

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Fiscal Year Oct. 1, 2021-Sept. 30, 2022
Prepared by: City of Canton Finance Department

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022

Submitted By: Finance Department

Melissa Forrester, CPA Finance Director

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022

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June 23, 2023

Honorable Mayor, City Council and Citizens of Canton, Georgia:

We are pleased to submit to you the fiscal year 2022 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the City of Canton, Georgia (the City) in accordance with municipal code and Georgia law on local government audits.

This document represents management's report to its governing body, constituents, legislative and oversight bodies, and creditors. Copies of this report will be sent to elected officials, management personnel, bond rating agencies, the Electronic Municipal Market Access system, and other agencies that have expressed an interest in the City's financial matters. A copy of this financial report will also be available on the City's website for use by the general public.

Responsibility for the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the City. The City has established and maintains a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of financial statements. We believe the data, as presented in this report, is accurate in all material respects, and is presented in a manner which fairly sets forth the financial position and results of operations of the City on both a city-wide and fund basis. Furthermore, we believe that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activity and financial stability have been included.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for local governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

Rushton & Company, LLC, Gainesville, Georgia, a licensed firm of certified public accountants, has audited the City of Canton's financial statements. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Canton for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, are free of material misstatements. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Canton's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, are fairly presented, in all material respects, and are in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Government

The City of Canton was incorporated in 1834 along the Etowah River at the foothills of the Blue Ridge mountains. It was named after the Chinese city of Canton because citizens hoped the Georgia town would also become known for its silk production. Early residents of Canton planted mulberry trees and brought silkworms to the area thinking the climate would sustain them. While silk production was not successful, Canton quickly became a top cotton producer. The City was known nationwide for its denim, which fueled the local economy through the 1980s. New industries have since taken over and Canton is now the county seat of Cherokee County.

The City encompasses approximately 14 square miles and is located thirty-five miles north of Atlanta at the intersections of Interstate 575 and Highways 5, 20, and 140. The estimated current population is approximately 34,576. The City is governed by a Mayor and six Council Members, who are elected to serve four-year terms. The City Manager is appointed by the City Council and serves as the chief administrative officer of the City, responsible for the daily operations of all City departments.

The City provides a full range of municipal services, including police protection, water and sewer services, construction and maintenance of streets, recreational and cultural events, planning and zoning services, and general administrative services. Canton offers community facilities including a swimming pool, nine parks, and miles of walking trails. To provide a greater range of services, the City has partnered with Cherokee County and non-profit organizations to provide various community activities that otherwise would not be cost-effective to operate as a City function. Some partner-operated functions include fire services, library services, community center and golf course operations, destination marketing, and sanitation services.

The City, in conjunction with its component units, is striving to improve the lives of its residents through the creation of new parks and recreational venues, investments in public safety and community outreach, and upgrades to water and sewer infrastructure. The Mayor and City Council are proactive in planning for the future and initiating plans to meet the evolving needs of the community.

Financial Controls

Internal Controls

As previously noted, management of the City of Canton is responsible for establishing and maintaining a system of internal control. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding a) the safety of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition; and b) the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: a) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and b) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework.

Budgetary Controls

The City maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions of the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council. Activities of the General Fund, Canton Building Authority, Hotel/Motel Tax Fund, Rental Car Tax Fund, Confiscated Assets Fund, Impact Fee Fund,

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SPLOST Fund, Road & Sidewalk Fund, Water and Sewer Fund, Stormwater Fund, Sanitation Fund and Municipal Court Fund are included in the annual appropriated budget. The official level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) for each legally adopted annual operating budget is the department level within each fund. Administrative transfers of appropriations within a fund may be authorized by the City Manager to meet unforeseen needs, as long as the total budgeted amounts do not exceed these appropriations by fund. The City's accounting policies, together with such procedures for discretely presented component units, are more fully explained in the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Local Economic Condition

The City has experienced a significant amount of growth in the past 20 years, and now, Canton's full potential is beginning to unfold. Canton has maintained a 5.4 millage rate on property taxes for the last five years and has continued to see revenues surpass budgeted estimates because of new development and price appreciation. Revenues from the City's water and sewer system sufficiently support current operations while increasing reserves needed for future capital improvements.

Per the Atlanta Regional Commission, the population growth of the City of Canton has been as follows:

<u>Year</u>	. <u>Population</u>	% of County
1960	2,411	11.6
1970	3,654	11.8
1980	3,589	6.9
1990	4,817	5.3
2000	7,709	5.4
2010	22,958	10.7
2020	30,528	11.0

The City's population increase is a result of its proximity to the Atlanta metropolitan area, low tax rates, modern infrastructure, and exceptional educational systems.

Private Development

Canton's retail, restaurant, and industrial outlets have expanded since The Great Recession, as has construction of single-family and multi-family residential units. As evidence of the area's progress and population boom, Northside Hospital-Cherokee constructed a new, larger facility in 2017 to replace Canton's former hospital, adding two more floors in 2019. The hospital started construction on two additional floors in 2020- which will bring the facility's total height to ten stories.

Looking Forward

Long-Term Financial Planning

The City of Canton is well positioned for future economic success. The City's diverse revenue base, in conjunction with one of the lowest effective millage rates in Cherokee County, provides Canton with the ability to weather changes and actively engage in multi-year financial planning. The City is committed to keeping taxes low and making public investments in services and infrastructure moving forward.

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The City maintains a five-year capital improvement plan to account for future capital acquisitions and capital asset replacements. Long range plans for business-type and governmental activities are included in this process.

Financial Policies

The Finance Department administers financial policies focused on long-term financial health while respecting the current interests of Canton's residents, customers, and stakeholders. These policies address fund balances, the use of one-time revenues, issuance of debt, purchasing and procurement, cash and investment management, and accounting practices. These policies, along with City leadership and coordinated multi-department efforts, support basic government services and programs to address emerging issues.

Major Initiatives

Hickory Log Creek Raw Water Reservoir

The Hickory Log Creek Reservoir is a jointly owned project between the City of Canton and the Cobb County-Marietta Water Authority (CCMWA). CCMWA operates and manages the project, but the costs and water supply generated by the project are split 75% (CCMWA)/ 25% (Canton). The project includes a reservoir and dam, an intake and pumping station on the Etowah River, and a 42-inch pipeline connecting the river and the reservoir. The Hickory Log Creek Reservoir supplements Canton's water supply from the Etowah River and CCMWA's supply further downstream from Allatoona Lake. At 180 feet high, the Hickory Log Creek Dam is the highest dam in Georgia not constructed by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers or Georgia Power Company. The reservoir has a total storage capacity of almost six billion gallons, covers approximately 411 acres at full pool, and provides approximately 15 miles of shoreline. Most of the reservoir is surrounded by a 150-foot protective buffer. The reservoir is located within City limits, and a public access area near the intersection of Bluffs Parkway and Fate Conn Road provides recreational opportunities for visitors.

Wastewater Treatment Plant

In 2017, the City began a comprehensive water and sewer master plan to project demands on Canton's water and sewer system through 2040. Reports indicate the permitted discharge of 4.0 MGD may be exceeded around 2025. Consequently, the City engaged design engineering services to expand the current plant from 4.0 MGD to 7.0 MGD. In January 2021, Moody's issued an Aa2 rating for the City of Canton and S&P Global Ratings assigned an AA- bond rating for the water and wastewater systems. These positive ratings preceded a competitive bid for bonds to fund construction of the expansion. The City issued bonds totaling \$62,925,000 with total proceeds amounting to \$67,157,437 in February. Construction of these improvements began in March 2021 and should be completed by 2024.

Road and Street Infrastructure

Over the last six years, the City of Canton has launched the most aggressive paving and street rehabilitation improvements program in recent history. The City has utilized Local Maintenance and Improvement Grants (LMIG) from the State, along with sales taxes collected locally, to make road maintenance a top priority. The City will continue this philosophy moving forward in hopes to maintain road and street infrastructure to the highest standards.

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Recreational Facilities

In recent years, the City of Canton has acquired additional parkland and completed many improvements to the recreational and cultural facilities it provides for its citizens. Etowah River Park, providing 58 acres of passive recreational use, was opened in 2015. Since this time, the City of Canton has connected the Etowah River Park trail system with that of the existing Heritage Park trail system. Construction is currently underway on sections of the Etowah River Park Trail east of I-575 as well as the section of trail connecting Heritage Park with Boling Park.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Canton for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. This was the 22nd consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this annual comprehensive financial report is possible because of the dedicated services of the Finance Department and the cooperation of all City departments. We would like to express our appreciation to everyone who assisted and contributed to this effort. We also wish to thank the Mayor and members of the City Council for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial affairs of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

William "Billy" Peppers

City Manager

Melissa Forrester, CPA

Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Canton Georgia

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO





Bill Grant

Mayor 470.219.2558 bill.grant@cantonga.gov

City of Canton, Georgia Elected Officials



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Brooke Schmidt

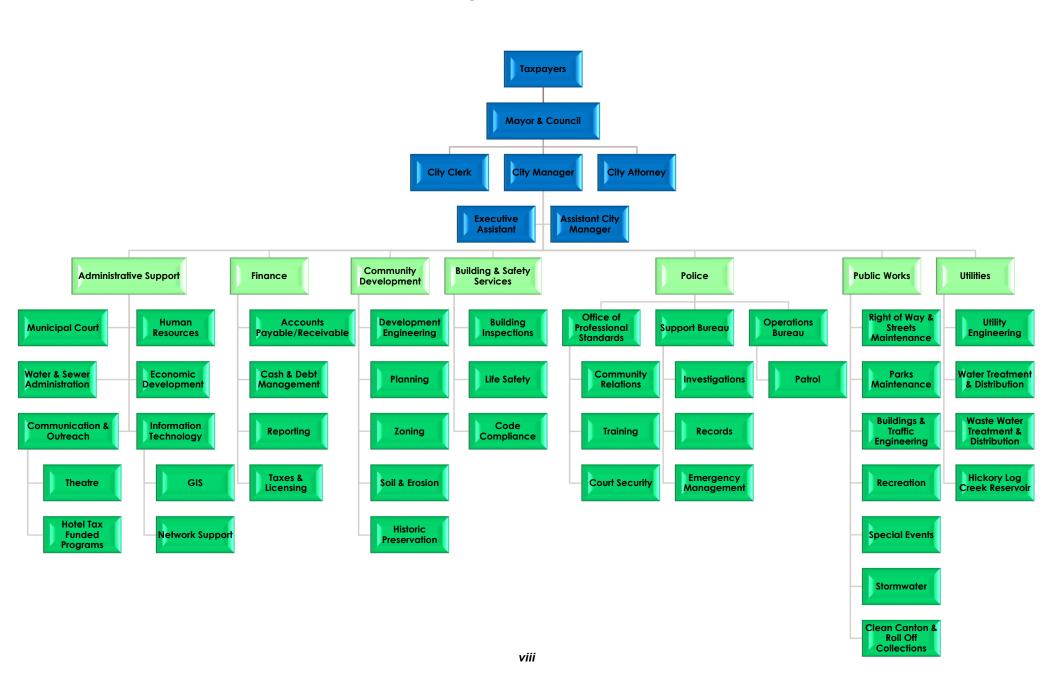
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City of Canton Organizational Chart September 30, 2022











Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Canton, Georgia

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining information of the City of Canton, Georgia, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining information of the City of Canton, Georgia, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Canton, Georgia and to meet our ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Canton, Georgia's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Canton, Georgia's internal control. Accordingly, no
 such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Canton, Georgia's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information on pages 4 through 12 and 65 through 71, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Canton, Georgia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, the statistical section, and the schedule of projects financed with special purpose local option sales tax are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, the schedule of projects financed with special purpose local option sales tax, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, the schedule of projects financed with special purpose local option sales tax, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 23, 2023, on our consideration of the City of Canton, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Canton's internal control over financial reporting.

Certified Public Accountants

Rushton, LLC

Gainesville, Georgia June 23, 2023

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Canton, Georgia's financial performance provides a narrative overview and analysis of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) focuses on current year activities and resulting changes. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The City's combined net position improved by about \$18.5 million (10.8%) to \$191,370,378 from \$172,413,105 in 2021.

Combined revenues in 2022 increased by approximately \$14 million to \$58.4 million from \$44.4 million in 2021, of which governmental activities totaled \$39 million and business-type activities totaled \$19.4 million. This change was mainly a result from an increase in taxes and intergovernmental revenue. Most revenue categories either remained fairly consistent or saw a marginal increase from those of 2021.

Overall expenses increased by about \$5.4 million (15.6%), from \$34.5 million in 2021 to \$39.9 million, of which governmental activities increased by approximately \$4.2 million while business-type expenses increased by \$1.2 million. The increases were due predominantly from increases in General Government expenses and Public Safety expenses. Most other categories of expenses remained fairly consistent or saw a decrease from those of 2021.

As of September 30, 2022, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$22,707,393. Of this amount, \$982,775 is nonspendable due to notes receivable, leases receivable, and/or prepaid expenditures, approximately \$8 million is restricted for identified governmental functions, \$1,612,791 is assigned for use in the 2023 fiscal year operations of the General Fund, \$499,865 is assigned for Tourism and \$11.6 million is unassigned. The total governmental fund balance represents an increase of 13.9% from that of 2021, mainly due to increased intergovernmental revenues and tax revenues in the General Fund and SPLOST revenues outpacing expenditures in the current year. Overall, total revenues increased more than expenditures, and the City finished the fiscal year with a total increase in fund balance in the governmental funds of \$2,768,237.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Canton's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements (beginning on page 13). The government-wide financial statements provide a broad overview of the City's operations, in a manner similar to that of private-sector businesses. The statements include:

The Statement of Net Position presents the City's assets, liabilities and deferred outflows and inflows, with the differences reported as net position. Over time, the change in net position may serve as an indicator of the improvement (an increase) or deterioration (a decrease) in the City's financial condition.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will not result in cash flows until future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused accrued vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements identify the various functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. Governmental activities of the City include general government, judicial, public safety, public works, culture and recreation, and housing and development. Business-type activities include the water and sanitary sewer system, stormwater system, and sanitation services.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Canton, Georgia itself (known as the primary government), but also legally separate component units (Canton Downtown Development Authority, Canton Main Street Program, and Canton Tourism, Inc.) for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for the component units is reported separately from financial information presented for the primary government itself. Further discussion can be found in the notes to the financial statements Note 1A.

Fund financial statements (beginning on page 16). A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary (agency) funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources, available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains four governmental fund types: the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds and Capital Projects Funds. Only four individual funds are considered to be major funds – the General Fund, the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 Fund, the Canton Building Authority Fund, and the SPLOST VII Fund. Data from the other funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Proprietary funds (beginning on page 20). The City maintains three proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that operate similar to those of commercial enterprises found in the private sector. The City maintains a Water and Sewer Fund, Stormwater Fund, and Sanitation Fund. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements but in greater detail. The City reports all of its proprietary funds as major funds.

Fiduciary (custodial) funds (beginning on page 23). Custodial funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the financial statements (pages 27 - 64). The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required supplementary information (beginning on page 65). In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's schedule of budgetary comparisons and schedules regarding the City's defined benefit pension plan.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Over time, the change in net position may serve as an indicator of the improvement (an increase) or deterioration (a decrease) in the City's financial condition. The City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$191,370,378 at the close of the fiscal year. The table below shows the split of net position between governmental and business-type activities.

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA Statement of Net Position (condensed) September 30, 2022 and 2021

(\$ in thousands)

	Governmental				Busine	ss-t	ype	Total							
		Activ	/itie	s	Activ	/itie	S		Gove	rnme	ent				
		2022		2021	2022		2021		2022		2021				
Cash and Other Current Assets	\$	36,717	\$	35,781	\$ 56,946	\$	77,804	\$	93,663	\$	113,585				
Capital Assets		86,698		75,829	116,502		95,153		203,200		170,982				
Total Assets		123,415		111,610	173,448		172,957		296,863		284,567				
Deferred Outflows of Resources		1,277		1,681	 110		143		1,387		1,824				
Other Liabilities		5,958		9,978	10,242		8,299		16,200		18,277				
Long-term Liabilities		11,662		18,058	68,161		70,584		79,823		88,642				
Total Liabilities		17,620		28,036	78,403		78,883		96,023		106,919				
Deferred Inflows of Resources		10,693		7,047	 163		12		10,856		7,059				
Net Position:															
Net Investment in Capital Assets		73,632		59,402	82,660		77,860		156,292		137,262				
Restricted		8,026		10,571	-		-		8,026		10,571				
Unrestricted		14,720		8,235	12,332		16,345		27,052		24,580				
Total Net Position	\$	96,378	\$	78,208	\$ 94,992	\$	94,205	\$	191,370	\$	172,413				

The City has \$156,292,304 of its net position invested in capital assets (e.g. land, infrastructure, buildings, equipment, and other), less any related debt outstanding that was needed to build or acquire the assets. The City uses these assets to provide services to the citizens and the businesses in the City; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since those assets themselves will not be liquidated to retire the associated debt. The City has \$8,025,659 of its net position that is subject to external restrictions, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation on how it can be used. The City has a balance of \$27,052,415 in unrestricted net position.

