend the City carefully review all capital assets and related expenditures/expenses to ensure they are properly reported in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Auditee's Response: We concur with the finding. We will take necessary steps in the future to ensure that capital assets are properly reported.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

2009-6 Segregation of duties

Criteria: Internal controls should be in place, which provide reasonable assurance that an individual cannot misappropriate funds without such actions being detected during the normal course of business.

Condition: Appropriate segregation of duties was not noted within the following areas of the City: cash receipting, recording and reconciliation process; revenue and receivable recording; accounts payable and expense/expenditure recording; and capital asset maintenance.

Context/Cause: Several instances of overlapping duties were noted during interviews and walk-through procedures regarding internal control procedures, and are as follows:

- Persons responsible for posting cash receipts to receivable subsidiary ledgers can also: process customer service calls and complaints; open the mail; and/or prepare deposits.
- Individuals who reconcile the bank accounts also investigate any discrepancies or issues related to cash.
- Individuals who investigate discrepancies or issues related to cash should not be able to: post
 journal entries to the general ledger; maintain the chart of accounts; edit transactional data or
 approve edits of transactional data.
- Individuals who process bills are not independent of the collection function.
- Citizen or customer complaints are not followed up by persons independent of the accounts receivable, bookkeeping and cash handling process.
- Recording and/or approval of abatements and cancellations or refunds is not independent of cash handling and other receivable bookkeeping functions.
- Individuals who maintain or authorize accounts receivable adjustments should not be able to
 edit the accounts receivable master file, open the mail or copy checks received or maintain
 access to cash.
- Individuals who initiate purchase orders should be independent of approval of purchase
 orders; maintenance of the purchase journal; initiating checks for expenditures; preparing or
 issuing debt memos; editing the vendor master file; input of purchase orders; verification or
 processing receipts of inventory; receiving goods from or transfer goods to inventory;
 investigating discrepancies or issues related to expenditures, inventory, capital assets,
 revenue, debt or cash; maintain access to or custody of inventory; process sales orders and
 maintaining the chart of accounts.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

2009-6 Segregation of duties (Continued)

Individuals who record capital assets transactions should not be able to reconcile the accounts
payable subsidiary ledger to the general ledger; initiate the disposal of capital assets; reconcile
the capital assets subsidiary ledger to the general ledger; maintain access to and custody of
capital assets; investigate discrepancies or issues related to capital assets or edit the capital
assets master file.

Effects: Failure to properly segregate duties or implement compensating controls can lead to misappropriation of funds or abuse of the system that is not detected in a timely manner by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Recommendation: We recommend the City segregate duties and/or implement compensating controls in the areas noted above.

Auditee's Response: We will review our operations to determine the most efficient and effective solution to properly segregate duties.

SECTION III FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Not applicable.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

SECTION IV STATUS OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

The prior audit's schedule of findings and questioned costs included no findings relative to federal awards.