As of September 30, 2022 the City of Canton is able to present positive balances in all net position categories for the governmental and business-type activities.

For the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022, the City's net position increased by about \$18.5 million.

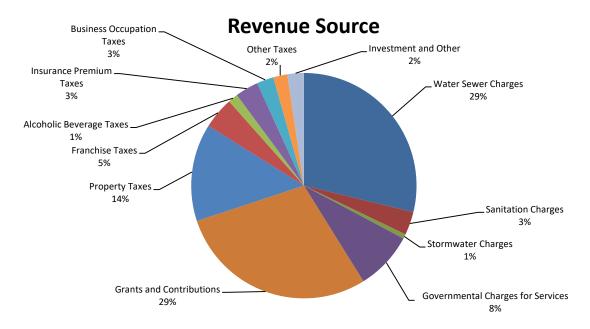
Statement of Activities (condensed) For the fiscal years ending September 30, 2022 and 2021

(\$ in thousands)

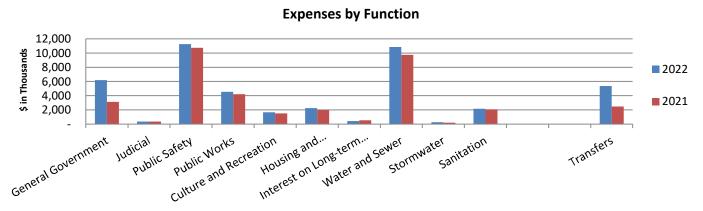
	Governmental					Busine	ss-t	ype	Total						
		Acti	vities	6		Acti	vitie	S		Gove	rnme	ent			
		2022		2021		2022		2021		2022		2021			
REVENUES															
Program Revenues															
Charges for Services	\$	4,887	\$	4,821	\$	19,152	\$	19,132	\$	24,039	\$	23,953			
Operating Grants and Contributions		10,107		150		-		-		10,107		150			
Capital Grants and Contributions		6,716		5,697		-		-		6,716		5,697			
General Revenues															
Property Taxes		8,178		7,335		-		-		8,178		7,335			
Franchise Taxes		2,641		2,201		-		-		2,641		2,201			
Alcoholic Beverage Taxes		826		789		-		-		826		789			
Insurance Premium Taxes		1,951		1,889		-		-		1,951		1,889			
Business Occupation Taxes		1,416		1,210		-		-		1,416		1,210			
Other Taxes		1,177		1,057		-		-		1,177		1,057			
Investment Earnings		75		4		239		11		314		15			
Other Revenues		1,064		141		-				1,064		141			
Total Revenues		39,038		25,294		19,391		19,143		58,429		44,437			
EXPENSES															
General Government		6,195		3,132		-		-		6,195		3,132			
Judicial		353		342		-		-		353		342			
Public Safety		11,268		10,735		-		-		11,268		10,735			
Public Works		4,537		4,199		-		-		4,537		4,199			
Culture and Recreation		1,654		1,505		-		-		1,654		1,505			
Housing and Development		2,251		1,980		-		-		2,251		1,980			
Interest on Long-term Debt		407		535		-		-		407		535			
Water and Sewer		-		-		10,867		9,849		10,867		9,849			
Stormwater		-		-		251		202		251		202			
Sanitation		-		-		2,146		2,055		2,146		2,055			
Total Expenses		26,665		22,428		13,264		12,106		39,929		34,534			
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position															
before Transfers		12,373		2,866		6,127		7,037		18,500		9,903			
Transfers		5,351		2,465		(5,351)		(2,465)		-		-			
Change in Net Position		17,724		5,331		776		4,572		18,500		9,903			
Net Position, Beginning (original)		78,208		73,107		94,205		89,633		172,413		162,740			
Prior Period Adjustments		446		(230)		11				457		(230)			
Net Position, Beginning (restated)		78,654		72,877		94,216		89,633		172,870		162,510			
Net Position, Ending	\$	96,378	\$	78,208	\$	94,992	\$	94,205	\$	191,370	\$	172,413			

The total change in net position reflects an increase of over \$18 million. The governmental activities reported an increase of over \$17.7 million and the business-type activities reported an increase of almost \$776,000.

Water and sewer charges experienced a slight decrease due to an exceptionally wet weather pattern during the year. Stormwater charges increased significantly due to an increase in rates. Property tax revenues showed an increase of approximately \$723 thousand due to economic growth and increased property values. Grants and contributions increased substantially by approximately \$11 million, as the City recognized the American Rescue Plan Act receipts as revenue in the current year. Franchise taxes increased by about \$440 thousand due to increases in utility consumption. Business and ocupational taxes also increased by about \$206 thousand due to growth in the area.



Government-wide expenses increased by just under \$5.4 million (15.6%) between 2021 and 2022. General Government expenses increased approximately \$3.1 million (97.8%) due to the distribution of a building to the Downtown Development Authority. Public Safety expenses increased by approximately \$533,000 (5%), while Public Works expenses saw an increase of approximately \$338,000 (8%), both due mostly to personnel expenses. Culture and Recreation expenses increased by approximately \$149,000 (9.9%) due to less effect of the pandemic on the current fiscal year in comparison to the prior fiscal year. Housing and Development expenses increased by approximately \$271,000 (13.7%) due mostly to personnel expenses. Water & Sewer expenses increased by approximately \$1 million (10.3%) due to increases in costs of goods sold and depreciation. Sanitation costs increased approximately \$91,000 (4.4%), while the Stormwater expenses increased by \$49,000 (24.5%). Interest on long-term debt showed a decrease of approximately \$128,000 (24%).



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental Funds.</u> The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources. Such information is useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. In particular, the unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of September 30, 2022, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$22,707,393. Of this amount, \$11,586,303 is unassigned.

Major Governmental Funds

The General Fund is the operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$11,586,303. In 2021, the General Fund had an unassigned fund balance of \$5,937,754. The significant increase is due to transfers in from the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 Fund for intergovernmental revenue recognized in the current year, along with increases in tax revenues from property tax, sales tax, franchise tax, and other taxes. Expenditures increased by \$9,464,829, due mostly to an increase in capital outlay associated with purchasing property during the current year.

The American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 is a special revenue fund of the City. This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures of the American Rescue Plan Act Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund. The fund did not report a fund balance at the end of the current fiscal year. The City recognized revenues and transfers out totaling \$10,048,112 during the current fiscal year.

The Canton Building Authority is a blended component unit classified as a capital projects fund of the City. The Canton Building Authority was formed by act of the Georgia General Assembly to construct and finance major capital projects within the City of Canton. At the end of the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the Canton Building Authority was \$0. See Note 8 for additional information on the City's long-term debt.

The SPLOST VII Fund is a capital project fund of the City. The purpose of the fund is to account for the collection of special purpose local option sales tax (SPLOST) and the construction of approved capital projects and the associated retirement of debt. The fund started collecting sales tax in July 2018. At the end of the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the SPLOST VII Fund was \$3,365,132. This is a significant decrease from the previous fiscal year's fund balance of \$5,261,997. This decrease is largely attributable to more expenditures for projects approved under the SPLOST referendum being incurred than monthly collections of SPLOST revenue during the current year.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the City's collection and disbursement of specific revenues that are legally restricted for specified purposes. The City has three nonmajor special revenue funds: the Hotel/Motel Tax Fund, the Rental Car Tax Fund and the Confiscated Assets Fund.

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities that are not financed by proprietary funds. The City has two nonmajor capital projects funds: the Impact Fees Fund and the Road and Sidewalk Fund.

Nonmajor governmental fund revenues totaled \$2,625,552 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022; a decrease of 10%. Hotel/Motel Taxes increased by more than \$160,000 (24%) while Impact Fees decreased by almost \$450,000 (21%). Nonmajor governmental fund expenditures totaled \$1,097,492; an increase of 63% from that of fiscal year 2021. The changes include a significant increase in capital outlay expenditures in the Impact Fees Fund. Fund balance for all nonmajor governmental funds was \$5,160,392; a decrease of \$289,524 (5%) from that of fiscal year 2021.

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The City has three enterprise funds, all three of which the City reports as major: the Water and Sewer Fund, the Sanitation Fund, and the Stormwater Fund.

The Water and Sewer Fund has a net position of \$92,391,992, an increase of \$838,073. The net investment in capital assets is \$80,061,544, leaving an unrestricted net position of \$12,330,448. The Water and Sewer fund reported total transfers out to governmental funds of \$5,354,829, primarily for debt service.

The Sanitation Fund reported a decrease in its net position. The reported total net position of \$432,107 was a decrease of \$187,152 from that of the prior fiscal year end. The net investment in capital assets is \$502,201, resulting in an unrestricted net position of (\$70,094).

The Stormwater Fund has a net position of \$2,168,266, an increase of \$134,019 from that of the prior fiscal year. The net investment in capital assets is \$2,096,622, leaving an unrestricted net position of \$71,644.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The City's comparison of actual revenues and expenditures to the adopted budget can be found on pages 65 and 66 of the annual report. Actual revenues exceeded the budget by more than \$2.4 million while actual expenditures were approximately \$1.8 million less than budgeted amounts.

Amendments to the budget of the General Fund between the original budget and final budget were significant for the current fiscal year. Budgeted total revenues increased \$9,516,763 and budgeted expenditures in total increased \$7,779,000, with the largest change being an increase in General Administration expenditures of \$7,674,000 to purchase land. The remaining amendments were to Recreation, Human Resources, the City Clerk's Office, and contingency.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The table below represents capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:

	Governmental				Busine	ss-	type	Total						
		Activ	es	Activ	∕iti∈	es	Government							
		2022		2021	2022		<u>2021</u>		2022		2021			
Land	\$	25,088,473	\$	13,681,084	\$ 6,173,879	\$	6,173,879	\$	31,262,352	\$	19,854,963			
Construction in Progress		10,189,890		5,663,546	42,584,470		18,842,212		52,774,360		24,505,758			
Site Improvements		-		-	11,292		12,195		11,292		12,195			
Infrastructure		28,445,824		30,032,660	57,956,052		59,936,458		86,401,876		89,969,118			
Buildings and Improvements		20,667,533		24,257,368	8,910,705		9,164,552		29,578,238		33,421,920			
Furniture and Fixtures		103,754		139,087	-		-		103,754		139,087			
Machinery and Equipment		801,313		760,450	865,505		1,024,063		1,666,818		1,784,513			
Vehicles		458,229		649,976					458,229		649,976			
Total	\$	85,755,016	\$	75,184,171	\$ 116,501,903	\$	95,153,359	\$	202,256,919	\$	170,337,530			

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities increased in 2022 due to several large current year additions. Current year purchases include the purchase of 325 acres of land, continued work on the trail system in Etowah River Park, construction of a parking deck adjacent to City Hall, and the purchase of various vehicles and equipment. Within the business-type activities, the City saw an increase in its investment in capital assets, mainly due to the wastewater treatment plan expansition and other water and sewer projects in and around downtown Canton. Refer to Note 9 in the notes to the financial statements for more information.

LONG-TERM DEBT

The table below represents long-term debt outstanding:

_	Governmental Activities			Busine Activ		Total Government						
	2022		2021	2022	2021		2022		2021			
Bonds from direct placements \$	2,805,927	\$	3,272,390	\$ _	\$ -	\$	2,805,927	\$	3,272,390			
Governmental bonds	8,416,226		12,387,381	-	-		8,416,226		12,387,381			
Leases	248,743		-	_	-		248,743		-			
Revenue bonds	-		-	63,627,421	65,456,159		63,627,421		65,456,159			
Notes from direct borrowings				6,292,217	6,692,684		6,292,217		6,692,684			
Total \$	11,470,896	\$	15,661,792	\$ 69,919,638	\$ 72,148,843	\$	81,390,534	\$	87,808,614			

At September 30, 2022, the City reported long-term debt of \$81,141,794, exclusive of interest expense. The decrease from the prior fiscal year was due to scheduled debt service payments combined with the early extinguishment of one of the series of CBA Bonds. The City has no general obligation debt at fiscal year end. Refer to Note 10 in the notes to financial statements for more information on long-term liabilities.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The Mayor and Council in conjunction with the staff of the City of Canton have continued to aggressively address the current and future needs of the City by focusing on sound financial management, the use of current resources for capital expenditures and an extensive budgeting process. The City's General Fund budget for fiscal year 2023 is \$21,999,240. This is an increase of approximately \$1.6 million over the previous fiscal year.

The City's Water and Sewer Fund continued a conservative approach to manage expenses and posted a positive change in net position. The City's Water and Sewer Fund budget actually decreased for fiscal year 2023, as planned infrastructure improvements reduce the need for unexpected repairs and maintenance.

Between 2017 and today Canton residents and visitors have watched as more than 400,000 square feet of historic buildings in the downtown district have been rehabilitated and repurposed. Downtown Canton's restaurant selection has grown from three to ten and will increse by another four in the near future. The first of two new parking decks is under construction. There are new tubing and kayaking outfitters on the Etowah River and trails along more than two hundred acres of riverfront park land. The hospital and hotels continue to expand in the area. Hundreds of residential units and a new high school are in the planning stages. Canton is moving forward and welcomes you to join the ride.

FINANCIAL CONTACT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Canton's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Finance Department, City of Canton, 110 Academy Street, Canton, GA 30114. Please visit our website at www.cantonga.gov for additional information.

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2022

		Primary Government	1			
	Governmental	Business-type	·	Component		
	Activities	Activities	Total	Units		
ASSETS						
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 19,888,177	\$ 11,325,532	\$ 31,213,709	\$ 2,520,864		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	-	41,407,470	41,407,470	-		
Investments	4,037,986	2,101,122	6,139,108	-		
Taxes receivable	10,785,494	=	10,785,494	=		
Accounts receivable (net)	161,669	1,960,237	2,121,906	-		
Due from other governments	1,439,868	16,663	1,456,531	-		
Leases receivable	42,047	-	42,047	-		
Notes receivable	25,000	-	25,000	-		
Prepaid items	336,654	4,213	340,867	=		
Inventory		130,311	130,311			
Total current assets	36,716,895	56,945,548	93,662,443	2,520,864		
Noncurrent assets						
Leases receivable	73,856	_	73,856	_		
Notes receivable	620,000	_	620,000	_		
Right to use leased assets (net)	249,266	=	249,266	=		
Capital assets	•		•			
Nondepreciable	35,278,363	48,758,349	84,036,712	=		
Depreciable (net)	50,476,653	67,743,554	118,220,207	27,135		
Total noncurrent assets	86,698,138	116,501,903	203,200,041	27,135		
Total assets	122 415 022	172 //7 /51	206 962 494	2 547 000		
Total assets	123,415,033	173,447,451	296,862,484	2,547,999		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows of resources - pension	1,276,741	110,417	1,387,158			
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable	923,671	2,493,041	3,416,712	178,031		
Retainage payable	216,529	3,531,180	3,747,709	-		
Accrued liabilities	1,019,968	666,983	1,686,951	-		
Compensated absences payable	265,370	9,801	275,171	=		
Customer deposits payable	-	531,912	531,912	-		
Unearned revenue	1,999,743	1,112,850	3,112,593	-		
Leases payable	48,535	-	48,535	-		
Notes payable	36,691	405,833	442,524	-		
Bonds payable	1,447,645	1,490,000	2,937,645			
Total current liabilities	5,958,152	10,241,600	16,199,752	178,031		
Noncurrent liabilities						
Compensated absences payable	150,833	14,214	165,047	=		
Net pension liability	1,426,733	123,389	1,550,122	=		
Leases payable	200,209	-	200,209	-		
Notes payable	110,074	5,886,384	5,996,458	-		
Bonds payable	9,774,511	62,137,421	71,911,932			
Total noncurrent liabilities	11,662,360	68,161,408	79,823,768			
Total liabilities	17,620,512	78,403,008	96,023,520	178,031		
	,020,012	. 5, .55,000				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property taxes levied for subsequent year	0 600 557		0 600 EE7			
Property taxes levied for subsequent year Deferred inflows of resources - leases	8,699,557 114,782	-	8,699,557 114,782	-		
Deferred inflows of resources - leases Deferred inflows of resources - pension	1,878,910	- 162,495	2,041,405	-		
Deterred innews of resources - perision	1,070,910	102,493	2,041,400			
Total deferred inflows of resources	10,693,249	162,495	10,855,744			

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2022

			Prim	ary Governmen	t			
	G	overnmental Activities	В	usiness-type Activities		Total	C	omponent Units
NET POSITION		1		-				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	73,631,937	\$	82,660,367	\$	156,292,304	\$	27,135
Restricted for:								
Police equipment		5,874		-		5,874		-
Tourism		69,237		-		69,237		-
Capital outlay		7,950,548		-		7,950,548		-
Unrestricted		14,720,417		12,331,998		27,052,415		2,342,833
Total net position	\$	96,378,013	\$	94,992,365	\$	191,370,378	\$	2,369,968

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022

							Net (Exp	ense	s) Revenues	and	Changes in Ne	Pos	ition
			rog	ram Revenues	3				ry Governme				
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and ontributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	G	overnmental Activities		siness-type Activities		Total	c	omponent Units
Primary government Governmental activities													
General government Judicial Public safety Public works Culture and recreation Housing and development Interest on long-term debt Total governmental activities	\$ 6,195,383 353,370 11,268,037 4,536,556 1,653,968 2,251,156 406,685 26,665,155	\$ 462,510 - 1,791,984 19,001 81,340 2,532,105 - 4,886,940	\$	10,006,497 1,083 75,750 7,580 2,707 12,919	\$ 2,118,574 - 33,516 2,192,741 1,622,960 747,732 - 6,715,523	\$	6,392,198 (352,287) (9,366,787) (2,317,234) 53,039 1,041,600 (406,685) (4,956,156)	\$	- - - - - -	\$	6,392,198 (352,287) (9,366,787) (2,317,234) 53,039 1,041,600 (406,685) (4,956,156)	\$	- - - - - -
Business-type activities Water and Sewer Sanitation Stormwater Total business-type activities	10,866,881 2,145,713 251,270 13,263,864	16,809,174 1,956,937 385,289 19,151,400	_	- - - -	- - - -	_	- - - -		5,942,293 (188,776) 134,019 5,887,536	_	5,942,293 (188,776) 134,019 5,887,536		- - - -
Total primary government	\$ 39,929,019	\$ 24,038,340	\$	10,106,536	\$ 6,715,523	\$	(4,956,156)	\$	5,887,536	\$	931,380	\$	-
Total component units	Payments from 0 Miscellaneous Gain on sale of 0 Transfers	mium pation estment earnings City of Canton capital assets	\$	5,000	\$ 2,715,294	\$	8,178,074 2,641,365 826,382 1,950,938 1,416,487 1,177,284 74,524 - 995,150 69,200 5,350,498	\$	238,714 - - 238,714 - - (5,350,498)	\$	8,178,074 2,641,365 826,382 1,950,938 1,416,487 1,177,284 313,238 - 995,150 69,200	\$	1,914,578 - - - - - 35 243,297 - -
	· ·	venues and transf	ers			_	22,679,902		(5,111,784)	_	17,568,118		243,332
	Change in net Net position - begi	•					17,723,746 78,208,037		775,752 94,205,068		18,499,498 172,413,105		2,157,910 212,058
	Prior period adjust	ments					446,230		11,545		457,775		-
	Net position - begi	nning (restated)					78,654,267		94,216,613		172,870,880		212,058
	Net position - endi	ng				\$	96,378,013	\$	94,992,365	\$	191,370,378	\$	2,369,968

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2022

	 General	R	Amercian escue Plan act of 2021	Bu	nton ilding hority		SPLOST VII	Nonmajor overnmental Funds		Totals
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,505,188	\$	1,211,689	\$	-	\$	2,735,942	\$ 3,435,358	\$	19,888,177
Investments	651,928		-		-		-	3,386,058		4,037,986
Taxes receivable	10,697,918		-		-		-	87,576		10,785,494
Other receivables (net)	161,669		-		-		-	-		161,669
Due from other governments	310,583		-		-		1,129,285	-		1,439,868
Due from other funds	445.000		-		-		-	140,102		140,102
Leases receivable	115,903		-		-		-	-		115,903
Notes receivable	645,000		-		-		-	-		645,000
Prepaid items	 336,654					_		 	_	336,654
Total assets	\$ 25,424,843	\$	1,211,689	\$	-	\$	3,865,227	\$ 7,049,094	\$	37,550,853
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$ 418,174	\$	-	\$	-	\$	283,566	\$ 221,931	\$	923,671
Retainage payable	-		-		-		216,529	-		216,529
Accrued liabilities	83,609		-		-		-	911,914		995,523
Due to other funds	140,102		-		-		-	-		140,102
Unearned revenue	 33,197	_	1,211,689		-			 754,857		1,999,743
Total liabilities	 675,082		1,211,689				500,095	 1,888,702		4,275,568
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Property taxes levied for subsequent year	8,699,557		_		-		_	-		8,699,557
Deferred inflows of resources - leases	114,782		_		-		_	-		114,782
Unavailable revenue:										
Property taxes	273,534		-		_		-	-		273,534
Franchise taxes	1,427,427		-		_		-	-		1,427,427
Fines and forfeitures	 52,592		<u>-</u>				-	 <u>-</u>		52,592
Total deferred inflows of resources	10,567,892				_		-	_		10,567,892
FUND BALANCES	 									
Nonspendable:										
Leases receivable	1,121		-		_		-	-		1,121
Notes receivable	645,000		-		-		-	-		645,000
Prepaid items	336,654		-		-		-	-		336,654
Restricted for:										
Police equipment	-		-		-		-	5,874		5,874
Tourism	-		-		-		-	69,237		69,237
Capital outlay	-		-		-		3,365,132	4,585,416		7,950,548
Assigned to:										
Tourism	-		-		-		-	499,865		499,865
Subsequent year's budget	1,612,791		-		-		-	-		1,612,791
Unassigned	 11,586,303									11,586,303
Total fund balances	14,181,869						3,365,132	5,160,392		22,707,393
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of										
resources, and fund balances	\$ 25,424,843	\$	1,211,689	\$		\$	3,865,227	\$ 7,049,094	\$	37,550,853

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2022

Total fund balance - total governmental funds		\$ 22,707,393
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net pos	sition are different because:	
Some assets are not financial resources and, therefore, are not repor	ted in the funds.	
These are:	.	
Capital assets	\$ 134,738,933	
Accumulated depreciation	(48,983,917)	
Right to use leased assets	253,860	00 004 000
Accumulated amortization	(4,594)	86,004,282
Long-term assets (receivables) are not available to pay current period	d expenditures and, therefore,	
are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.	•	
These are:		
Property taxes	\$ 273,534	
Franchise taxes	1,427,427	
Fines and forfeitures	52,592	1,753,553
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are ag	onlicable to future periods	
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	phodolo to ratare periode	
These are:		
Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 1,276,741	
Deferred inflows of resources	(1,878,910)	(602,169)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and	d are not reported in the funds.	
These are:		
Accrued liabilities - interest	\$ (24,445)	
Compensated absences payable	(416,203)	
Net pension liability	(1,426,733)	
Leases payable	(248,744)	
Notes payable	(146,765)	
Bonds payable	(11,222,156)	 (13,485,046)
Net position of the governmental activities		\$ 96,378,013

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022

		General	American Rescue Plan Act of 2021		Canton Building Authority	SPLOST VII		Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Totals
REVENUES									
Taxes	\$	15,119,037	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	959,229	\$ 16,078,266
Licenses and permits		1,180,044	-		-	-		-	1,180,044
Fines and forfeitures		1,732,432	=		=	=		=	1,732,432
Charges for services		327,573	-		-	-		1,656,849	1,984,422
Intergovernmental		87,341	10,048,112		-	6,674,604		6,553	16,816,610
Interest Contributions		71,603	-		-	850		2,921	75,374
Other		4,600 995,150	-		-	-		-	4,600 995,150
Total revenues	_	19,517,780	10,048,112	_		6,675,454	_	2,625,552	 38,866,898
		13,317,700	10,040,112	_		0,070,404		2,020,002	 30,000,030
EXPENDITURES Current									
General government		9,862,099	_		1,100	_		_	9,863,199
Judicial		362,934	_		-	<u>-</u>		_	362,934
Public safety		11,295,462	-		_	_		276,188	11,571,650
Public works		1,870,783	-		-	-		10,012	1,880,795
Culture and recreation		831,340	-		-	-		20,000	851,340
Housing and development		1,729,821	-		-	-		430,679	2,160,500
Capital outlay		-	-		-	8,572,319		2,107,097	10,679,416
Debt service									
Principal		41,807	-		4,441,463	-		-	4,483,270
Interest		311	-	_	412,266				 412,577
Total expenditures	_	25,994,557		_	4,854,829	8,572,319		2,843,976	 42,265,681
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	_	(6,476,777)	10,048,112	_	(4,854,829)	(1,896,865)		(218,424)	 (3,398,783)
Other financing sources (uses)									
Transfers in		10,614,881	-		4,854,829	-		-	15,469,710
Transfers out		-	(10,048,112)		-	-		(71,100)	(10,119,212)
Proceeds from sales of capital assets Issuance of leases payable		69,200	-		-	-		=	69,200 253,860
Issuance of notes payable		253,860 183,456	-		-	-		-	183,456
Total other financing sources (uses)		11,121,397	(10,048,112)		4,854,829			(71,100)	5,857,014
Net change in fund balance		4,644,620	-		-	(1,896,865)		(289,524)	2,458,231
Fund balances, October 1 (original)		9,227,243	-		-	5,261,997		5,449,916	 19,939,156
Prior period adustment		310,006		_				-	310,006
Fund balances, October 1 (restated)		9,537,249		_		5,261,997		5,449,916	20,249,162
Fund balances, September 30	\$	14,181,869	\$ -	\$		\$ 3,365,132	\$	5,160,392	\$ 22,707,393

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 2,458,231
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are	re different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives at expense.		
Capital outlays Depreciation and amortization	\$ 17,761,286 (4,195,749)	13,565,537
In the statement of activities, the gain/loss on the disposal of capital asse governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale of capital assets incre	•	
Cost of assets disposed Related accumulated depreciation	\$ (308,269) 278,138	(30,131)
Distributions of capital assets decrease net position in the statement of acting in the governmental funds because they are not financial resources.	ctivities, but do not appear	(2,715,295)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financi revenues in the funds. These include recognition of unavailable revenues	•	102,306
Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures. Howe the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is re		
Pension contributions Cost of benefits earned net of employee contributions	\$ 809,026 (443,142)	365,884
The proceeds of debt issuance provide current financial resources to gov increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repaymentiture in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces lon of net position. These include:	nent of debt principal is an	
Lease proceeds Lease principal payments Proceeds from issuance of notes payable Principal payments on notes payable Amortization of discount Principal payments on bonds payable	\$ (253,860) 5,116 (183,456) 36,691 (3,848) 4,441,463	4,042,106
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the and are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. These		
Net decrease in accrued liabilities - interest Net increase in compensated absences	\$ 9,739 (74,631)	 (64,892)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 17,723,746

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS September 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities			
	Water and Sewer	Sanitation	Stormwator	Totals
ASSETS	Sewer	Samilation	Stormwater	Totals
A00E10				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,135,436	\$ 151,241	\$ 38,855	\$ 11,325,532
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	41,407,470	-	-	41,407,470
Investments	2,101,122	-	-	2,101,122
Accounts receivable (net)	1,747,658	168,910	43,669	1,960,237
Due from other governments	16,663	-	-	16,663
Prepaid items	3,160	1,053	-	4,213
Inventory	130,311			130,311
Total current assets	56,541,820	321,204	82,524	56,945,548
Noncurrent assets				
Capital assets				
Nondepreciable	48,506,231	183,511	68,607	48,758,349
Depreciable	100,258,843	500,745	3,580,843	104,340,431
Accumulated depreciation	(34,861,994)	(182,055)	(1,552,828)	(36,596,877)
Total capital assets	113,903,080	502,201	2,096,622	116,501,903
Total assets	170,444,900	823,405	2,179,146	173,447,451
10141 405015	170,444,000	020,400	2,170,140	170,447,401
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows of resources - pension	84,061	26,356		110,417
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	2,187,254	295,057	10,730	2,493,041
Retainage payable	3,531,180	-	-	3,531,180
Due to other funds	<u>-</u>	- 	-	-
Accrued liabilities	665,283	1,700	-	666,983
Compensated absences payable	8,331	1,470	-	9,801
Customer deposits payable	483,052	48,710	150	531,912
Unearned revenue	1,112,850	-	-	1,112,850
Notes payable	405,833	-	-	405,833
Bonds payable	1,490,000			1,490,000
Total current liabilities	9,883,783	346,937	10,880	10,241,600
Noncurrent liabilities				
Compensated absences payable	11,735	2,479	_	14,214
Net pension liability	93,937	29,452	_	123,389
Notes payable	5,886,384	-	_	5,886,384
Bonds payable	62,137,421	-	-	62,137,421
Total noncurrent liabilities	68,129,477	31,931		68,161,408
Total liabilities	78,013,260	378,868	10,880	78,403,008
	. 5,5 .5,255	3.3,000	. 5,555	. 5, . 55, 555
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows of resources - pension	123,709	38,786		162,495
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	80,061,544	502,201	2,096,622	82,660,367
Unrestricted	12,330,448	(70,094)	71,644	12,331,998
Total net position	\$ 92,391,992	\$ 432,107	\$ 2,168,266	\$ 94,992,365
	,,-32		. ,,	,,

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022

OPERATING REVENUES Sewer Sanitation Stormwater Totals Water fees \$ 7,310,151 \$ \$ \$ 7,310 Sewer fees 9,263,403 9,263 Sanitation fees 1,929,977 1,929 Stormwater fees 385,289 385 Miscellaneous 235,620 26,960 262 Total operating revenues 16,809,174 1,956,937 385,289 19,151 OPERATING EXPENSES Costs of sales and services 6,995,527 2,087,593 87,072 9,170 Depreciation 2,442,532 58,120 164,198 2,664 Total operating expenses 9,438,059 2,145,713 251,270 11,835 Operating income 7,371,115 (188,776) 134,019 7,316 Non-operating revenues (expenses) (1,428,822) 238 Interest revenue (3,181,007 (188,776) 134,019 6,126			Buomece 1,		
OPERATING REVENUES Water fees \$ 7,310,151 \$ - \$ - \$ 7,310 Sewer fees 9,263,403 - 3 - 9,263 Sanitation fees - 1,929,977 - 385,289 385 Stormwater fees - 26,960 - 262 26,960 - 262 Miscellaneous 235,620 26,960 - 262 262 Total operating revenues 16,809,174 1,956,937 385,289 19,151 OPERATING EXPENSES Costs of sales and services 6,995,527 2,087,593 87,072 9,170 Depreciation 2,442,532 58,120 164,198 2,664 Total operating expenses 9,438,059 2,145,713 251,270 11,835 Operating income 7,371,115 (188,776) 134,019 7,316 Non-operating revenues (expenses) 1,1428,822 - - - 238 Interest expense (1,428,822) - - - (1,428 Total non-operating revenues (expenses) (1,190,108) - - - (1,428 <th></th> <th>Water and</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>		Water and			
Water fees \$ 7,310,151 \$ - \$ 0,263,403 \$ 9,263,403 \$ 9,263,403 \$ - \$ 1,929,977 \$ - \$ 9,263 \$ 9,263,403 \$ - \$ 1,929,977 \$ - \$ 1,929,977 \$ - \$ 1,929,977 \$ - \$ 385,289 \$ 385,289 \$ 385,289 \$ 385,289 \$ 385,289 \$ 385,289 \$ 385,289 \$ 385,289 \$ 1,929,977 \$ - \$ 262,289,289 \$ 2,087,593 \$ 385,289 \$ 19,151,289,289 \$ 1,9151,289,289 \$ 1,9151,289,289,289 \$ 1,9151,289,289,289,289,289,289,289,289,289,289		Sewer	Sanitation	Stormwater	Totals
Sewer fees 9,263,403 - - 9,263,53 Sanitation fees - 1,929,977 - 1,929,378 Stormwater fees - - 385,289 385,289 Miscellaneous 235,620 26,960 - 262 Total operating revenues 16,809,174 1,956,937 385,289 19,151, OPERATING EXPENSES Costs of sales and services 6,995,527 2,087,593 87,072 9,170, Depreciation 2,442,532 58,120 164,198 2,664 Total operating expenses 9,438,059 2,145,713 251,270 11,835, Operating income 7,371,115 (188,776) 134,019 7,316, Non-operating revenues (expenses) 1,428,822) - - (1,428,822) Interest revenue 238,714 - - 238,714 - - 2,142,822 Total non-operating revenues (expenses) (1,190,108) - - - (1,190,108) Transfers 7 2,707	OPERATING REVENUES				
Sanitation fees - 1,929,977 - 1,929, 385,289 385,289 385,289 385,289 385,289 385,289 385,289 385,289 385,289 385,289 19,151,262 Total operating revenues 16,809,174 1,956,937 385,289 19,151,251 OPERATING EXPENSES Costs of sales and services 6,995,527 2,087,593 87,072 9,170,20 9,170,20 9,170,20 9,170,20 164,198 2,664,264,264,27 2,087,593 87,072 9,170,20 9,170,20 1,170,20 1,183,20 164,198 2,664,264,264,27 2,145,713 251,270 11,835,264,27 1,183,25 1,183,25 1,183,27 </td <td>Water fees</td> <td></td> <td>\$ -</td> <td>\$ -</td> <td>+ .,,</td>	Water fees		\$ -	\$ -	+ .,,
Stormwater fees - - 385,289 385, Miscellaneous 235,620 26,960 - 262 Total operating revenues 16,809,174 1,956,937 385,289 19,151. OPERATING EXPENSES Costs of sales and services 6,995,527 2,087,593 87,072 9,170. Depreciation 2,442,532 58,120 164,198 2,664. Total operating expenses 9,438,059 2,145,713 251,270 11,835. Operating income 7,371,115 (188,776) 134,019 7,316. Non-operating revenues (expenses) 1 238,714 - - 238. Interest expense (1,428,822) - - (1,428,822) Total non-operating revenues (expenses) (1,190,108) - - (1,190,108) Net income before transfers 6,181,007 (188,776) 134,019 6,126, Transfers 2,707 1,624 - 4 Transfers out (5,354,829) - - (5,350,536)	Sewer fees	9,263,403	-	-	9,263,403
Miscellaneous 235,620 26,960 - 262 Total operating revenues 16,809,174 1,956,937 385,289 19,151,151,151,151,151,151,151,151,151,1	Sanitation fees	-	1,929,977	-	1,929,977
Total operating revenues 16,809,174 1,956,937 385,289 19,151,151,151,151,151,151,151,151,151,1	Stormwater fees	-	-	385,289	385,289
OPERATING EXPENSES Costs of sales and services 6,995,527 2,087,593 87,072 9,170 Depreciation 2,442,532 58,120 164,198 2,664 Total operating expenses 9,438,059 2,145,713 251,270 11,835 Operating income 7,371,115 (188,776) 134,019 7,316 Non-operating revenues (expenses) 1nterest revenue 238,714 - - 238 Interest expense (1,428,822) - - (1,428 Total non-operating revenues (expenses) (1,190,108) - - (1,190 Net income before transfers 6,181,007 (188,776) 134,019 6,126 Transfers 2,707 1,624 - 4 Transfers out (5,354,829) - - (5,354 Total transfers (5,352,122) 1,624 - (5,350 Change in net position 828,885 (187,152) 134,019 775 Net position, October 1 (original) 91,553,919 616,	Miscellaneous	235,620	26,960		262,580
Costs of sales and services 6,995,527 2,087,593 87,072 9,170 Depreciation 2,442,532 58,120 164,198 2,664 Total operating expenses 9,438,059 2,145,713 251,270 11,835 Operating income 7,371,115 (188,776) 134,019 7,316 Non-operating revenues (expenses) (1,428,822) - - 238 Interest revenue 238,714 - - 238 Interest expense (1,428,822) - - (1,428 Total non-operating revenues (expenses) (1,190,108) - - - (1,190,108) Net income before transfers 6,181,007 (188,776) 134,019 6,126, Transfers 2,707 1,624 - 4, Transfers out (5,354,829) - - (5,354, Total transfers (5,352,122) 1,624 - (5,350, Change in net position 828,885 (187,152) 134,019 775, Net position, O	Total operating revenues	16,809,174	1,956,937	385,289	19,151,400
Depreciation 2,442,532 58,120 164,198 2,664 Total operating expenses 9,438,059 2,145,713 251,270 11,835 Operating income 7,371,115 (188,776) 134,019 7,316 Non-operating revenues (expenses) 238,714 - - 238,714 Interest expense (1,428,822) - - (1,428,822) Total non-operating revenues (expenses) (1,190,108) - - (1,190,108) Net income before transfers 6,181,007 (188,776) 134,019 6,126, Transfers 2,707 1,624 - 4 Transfers out (5,354,829) - - (5,354,829) Total transfers (5,352,122) 1,624 - (5,350,836,836) Change in net position 828,885 (187,152) 134,019 775,836,836,836 Net position, October 1 (original) 91,553,919 616,902 2,034,247 94,205,936,936,936 Prior period adjustment 9,188 2,357 - 11,200,200,200,2	OPERATING EXPENSES				
Total operating expenses 9,438,059 2,145,713 251,270 11,835 Operating income 7,371,115 (188,776) 134,019 7,316 Non-operating revenues (expenses) Interest revenue Interest revenue Interest expense 238,714 - - 238,714 Interest expense (1,428,822) - - (1,428,822) Total non-operating revenues (expenses) (1,190,108) - - (1,190,108) Net income before transfers 6,181,007 (188,776) 134,019 6,126, Transfers Transfers in Transfers out (5,354,829) - - - (5,354,829) Total transfers (5,352,122) 1,624 - (5,350,60) Change in net position 828,885 (187,152) 134,019 775,75 Net position, October 1 (original) 91,553,919 616,902 2,034,247 94,205,75 Prior period adjustment 9,188 2,357 - 11,824	Costs of sales and services	6,995,527	2,087,593	87,072	9,170,192
Operating income 7,371,115 (188,776) 134,019 7,316, Non-operating revenues (expenses) 238,714 - - 238, 142, 233, 233, 233, 233, 233, 233, 233, 2	Depreciation	2,442,532	58,120	164,198	2,664,850
Non-operating revenues (expenses) 238,714 - - 238,714 Interest expense (1,428,822) - - (1,428,742) Total non-operating revenues (expenses) (1,190,108) - - (1,190,108) Net income before transfers 6,181,007 (188,776) 134,019 6,126, Transfers 2,707 1,624 - 4, Transfers out (5,354,829) - - (5,354, Total transfers (5,352,122) 1,624 - (5,350, Change in net position 828,885 (187,152) 134,019 775, Net position, October 1 (original) 91,553,919 616,902 2,034,247 94,205, Prior period adjustment 9,188 2,357 - 11,	Total operating expenses	9,438,059	2,145,713	251,270	11,835,042
Interest revenue 238,714 - - 238, 142, 232, 233, 233, 233, 233, 233, 233, 2	Operating income	7,371,115	(188,776)	134,019	7,316,358
Interest expense (1,428,822) - - (1,428,822) Total non-operating revenues (expenses) (1,190,108) - - (1,190,190,190) Net income before transfers 6,181,007 (188,776) 134,019 6,126,126,126 Transfers 2,707 1,624 - 4,162,126,127 Transfers out (5,354,829) - - (5,354,122) Total transfers (5,352,122) 1,624 - (5,350,122) Change in net position 828,885 (187,152) 134,019 775,120 Net position, October 1 (original) 91,553,919 616,902 2,034,247 94,205,120 Prior period adjustment 9,188 2,357 - 11,200,20	Non-operating revenues (expenses)				
Total non-operating revenues (expenses) (1,190,108) - - (1,190,108) Net income before transfers 6,181,007 (188,776) 134,019 6,126, Transfers 2,707 1,624 - 4, Transfers out (5,354,829) - - (5,354, Total transfers (5,352,122) 1,624 - (5,350, Change in net position 828,885 (187,152) 134,019 775, Net position, October 1 (original) 91,553,919 616,902 2,034,247 94,205, Prior period adjustment 9,188 2,357 - 11,400	Interest revenue	238,714	-	-	238,714
Net income before transfers 6,181,007 (188,776) 134,019 6,126, Transfers Transfers in 2,707 1,624 - 4, Transfers out (5,354,829) (5,354,829) - (5,354,829) - (5,354,829) - (5,354,829) - (5,354,829) - (5,350,	Interest expense	(1,428,822)			(1,428,822)
Transfers 2,707 1,624 - 4, Transfers out (5,354,829) - - (5,354, Total transfers (5,352,122) 1,624 - (5,350, Change in net position 828,885 (187,152) 134,019 775, Net position, October 1 (original) 91,553,919 616,902 2,034,247 94,205, Prior period adjustment 9,188 2,357 - 11,400,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,0	Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(1,190,108)			(1,190,108)
Transfers in Transfers out 2,707 (5,354,829) 1,624 (5,354,829) - 4, (5,354,829) - - 4, (5,354,829) - - (5,354,829) - - (5,354,829) - - (5,354,829) - - (5,350,82) - - - (5,350,82) -	Net income before transfers	6,181,007	(188,776)	134,019	6,126,250
Transfers out (5,354,829) - - (5,354,829) Total transfers (5,352,122) 1,624 - (5,350,60) Change in net position 828,885 (187,152) 134,019 775,60 Net position, October 1 (original) 91,553,919 616,902 2,034,247 94,205,60 Prior period adjustment 9,188 2,357 - 11,624	Transfers				
Total transfers (5,352,122) 1,624 - (5,350,000) Change in net position 828,885 (187,152) 134,019 775,000 Net position, October 1 (original) 91,553,919 616,902 2,034,247 94,205,000 Prior period adjustment 9,188 2,357 - 11,000	Transfers in	2,707	1,624	-	4,331
Change in net position 828,885 (187,152) 134,019 775,000 Net position, October 1 (original) 91,553,919 616,902 2,034,247 94,205,000 Prior period adjustment 9,188 2,357 - 11,000	Transfers out	(5,354,829)			(5,354,829)
Net position, October 1 (original) 91,553,919 616,902 2,034,247 94,205, Prior period adjustment 9,188 2,357 - 11,	Total transfers	(5,352,122)	1,624		(5,350,498)
Prior period adjustment 9,188 2,357 - 11,	Change in net position	828,885	(187,152)	134,019	775,752
	Net position, October 1 (original)	91,553,919	616,902	2,034,247	94,205,068
Net position, October 1 (restated) 91,563,107 619,259 2,034,247 94,216	Prior period adjustment	9,188	2,357		11,545
	Net position, October 1 (restated)	91,563,107	619,259	2,034,247	94,216,613
Net position, September 30 \$ 92,391,992 \$ 432,107 \$ 2,168,266 \$ 94,992	Net position, September 30	\$ 92,391,992	\$ 432,107	\$ 2,168,266	\$ 94,992,365

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022

			Business-Type Activities					
		Water and Sewer		Sanitation	St	ormwater		Totals
Cash flows from operating activities:								
Receipts from customers and users	\$	16,419,805	\$	2,008,554	\$	373,851	\$	18,802,210
Payments to suppliers	*	(6,267,658)	*	(1,778,065)	Ψ	(75,841)	*	(8,121,564)
Payments to employees		(630,735)		(174,906)		-		(805,641)
Other receipts		235,620		26,960		_		262,580
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		9,757,032		82,543		298,010		10,137,585
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:								
Receipts from other funds		2,707		1,624		_		4,331
Payments to other funds		(5,354,829)		- 1,021		(12,520)		(5,367,349)
•			_					
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities		(5,352,122)		1,624		(12,520)	_	(5,363,018)
Cash flows from capital and related								
financing activities:								
Acquisition of capital assets		(18,412,890)		(24,501)		(246,635)		(18,684,026)
Payment of prior year capital-related payables		(3,477,337)		-		-		(3,477,337)
Principal payments on notes payable		(400,467)		-		-		(400,467)
Principal payments on bonds payable		(1,525,000)		-		-		(1,525,000)
Interest paid		(1,753,768)	_	-				(1,753,768)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related								
financing activities		(25,569,462)	_	(24,501)		(246,635)		(25,840,598)
Cash flows from investing activities:								
Interest received		238,714		-		-		238,714
Proceeds from maturity of investments		7,662		-		-		7,662
Purchase of investments		(8,960)	_				_	(8,960)
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		237,416						237,416
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(20,927,136)		59,666		38,855		(20,828,615)
Cash and cash equivalents, October 1		73,470,042		91,575		-		73,561,617
Cash and cash equivalents, September 30	\$	52,542,906	\$	151,241	\$	38,855	\$	52,733,002
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash								
provided by operating activities:								
Operating income	\$	7,371,115	\$	(188,776)	\$	134,019	\$	7,316,358
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to			_					
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:								
Depreciation expense		2,442,532		58,120		164,198		2,664,850
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(41,329)		82,527		(11,438)		29,760
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items		7,399		844		656		8,899
(Increase) decrease in inventory		4,882		-		-		4,882
(Increase) decrease in pension deferred outflows		13,825		(1,248)		-		12,577
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		113,670		137,713		10,575		261,958
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		1,575		(4,928)		-		(3,353)
Increase (decrease) in payroll liabilities		(146,230)		(30,981)		-		(177,211)
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits payable		9,080		(3,950)		-		5,130
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue		(121,500)		-		-		(121,500)
Increase (decrease) in pension deferred inflows		102,013	_	33,222				135,235
Total adjustments		2,385,917	_	271,319		163,991		2,821,227
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	9,757,032	\$	82,543	\$	298,010	\$	10,137,585
Cash and cash equivalents reconciliation								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,135,436	\$	151,241	\$	38,855	\$	11,325,532
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	_	41,407,470	_		_	-	_	41,407,470
	\$	52,542,906	\$	151,241	\$	38,855	\$	52,733,002

Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:

Acquisition of capital assets through accounts payable totaled \$1,798,188. Acquisition of capital assets through retainage payable totaled \$3,531,180.

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA MUNICIPAL COURT CUSTODIAL FUND STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION September 30, 2022

ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 239,571
LIABILITIES	
Due to others	 18,591
NET POSITION Restricted for individuals, organizations, and other governments	\$ 220,980

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA MUNICIPAL COURT CUSTODIAL FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022

ADDITIONS	
Court fees collected for other agencies	\$ 280,451
Court individual cases	 45,787
Total additions	 326,238
DEDUCTIONS	
Court fees distributed to other agencies	280,451
Payments to others	 50,137
Total deductions	 330,588
Change in net position	(4,350)
Net position, October 1	 225,330
Net position, September 30	\$ 220,980

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION COMPONENT UNITS September 30, 2022

	D	Canton Downtown evelopment Authority	Ма	Canton ain Street Program	Canton Tourism	Totals
ASSETS			1			
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,204,223	\$	69,496	\$ 247,145	\$ 2,520,864
Noncurrent assets Capital assets						
Depreciable (net)					 27,135	 27,135
Total assets		2,204,223		69,496	 274,280	 2,547,999
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable		20,185			 157,846	 178,031
NET POSITION						
Investment in capital assets		-		-	27,135	27,135
Unrestricted		2,184,038		69,496	 89,299	 2,342,833
Total net position	\$	2,184,038	\$	69,496	\$ 116,434	\$ 2,369,968

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES COMPONENT UNITS

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022

			Program Revenues					Net (Exper	ises)	Revenues	and	Changes in	Net I	Position		
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS			Charges for Services		Operating r Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Downtown Development Authority		Canton Main Street Program		Canton Tourism			Total
Component units Governmental activities Downtown Development Authority Canton Main Street Program	\$	540,022 145,682	\$	66,363	\$	-	\$	2,715,294	\$	2,175,272	\$	- (79,319)	\$	- -	\$	2,175,272 (79,319)
Canton Tourism Total component units	\$	186,375 872,079	\$	66,363	\$	5,000 5,000	\$	2,715,294	\$	2,175,272	\$	(79,319)	\$	(181,375)	\$	(181,375) 1,914,578
	lr	neral revenu nterest and in ayments fro	nves		•				\$	- -	\$	10 60,000	\$	25 183,297	\$	35 243,297
	Т	otal general	reve	enues								60,010	_	183,322		243,332
		Change in r	net p	osition						2,175,272		(19,309)		1,947		2,157,910
	Ne	position - b	eginı	ning						8,766		88,805		114,487		212,058
	Ne	position - e	ndin	g					\$	2,184,038	\$	69,496	\$	116,434	\$	2,369,968

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City of Canton, Georgia (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The City operates under a council/manager form of government and provides the following services to its citizens: public safety, public works, parks and recreation, public improvements, and general and administrative services.

The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The component unit column on the government-wide financial statements is used to emphasize that the entities are legally separate from the City.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Units</u>

The Canton Downtown Development Authority (the "CDDA") is shown as a discretely presented component unit in the accompanying financial statements. The purpose of the CDDA is to promote business and commerce within the business district of the City. The City appoints all members to the CDDA's board and the City has assumed the obligation of providing the necessary contributions to fund any deficits from the operation of the CDDA. Financial information with regard to the CDDA can be obtained from Canton City Hall. Separate financial statements for the Canton Downtown Development Authority are not prepared. The fund level statements are not reported, as there are no reconciling items from the presentation on the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

A. Reporting Entity, continued

Discretely Presented Component Units, continued

The Canton Tourism, Inc. (the "CT") is shown as a discretely presented component unit in the accompanying financial statements due to the nature and significance of its relationship with the City. The purpose of the CT is to promote tourism and visitation to the City. The CT is fiscally dependent on the City as it is unable to levy taxes, set rates or charges, or issue bonded debt without approval by the City. The City provides the funding for Canton Tourism's financial operations. Financial information with regard to the CT can be obtained from Canton City Hall. Separate financial statements for Canton Tourism Inc. are not prepared.

The Canton Main Street Program (the "CMSP") is shown as a discretely presented component unit in the accompanying financial statements due to its relationship with the City. The City has the ability to impose their will on the CMSP as they have the ability to hire, reassign or dismiss those persons for the day to day operations of the Main Street Program. The mission of the CMSP is to implement downtown revitalization under the Main Street Four-Point Approach — Organization, Design, Promotion, and Economic Restructuring, all with the context of historic preservation. The CMSP is fiscally dependent on the City as it is unable to levy taxes, set rates or charges, or issue bonded debt without approval by the City. The City provides the funding for Canton Main Street Program's financial operations. Separate financial statements are not prepared. The fund level statements are not reported, as there are no reconciling items from the presentation on the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

A. Reporting Entity, continued

Blended Component Units

The Canton Building Authority (the "Authority") is shown as a blended component unit in the accompanying financial statements and reported as a capital project fund. The purpose of the Authority is to finance the construction of new facilities for the City of Canton, within the City limits. The City appoints all members to the Authority's board and is financially responsible for the repayment of all debt for the Authority. Separate financial statements for the Canton Building Authority are not prepared.

The Urban Redevelopment Agency (the "URA") is shown as a blended component unit in the accompanying financial statements and reported as a special revenue fund. The purpose of the URA is to secure financing to revitalize City of Canton assets, specifically within the downtown areas of the City suffering from urban blight. The City appoints all members to the URA's board and is financially responsible for the repayment of all debt for the URA. Separate financial statements for the Urban Redevelopment Agency are not prepared.

The Canton Development Authority (the "CDA") is shown as a blended component unit in the accompanying financial statements. The purpose of the CDA is to promote business and commerce within the corporate limits of the City. The City appoints all members to the CDA's board and the City is financially responsible for the payment of the debt issued by the CDA. As the CDA has issued revenue bonds which were used to finance construction costs of the City's Water and Sewer Fund, the activity of the CDA will be reported as part of the Water and Sewer Fund. Financial information with regard to the CDA can be obtained from Canton City Hall. Separate financial statements for the Canton Development Authority are not prepared.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. (For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements). Government-wide financial statements do not provide information by fund, but distinguish between the City's governmental activities and business-type activities. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from discretely presented component units. The Statement of Net Position will include noncurrent assets and noncurrent liabilities. In addition, the government-wide Statement of Activities reflects depreciation expense on the City's capital assets.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not considered program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Custodial funds use the accrual basis of accounting to recognize assets and liabilities. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, fines and forfeitures, intergovernmental grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 33, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions," the corresponding assets (receivables) in nonexchange transactions are recognized in the period in which the underlying exchange occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, when all eligibility requirements have been met, or when resources are received, depending on the revenue source.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation, continued

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 Fund accounts for revenues and expenditures of the American Rescue Plan Act Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund.

The **Canton Building Authority Fund** accounts for the financing and the construction of various buildings and infrastructure assets on behalf of the City.

The **SPLOST VII Fund** accounts for the receipt and disbursement of special purpose local option sales tax (SPLOST) funds.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water and Sewer Fund accounts for the activity of the City's utility system.

The **Sanitation Fund** accounts for the collection of fees for garbage collection and related expenses.

The **Stormwater Fund** accounts for the collection of fees for the maintenance of the City's stormwater infrastructure systems.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation, continued

The City also reports the following fund types:

The **Special Revenue Funds** are used to account for specific revenues, such as confiscations and forfeitures, hotel/motel tax revenues, and rental car tax revenues, which are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specific, restricted purposes.

The **Capital Project Funds** are used to account for the collection and expenditures of certain restricted revenues, such as sales tax receipts and impact fee.

Custodial funds are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting, and are used to account for funds that the City holds for others in a fiduciary capacity, including municipal court bonds.

In accounting and reporting for its proprietary operations, the City applies all GASB pronouncements. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements. This statement incorporated into the GASB's authoritative literature certain accounting and financial reporting guidance issued on or before November 30, 1989 which does not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges for goods and services provided. Operating expenses of the enterprise funds include the cost of these goods and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Budgets

Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for all funds. The budgets for the proprietary funds are for management control purposes and are not required to be reported. Budgets are adopted on a modified accrual basis, which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for governmental funds. All appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed by the City.

E. Deposits and Investments

Georgia statutes authorize the City to invest in the following: (1) obligations of Georgia or any other state; (2) obligations of the United States; (3) obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the United States government or one of its agencies; (4) obligations of any corporation of the United States government; (5) prime bankers' acceptances; (6) the State of Georgia local government investment pool; (7) repurchase agreements; and (8) obligations of any other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia. Any investment or deposit in excess of the federal depository insured amounts must be collateralized by an equivalent amount of state or U.S. obligations. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of less than 90 days are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

F. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year as well as all other outstanding balances between funds is reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Customer accounts receivable include billed but uncollected amounts and unbilled receivables based upon a pro rata amount of subsequent monthly billings. Allowances for doubtful accounts are maintained based on historical results adjusted to reflect current conditions.

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, represent long-term borrowing arrangements with established repayment schedules, and are offset by non-spendable fund balance in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

G. Leases Receivable

Leases receivable are measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease terms. Under the lease agreements, the City may receive variable lease payments that depend upon the lessees' revenue. The variable payments are recorded as an inflow of resources in the period the payment is received. A deferred inflow of resources is recorded for each of the leases. The deferred inflow of resources is recorded at the initiation of the lease in an amount equal to the initial recording of the lease receivable. The deferred inflow of resources is amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the respective lease.

H. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an asset at the time the individual item is purchased. Inventories reported in the governmental funds are equally offset by a fund balance reserve, which indicates that they do not constitute "available, spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

I. Prepaid Items

Prepaid items are accounted for using the consumption method. Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the current fiscal year are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

J. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value. Infrastructure (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) prior to October 1, 2003 have not been reported.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Useful Life in Years
Infrastructure	10-50
Buildings and improvements	10-50
Site improvements	10-20
Furniture and fixtures	5-20
Vehicles	5-15
Machinery and equipment	5-20

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

K. Right to Use Leased Assets

The City has recorded right to use leased assets as a result of implementing GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The right to use assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right to use leased assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the leased asset or life of the related lease.

L. Deferred Outflows / Inflows of Resources

The City implemented GASB Statements No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position and No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, as of October 1, 2012. These new standards establish accounting and financial reporting for deferred outflows / inflows of resources and the concept of net position as the residual of all other elements presented in a statement of net position.

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense / expenditure) until then. The City reports deferred outflows of resources related to their defined benefit pension plan.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City's unavailable revenues arise only under a modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, they are reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes, franchise taxes, alcoholic beverage taxes, fines and forfeitures, and intergovernmental revenues, which will be recognized as an inflow of resources in the period in which the amounts become available. The City also reports deferred inflows of resources related to their defined benefit pension plan and leases.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

M. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused paid time off benefits. All paid time off is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

N. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable discount or premium. Issuance costs are reported as expenses when incurred.

Proprietary fund type loans payable are reported as liabilities at their outstanding value. Loan issuance costs are reported as expenses when incurred. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued and related premiums or discounts as other financing sources and bond issuance costs as expenditures.

O. Fund Equity and Net Position

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance." Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position."

Fund Balance – Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the assets and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources under the current financial resources management focus of accounting. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

O. Fund Equity and Net Position, continued

Fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed – Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal vote (resolution) of the City Council. Only the City Council may modify or rescind the commitment.

Assigned – Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The City Council retains the authority to assign amounts for specific purposes by a formal vote (resolution). Only the City Council may modify or rescind the assignment.

Unassigned – Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when the balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The City reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the General Fund.

Flow Assumptions – When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the City's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the City's policy to use fund balance in the following order: (1) Committed, (2) Assigned, (3) Unassigned.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

O. Fund Equity and Net Position, continued

Net Position – Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities in reporting which utilizes the economic resources measurement focus. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used (i.e., the amount that the City has spent) for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted using the same definition as used for restricted fund balance as described in the section above. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

P. Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Q. Interfund Transactions

Interfund services provided and used in the fund financial statements are accounted for as revenue, expenditures, or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as a reduction of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

2. Legal Compliance - Budgets

The City of Canton, Georgia employs the following procedures in establishing its annual budget:

- 1. The City Manager submits a proposed operating budget to the City Council. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means for financing them.
- 2. Prior to any action by the Council, the City publishes the proposed budget in the official legal organ, other community newspapers and makes copies available to the residents of the City.
- 3. Public meetings are held to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 4. The budget is then legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the City Council.
- 5. Budgetary control is exercised at the department level. The Finance Director is authorized to transfer budget amounts within a department; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of a department require a budget amendment by the City Council.

3. Deposits

Credit and concentration of credit risk: The City's policy limits deposits and investments to those securities allowed by applicable state statues to minimize credit risk related to cash equivalents and investments. State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the State of Georgia or other states; obligations issued by the U.S. government; obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the U.S. government or by a government agency of the United States; obligations of any corporation of the U.S. government; prime banker's acceptances; the local government investment pool established by state law; repurchase agreements; and obligations of other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia. The City has no other policies that would further limit its investment choices. The City places no limits on the amounts the City may invest in any one issuer of equity or debt securities.

3. Deposits (continued)

Total deposits at the end of the current fiscal year are summarized as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and cash equivalents \$ 31,213,709 Restricted cash and cash equivalents \$ 41,407,470

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position:

Cash and cash equivalents 239,571

\$ 72,860,750

Cash deposited with financial institutions \$ 72,860,750

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits: Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes, and City policy, require all deposits and investments (other than federal or state government instruments) to be collateralized by depository insurance, obligations of the U.S. government, or bonds of public authorities, counties, or municipalities. At the end of the current year, all of the City's deposits were fully insured or collateralized.

Interest rate risk: The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

4. Investments

The City measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets;
- Level 2: Observable inputs other than quoted market prices; and,
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs.

Total investments at the end of the current fiscal year are valued at \$6,139,108. The City's investments are U. S. Treasury debt securities. The U. S. Treasury debt securities are measured using Level 2 inputs. Investments categorized as Level 2 are valued using a matrix pricing technique that values securities based on their relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

5. Receivables

Property taxes are levied on property values assessed as of January 1. The tax bills were levied on July 25, 2022 and billed on September 7, 2022. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual due date is November 15. After this date, the bill becomes delinquent and interest and penalties will accrue at the rate prescribed by law. Property taxes are recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources when levied. Revenues are recognized when available.

During fiscal year 2020, the City sold its former Police Department building to the Cherokee County Historical Society for \$1,320,000. The City received \$600,000 at closing. The remaining balance of \$720,000 was financed using a direct borrowing agreement. The terms of the direct borrowing agreement require annual installments of \$25,000 for 29 years with interest at 0%.

5. Receivables (continued)

Annual requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	Principal
2023	\$ 25,000
2024	25,000
2025	25,000
2026	25,000
2027	25,000
2028-2032	125,000
2033-2037	125,000
2038-2042	125,000
2043-2047	125,000
2048	20,000
Totals	\$ 645,000

Receivables at the end of the current fiscal year for the City's individual major funds and non-major funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

					N.	onmajor		
		General	S	SPLOST VII Governmental		ernmental		Totals
Receivables:							•	
Taxes	\$	10,697,918	\$	-	\$	87,576	\$	10,785,494
Leases		115,903						115,903
Other		240,557		-		-		240,557
Due from other								
governments		310,583		1,129,285		-		1,439,868
Notes		645,000		-		-		645,000
Less allowance								
for uncollectible		(78,888)						(78,888)
Net Total Receivable	\$	11,931,073	\$	1,129,285	\$	87,576	\$	13,147,934
		Water and						
		Sewer	,	Sanitation	Sto	ormwater		Totals
Receivables:							`	
Accounts	\$	2,195,669	\$	187,678	\$	48,521	\$	2,431,868
Due from other								
governments		16,663		-		_		16,663
Less allowance		,						,
for uncollectible		(448,011)		(18,768)		(4,852)		(471,631)
Net Total Receivable	\$	1,764,321	\$	168,910	\$	43,669	\$	1,976,900
140t Total Medicivable	<u>Ψ</u>	1,107,021	Ψ	100,010	Ψ	+0,000	Ψ	1,070,000

6. Leases Receivable

The City has entered into lease agreements with cell phone service providers to provide the tenant the right to a portion of real property, together with the right to use the tower located thereon. Additional details of each lease agreement include:

- New Cingular Wireless PCS The initial lease term commenced on March 1, 2001 for five years and provides for four additional, five-year terms. Under the lease, the tenant pays the City in monthly payments of \$1,250. The lease receivable is measured as the present value of the future minimum rent payments expected to be received during the lease term at an imputed discount rate of 4.59%. During the current fiscal year, the City recognized \$12,466 of lease revenue (reported as other revenue on the statement of activities) and \$2,534 of interest revenue under this lease.
- Powertel/Atlanta Inc. The initial lease term commenced on March 15, 1999 for five years and provides for four additional, five-year terms. Under the lease, the tenant pays the City an annual payment of \$18,000 for the first 5 years of the lease. On the anniversary date of the commencement date every five years, the annual rent amount is increased by 15% of the rent paid in the previous year. The lease receivable is measured as the present value of the future minimum rent payments expected to be received during the lease term at an imputed discount rate of 4.81%. During the current fiscal year, the City recognized \$27,260 of lease revenue (reported as other revenue on the statement of activities) and \$4,222 of interest revenue under this lease.

7. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances at the end of the current fiscal year is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
Nonmajor Governmental	General	\$ 140,102

All interfund balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

7. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers (continued)

A summary of interfund transfers is as follows:

Transfer Out Fund	Transfer In Fund	Amount
American Rescue Plan Act of 2021	General	\$ 10,043,781
	Water and Sewer	2,707
	Sanitation	1,624
Water and Sewer	General	500,000
	Canton Building Authority	4,854,829
Nonmajor Governmental	General	71,100
		\$ 15,474,041

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires collecting them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, and (3) move cash from capital project funds to pay for debt service of other funds used to advance the construction costs of capital projects.

8. Right to Use Leased Assets

Right to use leased assets activities for the primary government for the current fiscal year follows:

	Beginning Balance		<u>lı</u>	Increases		eases	Ending Balance	
Governmental Activities Amortizable assets Vehicles	\$	0	\$	253,860	\$	0	\$	253,860
Less accumulated amoritzation Vehicles Total governmental activities		0		(4,594)		0		(4,594)
right of use leased assets, net	\$	0	\$	249,266	\$	0	\$	249,266

Amortization expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities Public Safety Public Works	\$ 4,001 593
Total amortization expense for governmental activities	\$ 4,594

9. Capital Assets

Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the current fiscal year is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities				
Non-depreciable assets				
Land	\$ 13,681,084	\$ 11,407,389	\$ -	\$ 25,088,473
Construction in progress	5,663,546	4,720,176	(193,832)	10,189,890
Total non-depreciable assets	19,344,630	16,127,565	(193,832)	35,278,363
Depreciable assets				
Buildings and improvements	37,938,414	193,832	(3,103,194)	35,029,052
Infrastructure	57,379,177	1,012,091	-	58,391,268
Furniture and fixtures	274,979	-	-	274,979
Machinery and equipment	2,619,670	251,484	-	2,871,154
Vehicles	3,086,100	116,286	(308,269)	2,894,117
Total depreciable assets	101,298,340	1,573,693	(3,411,463)	99,460,570
Accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	(13,681,046)	(1,068,372)	387,899	(14,361,519)
Infrastructure	(27,346,517)	(2,598,927)	-	(29,945,444)
Furniture and fixtures	(135,892)	(35,333)	-	(171,225)
Machinery and equipment	(1,859,220)	(210,621)	-	(2,069,841)
Vehicles	(2,436,124)	(277,902)	278,138	(2,435,888)
Total accumulated depreciation	(45,458,799)	(4,191,155)	666,037	(48,983,917)
Total depreciable assets, net	55,839,541	(2,617,462)	(2,745,426)	50,476,653
Governmental activities				
capital assets, net	\$ 75,184,171	\$ 13,510,103	\$ (2,939,258)	\$ 85,755,016

9. Capital Assets (continued)

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Business-type activities				
Non-depreciable assets				
Land	\$ 6,173,879	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,173,879
Construction in progress	18,842,212	23,742,258		42,584,470
Total Non-depreciable assets	25,016,091	23,742,258	-	48,758,349
Depreciable assets				
Site improvements	23,150	-	-	23,150
Infrastructure	88,321,363	246,636	-	88,567,999
Buildings and improvements	13,308,226	-	-	13,308,226
Machinery, equipment,				
and vehicles	2,416,556	24,500		2,441,056
Total depreciable assets	104,069,295	271,136	-	104,340,431
Accumulated depreciation				
Site improvements	(10,955)	(903)	-	(11,858)
Infrastructure	(28,384,905)	(2,227,042)	-	(30,611,947)
Buildings and improvements	(4,143,674)	(253,847)	-	(4,397,521)
Machinery, equipment,				
and vehicles	(1,392,493)	(183,058)		(1,575,551)
Total accumulated depreciation	(33,932,027)	(2,664,850)		(36,596,877)
Total depreciable assets, net	70,137,268	(2,393,714)	-	67,743,554
Business-type activities				
capital assets, net	\$ 95,153,359	\$ 21,348,544	\$ -	\$ 116,501,903

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities	
General Government	\$ 539,859
Public Safety	314,902
Public Works	2,529,135
Culture and Recreation	807,259
Total depreciation expense for governmental activities	\$ 4,191,155
Business-type activities	
Water and Sewer	\$ 2,442,532
Sanitation	58,120
Stormwater	164,198
	<u> </u>
Total depreciation expense for business-type activities	\$ 2,664,850

9. Capital Assets (continued)

Canton Tourism, Inc.

	eginning Balance	lr	ncreases	Decr	eases	Ending Balance
Depreciable assets						
Furniture and fixtures	\$ 112,885	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 112,885
Accumulated depreciation						
Furniture and fixtures	(73,691)		(12,059)		-	(85,750)
Total capital assets, net	\$ 39,194	\$	(12,059)	\$	_	\$ 27,135

10. Long-Term Liabilities

Primary Government

Long-term liability activity for the current fiscal year was as follows:

		Beginning Balance	Þ	Additions	Deductions		Ending Balance		ue Within One Year
Governmental activities									
Bonds from direct placements	\$	3,272,390	\$	-	\$	(466,463)	\$	2,805,927	\$ 489,645
Governmental bonds		12,408,000		-		(3,975,000)		8,433,000	958,000
Less discounts		(20,619)		-		3,848		(16,771)	-
Total bonds payable		15,659,771		-		(4,437,615)		11,222,156	1,447,645
Lease payable		-		253,860		(5,116)		248,744	48,535
Notes from direct borrowings		-		183,456		(36,691)		146,765	36,691
Compensated absences		341,572		341,108		(266,477)		416,203	265,370
Total governmental activities	\$	16,001,343	\$	778,424	\$	(4,745,899)	\$	12,033,868	\$ 1,798,241
Business-type activities									
Revenue bonds	\$	61,300,000	\$	-	\$	(1,525,000)	\$	59,775,000	\$ 1,490,000
Plus premiums		4,156,159		-		(303,738)		3,852,421	-
Total bonds payable	-	65,456,159		-		(1,828,738)		63,627,421	1,490,000
Notes from direct borrowings		6,692,684		-		(400,467)		6,292,217	405,833
Compensated absences		25,921		8,136		(10,042)		24,015	 9,801
Total business-type activities	\$	72,174,764	\$	8,136	\$	(2,239,247)	\$	69,943,653	\$ 1,905,634

10. Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

Bond issue costs and discounts/premiums are amortized over the life of the related debt. For governmental funds, compensated absences are liquidated by the General Fund. For business-type activities, compensated absences are liquidated by the Water and Sewer Fund, the Sanitation Fund, and the Stormwater Fund. The total interest incurred and charged to expense for the current fiscal year was \$412,576 and \$1,428,822 for the governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively.

Governmental Bonds from Direct Placements - CBA: The series 2007 bonds issued by the Canton Building Authority were originally issued for \$7,860,000, with an interest rate of 4.86%. The bonds are due in monthly installments of \$51,267, maturing on November 15, 2027. The proceeds were used for various system improvement projects on the City's water and sewer infrastructure. The bonds are secured by a pledge of the City's full faith and credit and taxing powers and will not expire as long as the bonds remain outstanding and unpaid. In the event of default, the bondholder may exercise any right, power, or remedy permitted by law or under the terms of the agreement.

Governmental bonds from direct placements currently outstanding mature as follows:

Fiscal	Year
Endi	ng

September 30,	Principal		Interest			Total		
2023	\$	489,645		\$	125,554		\$	615,199
2024		513,975		101,224				615,199
2025		539,518	75,681				615,199	
2026		566,331			48,868			615,199
2027		594,476		20,723				615,199
2028		101,982			620			102,602
Totals	\$	2,805,927		\$	372,670		\$	3,178,597

10. Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

Governmental Bonds - CBA: The series 2014A bonds issued by the Canton Building Authority were originally issued for \$5,220,000, with an interest rate of 2.65%. The bonds are due annually, maturing on September 1, 2029. The proceeds were used to (a) refund the outstanding maturities of the Canton Building Authority's Revenue Bond (City of Canton Project), Series 2009, and (b) pay the costs of issuance associated with the Series 2014A Bond. The bonds are secured by a pledge of the City's full faith and credit and taxing powers and will not expire as long as the bonds remain outstanding and unpaid. In the event of default, the bondholder may exercise any right, power, or remedy permitted by law or under the terms of the agreement. These bonds were paid off during the current year.

In October 2014, the Canton Building Authority issued \$14,651,000 in Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014B, with an interest rate of 2.67%. The Series 2014B bonds were issued to advance refund \$13,960,000 of outstanding Series 2005 Bonds with interest rates ranging from 3.875% to 4.50%. The bonds are secured by a pledge of the City's full faith and credit and taxing powers and will not expire as long as the bonds remain outstanding and unpaid. In the event of default, the bondholder may exercise any right, power, or remedy permitted by law or under the terms of the agreement.

Governmental bonds currently outstanding mature as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	Principal		Interest		Total
2023	\$ 958,000	\$	225,161	\$	1,183,161
2024	985,000		199,583		1,184,583
2025	1,011,000		173,283		1,184,283
2026	1,041,000		146,289		1,187,289
2027	1,067,000		118,494		1,185,494
2028-2030	 3,371,000		181,640		3,552,640
Totals	\$ 8,433,000	\$	1,044,450	\$	9,477,450

10. Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds: In February 2021, the City issued \$62,925,000 in Water and Sewerage Revenue Bonds, Series 2021, with interest rates ranging between 1.50% and 5.00%. The bonds are due annually, maturing on May 1, 2046. The Series 2021 bonds were issued for the purpose of (a) currently refunding all or a portion of certain incurred loans from the Georgia Environmental Finance Authority (the "GEFA Loans"), (b) making certain improvements to the System (the "Series 2021 Project") and (c) paying the costs of issuing the Series 2021 Bonds. The bonds are secured by and payable solely from a first lien on and pledge of the net revenues of the system. Water and sewer revenue bonds currently outstanding mature as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending			
September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 1,490,000	\$ 1,598,775	\$ 3,088,775
2024	1,475,000	1,524,275	2,999,275
2025	1,545,000	1,450,525	2,995,525
2026	1,600,000	1,373,275	2,973,275
2027	1,675,000	1,293,275	2,968,275
2028-2032	9,185,000	5,222,900	14,407,900
2033-2037	10,405,000	3,872,500	14,277,500
2038-2042	11,485,000	2,789,900	14,274,900
2043-2047	12,680,000	1,594,500	14,274,500
2048-2050	8,235,000	331,600	8,566,600
Totals	\$ 59,775,000	\$ 21,051,525	\$ 80,826,525

Notes from Direct Borrowings – Governmental Activities: The City also incurred debt to Axon Enterprises for the purchase of Tasers and related equipment. Upon an event of default, all outstanding principal and accrued interest may be declared immediately due and payable. Principal and interest payments are secured by revenues on fees and charges collected by the City. Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	P	rincipal	Into	erest	Total
2023	\$	36,691	\$	-	\$ 36,691
2024		36,691		-	36,691
2025		36,691		-	36,691
2026		36,692			 36,692
Totals	\$	146,765	\$	-	\$ 146,765

10. Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

Notes from Direct Borrowings - GEFA: The City has also incurred debt to the Georgia Environmental Finance Authority for construction of various water and sewer system projects. Upon an event of default, all outstanding principal and accrued interest may be declared immediately due and payable. Principal and interest payments are secured by revenues on fees and charges collected by the City. The notes from direct borrowings, including their original balances, are as follows at the end of the current fiscal year:

Interest Rate	Term	Due Date	Original Balance			
0.50%	10 years	2023	\$	300,000		
1.40%	20 years	2038		8,026,611		
			\$	8,326,611		

The business-type activities notes from direct borrowings debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending						
September 30,	Principal		Interest	Total		
2023	\$ 405,833	\$	85,297	\$	491,130	
2024	385,589		79,906		465,495	
2025	385,826		74,542		460,368	
2026	391,263		69,105		460,368	
2027	396,776		63,592		460,368	
2028-2032	2,069,330		232,510		2,301,840	
2033-2037	2,219,283		82,557		2,301,840	
2038	38,317		46		38,363	
Totals	\$ 6,292,217	\$	687,555	\$	6,979,772	

10. Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

Leases – Governmental Activities: The City entered into several agreements to lease certain vehicles. The lease agreements qualify as other than short-term leases under GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases* and, therefore have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments at their inception. Lease liabilities are comprised of the following individual leases at the end of the current fiscal year:

- \$43,985 vehicle lease due in monthly installments of \$793 through September 2027, interest at 3.159%, \$43,985 outstanding.
- \$40,010 vehicle lease due in monthly installments of \$687 through February 2027, interest at 1.152%, \$35,460 outstanding.
- \$35,551 vehicle lease due in monthly installments of \$620 through August 2027, interest at 1.826%, \$34,984 outstanding.
- \$33,788 vehicle lease due in monthly installments of \$599 through September 2027, interest at 2.478%, \$33,788 outstanding.
- \$33,509 vehicle lease due in monthly installments of \$594 through September 2027, interest at 2.478%, \$33,509 outstanding.
- \$33,509 vehicle lease due in monthly installments of \$594 through September 2027, interest at 2.478%, \$33,509 outstanding.
- \$33,509 vehicle lease due in monthly installments of \$594 through September 2027, interest at 2.478%, \$33,509 outstanding.

Debt service requirements to maturity for leases are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending

September 30,	P	Principal		Principal Interest		Interest		Total	
2023	\$	48,535	\$	5,259	\$	53,794			
2024		49,658		4,136		53,794			
2025		50,808		2,986		53,794			
2026		51,987		1,807		53,794			
2027		47,756		613		48,369			
Totals	\$	248,744	\$	14,801	\$	263,545			

11. Pension Plans

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description. The City, as authorized by the City Council, has established a defined benefit pension plan (The City of Canton Retirement Plan) covering all full-time employees. The City's pension plan is affiliated with the Georgia Municipal Employee Benefit System (GMEBS), an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by the Georgia Municipal Association. Contributions made by the City are commingled with contributions made by other members of GMEBS for investment purposes. The City does not require participants to contribute to the Plan. The City does not own any securities on its own. Investment income from the securities is allocated on a pro rata basis. The Georgia Municipal Association issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for GMEBS. That report may be obtained by writing to Georgia Municipal Association, Risk Management and Employee Benefit Services, 201 Pryor Street, NW, Atlanta, Georgia 30303 or by calling (404) 688-0472.

At January 1, 2022, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, there were 325 participants consisting of the following:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	86
Terminated vested participants entitled to	
but not yet receiving benefits	118
Active participants - vested	61
Active participants - not vested	60
Total number of participants	325

Benefits Provided. As provided by state law, benefit provisions for participants in GMEBS are established by the respective employers. As authorized by City Council, the plan provides pension benefits and death benefits for plan members and beneficiaries. All employees, excluding elected officials, who work thirty hours or more per week, are eligible to participate after one year. Benefits vest after five years of service. For employees hired after May 2, 2013 the benefit formula is calculated as follows (1) if the employee retires at age 65 with ten years of service the employee is entitled to benefits of 2% for all years of qualified employment with the City, or (2) if the employee retires at age 65 with less than ten years of service the employee is entitled to benefits of 1.25% for all years of qualified employment with the City. The City elected to "freeze" their GMEBS Defined Benefit Plan effective January 1, 2022.

11. Pension Plans (continued)

Defined Benefit Pension Plan, continued

All non-vested and vested employees in service as of January 1, 2022 will remain in the Plan, and are subject to its eligibility requirements. All employees hired or rehired on or after January 1, 2022 are not eligible to participate in this plan. A participant may elect early retirement at age 55 provided they have a minimum of 10 years total credited service. If the participant qualifies for early retirement they will receive a reduce benefit based on their election. Elected officials who take office on or after May 3, 2013 are not eligible to participate in the plan.

Contributions. Employees make no contributions to the plan. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund the plan in compliance with the minimum funding standards of the Public Retirement Systems Standards Law. This funding policy, as specified by ordinance, has been the same since the inception of the plan. The City made contributions in the current fiscal year totaling \$809,026, or 12.21% of covered payroll.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City reported a net pension liability of \$1,550,122. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2022. For the current fiscal year, the City recognized pension expense of \$350,377. The governmental activities net pension liability is liquidated by the General Fund.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the plan from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	323,027	\$	(129,064)	
Changes of assumptions		255,105		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		(1,912,341)	
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		809,026		<u> </u>	
Totals	\$	1,387,158	\$	(2,041,405)	

11. Pension Plans (continued)

Defined Benefit Pension Plan, continued

The \$809,026 of deferred outflows of resources resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net position liability in the subsequent fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30	
2023	\$ (133,732)
2024	(401,081)
2025	(451,224)
2026	(477,236)
Totals	\$ (1,463,273)

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the January 1, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.25%

Projected salary increases 2.25% plus service based merit increases

Cost of living adjustments N/A

Net investment rate of return 7.375%

Healthy mortality rates were based on the sex-distinct Pri-2012 head-count weighted Healthy Retiree Mortality Table with rates multiplied by 1.25. Disabled mortality rates were based on the sex-distinct Pri-2012 head-count weighted Disabled Retiree Mortality Table with rates multiplied by 1.25.

The methods and assumptions used in the January 1, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of January 1, 2015 through June 30, 2019.

11. Pension Plans (continued)

Defined Benefit Pension Plan, continued

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation at the end of the current fiscal year are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	45%	6.55%
International equity	20%	7.30%
Domestic fixed income	20%	0.40%
Real estate	10%	3.65%
Global fixed income	5%	0.50%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.375 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from employer will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

11. Pension Plans (continued)

Defined Benefit Pension Plan, continued

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	To	otal Pension	Pla	an Fiduciary	N	et Pension
	Liability			let Position		Liability
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)
Balances at September 30, 2020	\$	18,000,823	\$	14,177,757	\$	3,823,066
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		271,573		-		271,573
Interest		1,312,517		-		1,312,517
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		337,980		-		337,980
Contributions—employer		-		807,951		(807,951)
Net investment income		-		3,425,103		(3,425,103)
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(951,099)		(951,099)		-
Administrative expense		-		(38,040)		38,040
Other		-		-		-
Net changes		970,971		3,243,915		(2,272,944)
Balances at September 30, 2021	\$	18,971,794	\$	17,421,672	\$	1,550,122
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total	pen	sion liability		91.83%		
Covered payroll	-	•	\$	6,423,161		
Employer's net pension liability as percentage of cove	red p	oayroll		24.13%		

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.375 percent) or one percentage-point higher (8.375 percent) than the current rate:

	Discount	Net Pension
	Rate	Liability
1% decrease	6.375%	\$ 4,079,098
Current discount rate	7.375%	1,550,122
1% increase	8.375%	(537,440)

Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System financial report.

11. Pension Plans (continued)

Other Plans

In addition to the plan above, various City employees are also covered under the Peace Officers' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Georgia. Further information regarding this plan can be obtained from the plan's annual report. The plan is immaterial to the financial statements.

12. Defined Contribution Plans

The City offers an Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a) plan which is defined as an employer sponsored retirement plan that allows percentage-based contributions from the employer. This plan is administered by MissionSquare Retirement. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the City's Council. Contributions are based on established rules by the employer but can be in the form of a matched or fixed percentage amount. All full-time Employees hired on/or after January 1, 2022, will be auto enrolled in the Employer's 401(a) plan with a predetermined percentage amount of the employee's salary regardless of any employee contribution.

The City offers an Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Plan, which is defined as a deferred compensation plan that qualifies as a defined contribution pension plan. The plan is administered by MissionSquare Retirement. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the City's Council. All full-time employees are eligible to participate in the plan but are not required to contribute to the Plan. Employees are vested immediately upon entrance into the plan. Employees may contribute a portion of their gross salary, not to exceed the IRS guidelines, into the Plan. The City will currently match up to 5% of the employee contributions. The Plan allows employees to increase, decrease, stop, and restart deferrals as often as they wish without penalties or fees. At the end of the current fiscal year, 93 employees were participating in the plan. Employees contributed a total of \$196,680 with an employer match contribution of \$154,492 during the current fiscal year.

13. Joint Venture

Under Georgia law, the City, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the Atlanta, Georgia area, is a member of the Atlanta Regional Commission (ARC). Dues to the ARC are assessed at the County level and are, accordingly, paid by Cherokee County. Membership in the ARC is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8-34 which provides for the organizational structure of the ARC in Georgia. The ARC Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and various municipalities of the area. OCGA 50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of the ARC. Separate financial statements may be obtained from ARC, 40 Courtland Street, NE, Atlanta, Georgia 30303.

14. Related Organizations

The City's Council is responsible for appointing all board members of the Canton Housing Authority. However, the City has no further accountability for the authority.

15. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the City carries commercial insurance. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

16. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation

The City is a defendant in certain legal actions in the nature of claims for alleged damages to persons and property and other similar types of actions rising in the course of City operations. Liability, if any, which might result from these proceedings, would not, in the opinion of management and legal counsel, have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the City.

Contractual Commitments

At the end of the current fiscal year, contractual commitments on uncompleted contracts were \$36,306,335.

16. Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

Grant Contingencies

The City has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to the disallowance of certain expenditures previously reimbursed by those agencies. Based upon prior experience, management of the City believes such disallowances, if any, will not be significant.

17. Hotel/Motel Lodging Tax

The City imposes a hotel/motel tax on lodging facilities within the City. The tax was assessed at 8%. Revenues were \$826,957 for the current fiscal year. Disbursements for the current fiscal year include expenditures of \$396,904 and transfers to the General Fund of \$71,100. As required by O.C.G.A. 48-13-51, \$361,794 (43.75%) will be expended for the promotion of tourism, conventions, and trade shows and \$155,054 (18.75%) will be expended on tourism product development.

18. Net Investment in Capital Assets

The net investment in capital assets reported on the government-wide statement of net position is calculated as follows at the end of the current fiscal year:

	Governmental	Bus	siness-Type
	Activities		Activities
Capital assets, net	\$ 85,755,016	\$	116,501,903
Right to use leased assets, net	249,266		-
Capital-related accounts payable	(538,151)		(1,798,188)
Retainages payable	(216,529)		(3,531,180)
Notes payable	(146,765)		(6,292,217)
Leases payable	(248,744)		-
Bonds payable	(11,222,156)		(63,627,421)
Unspent bond proceeds			41,407,470
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 73,631,937	\$	82,660,367

19. Tax Abatements

The City's property tax revenues were reduced by \$86,217 under agreements entered into by the Cherokee County Development Authority, the "Development Authority". The Development Authority enters into property tax abatement agreements with local businesses for the purpose of attracting or retaining businesses within their jurisdictions. The abatements may be granted to any business located within or promising to relocate to Cherokee County. The Development Authority considers new business tax incentives on a case-by-case basis. These incentives are based on positive economic impact on the community. Criteria for consideration includes the project's amount of capital investment as well as number and quality of new jobs created.

20. New Accounting Pronouncements

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, effective for the City's current fiscal year. The requirements of this statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. This implementation had no effect on beginning net position.

21. Changes in Beginning Balances

Governmental Activities

A prior period adjustment has been made to reflect prior years' revised pension actuarial valuation. This adjustment increased beginning net position by \$136,224.

General Fund

A prior period adjustment has been made to correct an error in property taxes receivable. This adjustment increased beginning net position by \$310,006.

Total beginning net position in the governmental activities increased by \$446,230.

21. Changes in Beginning Balances (continued)

Business-Type Activities

Water and Sewer Fund

A prior period adjustment has been made to reflect prior years' revised pension actuarial valuation. This adjustment increased beginning net position by \$9,188.

Sanitation Fund

A prior period adjustment has been made to reflect prior years' revised pension actuarial valuation. This adjustment increased beginning net position by \$2,357.

Total beginning net position in the business-type activities increased by \$11,545.



CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL

		Bu	dget				Variance with		
		Original		Final		Actual	Fi	nal Budget	
REVENUES	_						_		
Taxes	\$	14,037,382	\$	14,079,602	\$	15,119,037	\$	1,039,435	
Licenses and permits		1,405,600		1,405,600		1,180,044		(225,556)	
Fines and forfeitures		699,340		1,199,340		1,732,432		533,092	
Charges for services		300,900		300,900		327,573		26,673	
Intergovernmental		26,000		26,000		87,341		61,341	
Interest		2,000		2,000		71,603		69,603	
Contributions		29,000		29,000		4,600		(24,400)	
Other		68,700		68,700		995,150		926,450	
Total revenues		16,568,922		17,111,142		19,517,780		2,406,638	
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
General government									
City council		151,684		151,684		153,681		(1,997)	
City clerk		113,603		119,603		119,284		319	
Mayor		27,683		27,683		24,410		3,273	
City manager		354,857		354,857		300,915		53,942	
Elections		21,000		21,000		14,187		6,813	
General administration		(47,126)		7,626,874		7,626,153		721	
Financial administration		293,853		293,853		177,016		116,837	
Human resources		295,655		293,653		229,842		5,020	
		·				148,901			
Geographic information system		174,280		174,280		,		25,379	
General government buildings		1,098,018		1,098,018		590,847		507,171	
Public Information		305,049		305,049		71,003		234,046	
Technology		474,718		474,718		405,860		68,858	
Judicial		470.000		470.000		000 004		110 150	
Municipal court		473,390		473,390		362,934		110,456	
Public safety									
Police		6,087,279		6,087,279		6,003,063		84,216	
Fire		5,322,000		5,322,000		5,292,399		29,601	
Public works									
Streets		1,945,987		1,945,987		1,870,783		75,204	
Culture and recreation									
Theater		173,404		173,404		135,737		37,667	
Recreation		616,378		696,378		695,603		775	
Housing and development									
Building inspection		1,088,177		1,088,177		854,724		233,453	
Planning and zoning		842,648		842,648		632,632		210,016	
Economic development administration		187,794		187,794		140,996		46,798	
Downtown development		99,295		99,295		101,469		(2,174)	
Debt service									
Principal		-		41,900		41,807		93	
Interest				320		311		9	
Total expenditures		20,019,833		27,841,053	_	25,994,557		1,846,496	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		(3,450,911)		(10,729,911)		(6,476,777)		4,253,134	

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL

	Bı	udget		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	\$ 1,801,000	\$ 10,817,763	\$ 10,614,881	\$ (202,882)
Proceeds from sales of capital assets	30,900	30,900	69,200	38,300
Issuance of leases payable	-	-	253,860	253,860
Issuance of notes payable	-	-	183,456	183,456
Contingency	(340,000)	(2,077,763)		2,077,763
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,491,900	8,770,900	11,121,397	2,350,497
Net change in fund balance	(1,959,011)	(1,959,011)	4,644,620	6,603,631
Fund balances, October 1 (original)	1,959,011	1,959,011	9,227,243	7,268,232
Prior period adjustment		<u> </u>	310,006	310,006
Fund balances, October 1 (restated)	1,959,011	1,959,011	9,537,249	7,578,238
Fund balances, September 30	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,181,869	\$ 14,181,869

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN ACT OF 2021 FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL

	 Bu	dget			Variance with		
	Original		Final	 Actual	Final Budget		
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$ 5,700,133	\$	10,048,113	\$ 10,048,112	\$	(1)	
Total revenues	 5,700,133		10,048,113	 10,048,112		(1)	
EXPENDITURES	 		<u>-</u>	 			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 5,700,133		10,048,113	 10,048,112		(1)	
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out Contingency	(3,121,000) (2,579,133)		(10,048,113)	(10,048,112)		1 -	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (5,700,133)		(10,048,113)	(10,048,112)		1	
Net change in fund balance	-		-	-		-	
Fund balances, October 1	 			 			
Fund balances, September 30	\$ _	\$		\$ 	\$	_	

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS September 30, 2022 (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year End

	_							FISCAL	ear	Ella					
		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016	2015
Total pension liability															
Service cost	\$	271,573	\$	338,187	\$	319,589	\$	306,342	\$	382,106	\$	295,036	\$	291,260	\$ 391,616
Interest		1,312,517		1,284,584		1,161,438		1,101,080		1,098,466		1,013,546		930,489	899,199
Differences between expected and actual experience		337,980		(258,128)		278,168		206,888		(759,706)		511,470		493,199	(195,212)
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-		-		261,916		-		-	(126,858)
Benefit payments, including refunds															
of employee contributions		(951,099)		(887,446)		(844,498)		(801,064)		(762,565)		(686,053)		(600,440)	(529,559)
Other		-	_	<u>-</u>	_	1,020,425	_	-	_		_		_		-
Net change in total pension liability		970,971		477,197		1,935,122		813,246		220,217		1,133,999		1,114,508	439,186
Total pension liability - beginning		18,000,823	_	17,523,626		15,588,504	_	14,775,258	_	14,555,041		13,421,042		12,306,534	 11,867,348
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	18,971,794	\$	18,000,823	\$	17,523,626	\$	15,588,504	\$	14,775,258	\$	14,555,041	\$	13,421,042	\$ 12,306,534
Plan fiduciary net position															
Contributions - employer	\$	807,951	\$	713,143	\$	706,948	\$	772,486	\$	666,843	\$	638,885	\$	794,967	\$ 785,899
Net investment income		3,425,103		1,253,140		388,398		1,169,065		1,552,923		1,043,944		95,863	917,551
Benefit payments, including refunds															
of employee contributions		(951,099)		(887,446)		(844,498)		(801,064)		(762,565)		(686,053)		(600,440)	(529,559)
Administrative expense		(38,040)	_	(29,876)	_	(28,945)	_	(30,992)	_	(30,564)	_	(16,821)	_	(20,158)	 (15,482)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		3,243,915		1,048,961		221,903		1,109,495		1,426,637		979,955		270,232	1,158,409
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		14,177,757	_	13,128,796	_	12,906,893	_	11,797,398	_	10,370,761	_	9,390,806	_	9,120,574	 7,962,165
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	17,421,672	\$	14,177,757	\$	13,128,796	\$	12,906,893	\$	11,797,398	\$	10,370,761	\$	9,390,806	\$ 9,120,574
Net pension liability - ending : (a) - (b)	\$	1,550,122	\$	3,823,066	\$	4,394,830	\$	2,681,611	\$	2,977,860	\$	4,184,280	\$	4,030,236	\$ 3,185,960
Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		91.83%		78.76%		74.92%		82.80%		79.85%		71.25%		69.97%	74.11%
Covered payroll	\$	6,423,161	\$	5,899,770	\$	5,478,347	\$	5,303,217	\$	5,242,859	\$	6,356,931	\$	4,882,258	\$ 4,523,675
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		24.13%		64.80%		80.22%		50.57%		56.80%		65.82%		82.55%	70.43%

Note: Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation. Therefore, years prior to 2015 are not reported.

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

September 30, 2022 (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year End

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 809,026	\$ 873,219	\$ 713,143	\$ 706,950	\$ 772,486	\$ 666,843	\$ 638,885	\$ 794,967
actuarially determined contribution	(809,026)	(873,219)	(713,143)	(706,950)	(772,486)	(666,843)	(638,885)	(794,967)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 6,628,448	\$ 6,315,771	\$ 6,018,105	\$ 5,380,186	\$ 5,982,583	\$ 5,335,216	\$ 6,575,131	\$ 5,830,980
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	12.21%	13.83%	11.85%	13.14%	12.91%	12.50%	9.72%	13.63%

Note: Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation. Therefore, years prior to 2015 are not reported.

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
September 30, 2022

1. Valuation Date

The actuarially determined contribution rate was determined as of January 1, 2022, with an interest adjustment to the fiscal year. Contributions in relation to this actuarially determined contribution rate will be reported for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2023.

2. Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates

Actuarial cost method = Projected unit credit

Amortization method = Closed level dollar for remaining unfunded liability

Remaining amortization period = Remaining amortization period varies for the bases, with a net effective amortization period of 10 years

Asset valuation method = Sum of actuarial value at beginning of year and the cash flow during the year plus the assumed investment return, adjusted by 10% of the amount that the value exceeds or is less than the fair value at end of year. The actuarial value is adjusted, if necessary, to be within 20% of fair value.

Net investment rate of return = 7.375%

Projected salary increases = 2.25% plus service based merit increases

Cost of living adjustments = N/A

Retirement age for inactive vested participants = 65

Mortality = Healthy mortality rates were based on the sex-distinct Pri-2012 head-count weighted Healthy Retiree Mortality Table with rates multiplied by 1.25. Disabled mortality rates were based on the sex-distinct Pri-2012 head-count weighted Disabled Retiree Mortality Table with rates multiplied by 1.25.

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION September 30, 2022

3. Changes in Benefits

There were no changes in benefit provisions in the last two fiscal years.

4. Changes of Assumptions

There were no changes in assumptions in the last two fiscal years.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Hotel/Motel Tax Fund</u> – To account for the 8% lodging tax levied in the City, as restricted by state law.

Rental Car Tax Fund – To account for the rental car tax levied in the City, as restricted by state law.

<u>Confiscated Assets Fund</u> – To account for the City's share of excess funds received from confiscated capital and equipment. Georgia law allows police agencies to file for seizure of property related to illegal substances or activities. These funds are restricted by State law for expenditures for law enforcement purposes.

Road and Sidewalk Fund – To account for costs associated with improvements to the City's road and sidewalk infrastructure.

<u>Impact Fees Fund</u> – To account for fees assessed upon development activity that are collected to pay for system improvements (recreation/parks, streets, and public safety) as detailed within the government's impact fee ordinance.

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2022

		S	pec	cial Reven	ıe			Capital			
ASSETS	Но	Hotel/Motel Rental Confiscated Tax Car Tax Assets		_	Road & Sidewalk	Impact Fees	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds				
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Taxes receivable Due from other funds	\$	421,998 - 74,634 73,069	\$	89,153 102,608 12,942 24,133	\$	5,874 - - -	\$	32,737 2,052,156 - 2,019	\$ 2,885,596 1,231,294 - 40,881	\$	3,435,358 3,386,058 87,576 140,102
Total assets	\$	569,701	\$	228,836	\$	5,874	\$	2,086,912	\$ 4,157,771	\$	7,049,094
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES											
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenue	\$	599 - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	1,499 911,914 754,857	\$ 219,833 - -	\$	221,931 911,914 754,857
Total liabilities		599		-				1,668,270	219,833	_	1,888,702
Fund balances Restricted for: Police equipment Tourism Capital outlay Assigned to: Tourism		69,237 - 499,865		- - 228,836		5,874 - -		- - 418,642 -	- - 3,937,938 -		5,874 69,237 4,585,416 499,865
Total fund balances		569,102		228,836		5,874		418,642	3,937,938		5,160,392
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	569,701	\$	228,836	\$	5,874	\$	2,086,912	\$ 4,157,771	\$	7,049,094

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		Special Revenue)	Capital		
REVENUES	Hotel/Motel Tax	Rental Car Tax	Confiscated Assets	Road & Sidewalk	Impact Fees	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Taxes Charges for services Intergovernmental Interest	\$ 826,957 - - 70	\$ 132,272 - - 76	\$ - - - 1	\$ - - 1,321	\$ - 1,656,849 6,553 1,453	\$ 959,229 1,656,849 6,553 2,921
Total revenues	827,027	132,348	1	1,321	1,664,855	2,625,552
EXPENDITURES						
Current Public safety Public works Culture and recreation Housing and development Capital outlay	- - 396,904 -	20,000 33,775	- - - -	21,799	276,188 10,012 - - 2,085,298	276,188 10,012 20,000 430,679 2,107,097
Total expenditures	396,904	53,775		21,799	2,371,498	2,843,976
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	430,123	78,573	1	(20,478)	(706,643)	(218,424)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out	(71,100)					(71,100)
Net change in fund balance	359,023	78,573	1	(20,478)	(706,643)	(289,524)
Fund balances, October 1	210,079	150,263	5,873	439,120	4,644,581	5,449,916
Fund balances, September 30	\$ 569,102	\$ 228,836	\$ 5,874	\$ 418,642	\$ 3,937,938	\$ 5,160,392

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA HOTEL/MOTEL TAX FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL

	 Bud	lget			Var	iance with
	Original		Final	 Actual	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 600,000	\$	600,000	\$ 826,957	\$	226,957
Interest	 60		60	70		10
Total revenues	600,060		600,060	 827,027		226,967
EXPENDITURES Current						
Housing and development	 406,000		444,297	 396,904		47,393
Total expenditures	 406,000		444,297	396,904		47,393
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	194,060		155,763	430,123		274,360
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out	 (225,000)		(225,000)	 (71,100)		153,900
Net change in fund balance	(30,940)		(69,237)	359,023		428,260
Fund balances, October 1	 30,940		69,237	 210,079		140,842
Fund balances, September 30	\$ 	\$		\$ 569,102	\$	569,102

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA ROAD & SIDEWALK FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL

	Budget				Variance with		
	Original Final		Final	Actual	Final Budget		
REVENUES							
Interest	\$		\$		\$ 1,321	\$	1,321
Total revenues	-				1,321		1,321
EXPENDITURES							
Capital outlay				22,000	 21,799		201
Total expenditures				22,000	21,799		201
Net change in fund balance		-		(22,000)	(20,478)		1,522
Fund balances, October 1				22,000	 439,120		417,120
Fund balances, September 30	\$	-	\$	_	\$ 418,642	\$	418,642

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA CONFISCATED ASSETS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL

	Budget						Variance with	
	Original Final		Actual		Final Budget			
REVENUES Interest	\$		\$		\$	1_	\$	1
Total revenues						1		1
EXPENDITURES Current Public safety						<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Total expenditures								
Net change in fund balance		-		-		1		1
Fund balances, October 1						5,873		5,873
Fund balances, September 30	\$	-	\$	_	\$	5,874	\$	5,874

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA CANTON BUILDING AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL

	Bud	lget		Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual		
REVENUES	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government	1,000	1,000	1,100	(100)	
Debt service					
Principal	1,746,463	4,374,463	4,441,463	(67,000)	
Interest	479,422	479,422	412,266	67,156	
Total expenditures	2,226,885	4,854,885	4,854,829	56	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(2,226,885)	(4,854,885)	(4,854,829)	(56)	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	2,226,885	4,854,885	4,854,829	(56)	
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	-	
Fund balances, October 1					
Fund balances, September 30	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA RENTAL CAR TAX FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL

	 Buc	Budget					ance with
	Original		Final		Actual	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ 95,000	\$	95,000	\$	132,272	\$	37,272
Interest	 100	_	100	_	76		(24)
Total revenues	 95,100		95,100		132,348		37,248
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
Culture and recreation	20,000		20,000		20,000		-
Housing and development	 54,000		54,000		33,775		20,225
Total expenditures	 74,000		74,000		53,775		20,225
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 21,100		21,100		78,573		57,473
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in	24,000		24,000		-		(24,000)
Contingencies	 (45,100)		(45,100)				45,100
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (21,100)		(21,100)				21,100
Net change in fund balance	-		-		78,573		78,573
Fund balances, October 1	 				150,263		150,263
Fund balances, September 30	\$ 	\$	_	\$	228,836	\$	228,836

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA IMPACT FEES FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL

	Buc	dget		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ 1,695,000	\$ 1,695,000	\$ 1,656,849	\$ (38,151)
Intergovernmental	-	-	6,553	6,553
Interest			1,453	1,453
Total revenues	1,695,000	1,695,000	1,664,855	(30,145)
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Public safety	378,500	378,500	276,188	102,312
Public works	14,500	14,500	10,012	4,488
Capital outlay	2,456,000	2,456,000	2,085,298	370,702
Total expenditures	2,849,000	2,849,000	2,371,498	477,502
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,154,000)	(1,154,000)	(706,643)	447,357
Other financing sources (uses) Contingency	(536,000)	(536,000)		536,000
Net change in fund balance	(1,690,000)	(1,690,000)	(706,643)	983,357
Fund balances, October 1	1,690,000	1,690,000	4,644,581	2,954,581
Fund balances, September 30	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,937,938	\$ 3,937,938

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA SPLOST VII FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL

	Bu	dget		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES Intergovernmental Interest	\$ 5,400,000	\$ 6,306,500	\$ 6,674,604 850	\$ 368,104 850
Total revenues	5,400,000	6,306,500	6,675,454	368,954
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay	7,918,898	8,825,398	8,572,319	253,079
Total expenditures	7,918,898	8,825,398	8,572,319	253,079
Net change in fund balance	(2,518,898)	(2,518,898)	(1,896,865)	622,033
Fund balances, October 1	2,518,898	2,518,898	5,261,997	2,743,099
Fund balances, September 30	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,365,132	\$ 3,365,132

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF PROJECTS FINANCED WITH SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022

				Expenditures					
_	Estimated Cost *				Prior Current				
Project	Original		Current	Years Year		Total			
Special Purpose Local Option	Sales Tax VII								
Transportation facilities,									
equipment, and improvements	\$ 7,113,045	\$	8,359,829	\$	2,137,726	\$	1,513,131	\$	3,650,857
Parks and recreation facilities	6,000,000		6,127,496		3,088,881		456,047		3,544,928
Communications and technolog	y 1,500,000		1,500,000		835,200		413,051		1,248,251
General government buildings									
and equipment	7,000,000		7,000,000		4,671,923		3,190,090		7,862,013
Economic development	3,000,000		3,000,000		-		3,000,000		3,000,000
Total	\$ 24,613,045	\$	25,987,325	\$	10,733,730	\$	8,572,319	\$	19,306,049

^{*} Current estimated cost represents the portion of these projects to be financed with Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax and alternative funds.



			COMPONENTUNIT
<u>Canton Tourism</u> – This c and expenditures re	component unit is use eserved for the promo	d to account for go tion of tourism and	vernmental revenues visitation to the City.
Canton Tourism – This o and expenditures re	component unit is use eserved for the promo	d to account for go tion of tourism and	vernmental revenues
<u>Canton Tourism</u> – This o and expenditures re	component unit is use eserved for the promo	d to account for go tion of tourism and	vernmental revenues
Canton Tourism – This o	component unit is use eserved for the promo	d to account for go tion of tourism and	vernmental revenues
Canton Tourism – This of and expenditures re	component unit is use eserved for the promo	d to account for go	vernmental revenues

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA CANTON TOURISM (A COMPONENT UNIT) BALANCE SHEET September 30, 2022

ASSETS Cash	\$ 247,145
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$ 157,846
FUND BALANCES Assigned for Housing and Development	89,299
Total liablities and fund balances	\$ 247,145

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA CANTON TOURISM (A COMPONENT UNIT) SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL

	Budget				Variance with		
		Original		Final	 Actual	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES Intergovernmental Contributions Interest	\$	60,000 - -	\$	60,000 - -	\$ 183,297 5,000 25	\$	123,297 5,000 25
Total revenues		60,000		60,000	 188,322		128,322
EXPENDITURES Current		4.500		4.500	.=		(4=0.040)
Development, promotion and advertising		1,500		1,500	 174,316		(172,816)
Total expenditures		1,500		1,500	 174,316		(172,816)
Net change in fund balance		58,500		58,500	14,006		(44,494)
Fund balances, October 1		75,000		75,000	75,293		293
Fund balances, September 30	\$	133,500	\$	133,500	\$ 89,299	\$	(44,201)



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Canton's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information reveals about the City's overall financial health.

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These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.
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These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources.
bt Capacity98
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erating Information104
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Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial report for the relevant year.

activities it performs.

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN YEARS (accrual basis of accounting)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Governmental Activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 73,631,937	\$ 59,401,588	\$ 57,070,720	\$ 56,213,930	\$ 54,489,942	\$ 47,864,282	\$ 46,561,748	\$ 44,299,505	\$ 38,812,866	\$ 36,831,450
Restricted	8,025,659	10,571,071	7,301,182	5,104,253	2,338,655	7,591,790	6,038,025	5,068,707	3,086,789	3,156,363
Unrestricted	14,720,417	8,235,378	8,734,772	5,273,082	4,606,935	3,570,410	5,089,659	4,277,567	6,590,833	4,735,840
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 96,378,013	\$ 78,208,037	\$ 73,106,674	\$ 66,591,265	\$ 61,435,532	\$ 59,026,482	\$ 57,689,432	\$ 53,645,779	\$ 48,490,488	\$ 44,723,653
Business-Type Activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 82,660,367	\$ 77,860,307	\$ 70,444,169	\$ 65,890,732	\$ 64,486,982	\$ 64,689,530	\$ 61,862,975	\$ 58,518,430	\$ 57,544,016	\$ 56,846,436
Unrestricted	12,331,998	16,344,761	19,188,365	18,454,400	15,344,654	8,412,916	6,274,126	4,576,064	2,300,567	(650,199)
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	\$ 94,992,365	\$ 94,205,068	\$ 89,632,534	\$ 84,345,132	\$ 79,831,636	\$ 73,102,446	\$ 68,137,101	\$ 63,094,494	\$ 59,844,583	\$ 56,196,237
Primary Government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 156,292,304	\$ 137,261,895	\$ 127,514,889	\$ 122,104,662	\$ 118,976,924	\$ 112,553,812	\$ 108,424,723	\$ 102,817,935	\$ 96,356,882	\$ 93,677,886
Restricted	8,025,659	10,571,071	7,301,182	5,104,253	2,338,655	7,591,790	6,038,025	5,068,707	3,086,789	3,156,363
Unrestricted	27,052,415	24,580,139	27,923,137	23,727,482	19,951,589	11,983,326	11,363,785	8,853,631	8,891,400	4,085,641
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ 191,370,378	\$ 172,413,105	\$ 162,739,208	\$ 150,936,397	\$ 141,267,168	\$ 132,128,928	\$ 125,826,533	\$ 116,740,273	\$ 108,335,071	\$ 100,919,890

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN YEARS (accrual basis of accounting)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Expenses										
Governmental Activities:										
General Government	\$ 6,195,383	\$ 3,131,974	\$ 2,597,348	\$ 2,589,630	\$ 2,315,527	\$ 2,000,593	\$ 1,804,419	\$ 1,709,490	\$ 1,748,420	\$ 1,507,238
Judicial	353,370	342,243	341,974	312,965	317,031	306,409	296,899	269,211	242,114	208,200
Public Safety	11,268,037	10,735,426	9,984,002	9,719,110	9,025,422	10,059,964	7,155,912	6,063,933	6,014,650	5,468,895
Public Works	4,536,556	4,198,863	4,070,323	3,905,412	3,783,806	3,831,784	3,412,599	3,245,434	3,164,268	2,807,966
Culture and Recreation	1,653,968	1,505,098	1,362,759	1,444,415	1,538,584	1,789,554	1,701,152	1,459,587	1,306,108	1,244,573
Housing and Development	2,251,156	1,979,689	2,204,155	1,891,290	1,780,593	1,470,236	1,365,748	1,018,223	789,790	639,458
Interest on Long-Term Debt	406,685	535,139	589,756	664,051	743,685	820,448	846,167	1,647,694	1,597,922	1,615,587
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	26,665,155	22,428,432	21,150,317	20,526,873	19,504,648	20,278,988	16,582,896	15,413,572	14,863,272	13,491,917
Business-Type Activities:										
Water and Sewer	10,866,881	9,849,431	7,418,296	7,506,357	7,113,050	6,854,750	6,418,716	6,028,552	5,967,045	5,711,115
Sanitation	2,145,713	2,054,653	1,892,762	1,906,432	1,378,651	1,215,291	1,105,557	1,074,321	1,057,845	977,147
Storm Water	251,270	201,797	331,817	340,867	359,537	364,632	510,696	512,440	457,493	929,564
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses	13,263,864	12,105,881	9,642,875	9,753,656	8,851,238	8,434,673	8,034,969	7,615,313	7,482,383	7,617,826
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$ 39,929,019	\$ 34,534,313	\$ 30,793,192	\$ 30,280,529	\$ 28,355,886	\$ 28,713,661	\$ 24,617,865	\$ 23,028,885	\$ 22,345,655	\$ 21,109,743
Program Revenues										
Governmental Activities:										
Charges for Services										
General government	\$ 462,510	\$ 461,864	\$ 378,822	\$ 378,153	\$ 363,779	\$ 307,989	\$ 346,199	\$ 308,953	\$ 295,201	\$ 659,647
Judicial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	614,119
Public safety	1,791,984	900,782	593,305	1,037,175	848,058	805,218	742,301	884,435	774,880	74,301
Public works	19,001	23,519	566,685	22,567	19,927	19,323	17,385	14,227	15,833	164,396
Culture and recreation	81,340	34,075	33,281	134,125	71,343	104,669	60,004	4,750	-	160,531
Housing and development	2,532,105	3,400,487	2,856,128	3,658,547	3,146,200	1,779,915	2,728,681	2,013,779	1,164,994	126,303
Operating Grants and Contributions	10,106,536	150,376	1,778,754	18,658	16,895	979,451	677,777	20,222	19,649	47,260
Capital Grants and Contributions	6,715,523	5,696,870	4,954,859	4,597,155	4,041,602	3,757,856	3,562,018	8,026,123	5,036,395	11,675,083
Total Government Activities Program Revenues	21,708,999	10,667,973	11,161,834	9,846,380	8,507,804	7,754,421	8,134,365	11,272,489	7,306,952	13,521,640
Business-Type Activities										
Charges for Services										
Water and Sewer	16,809,174	17,169,101	15,642,560	15,818,547	15,504,728	13,524,174	13,017,954	11,044,871	10,254,307	8,816,367
Sanitation	1,956,937	1,797,546	1,673,522	1,607,596	1,365,341	1,327,114	1,269,708	1,237,807	1,325,481	1,202,164
Storm Water	385,289	165,351	143,603	143,772	138,681	583,175	664,478	661,456	832,572	1,020,924
Capital Grants and Contributions	,	-	-	-	-	, <u>-</u>	, -	-	-	, , , ₋
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenue	s 19,151,400	19,131,998	17,459,685	17,569,915	17,008,750	15,434,463	14,952,140	12,944,134	12,412,360	11,039,455
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$ 40,860,399	\$ 29,799,971	\$ 28,621,519	\$ 27,416,295	\$ 25,516,554	\$ 23,188,884	\$ 23,086,505	\$ 24,216,623	\$ 19,719,312	\$ 24,561,095

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN YEARS (accrual basis of accounting)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Net (Expense)/Revenues										
Governmental Activities	\$ (4,956,156)	\$ (11,760,459)	\$ (9,988,483)	\$ (10,680,493)	\$ (10,996,844)	\$ (12,524,567)	\$ (8,448,531)	\$ (4,141,083)	\$ (7,556,320)	\$ 29,723
Business-Type Activities	5,887,536	7,026,117	7,816,810	7,816,259	8,157,512	6,999,790	6,917,171	5,328,821	4,929,977	3,421,629
Total Primary Government Net Expense	\$ 931,380	\$ (4,734,342)	\$ (2,171,673)	\$ (2,864,234)	\$ (2,839,332)	\$ (5,524,777)	\$ (1,531,360)	\$ 1,187,738	\$ (2,626,343)	\$ 3,451,352
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position										
Governmental Activities:										
Taxes										
Property taxes	\$ 8,178,074	\$ 7,334,618	\$ 6,763,021	\$ 5,791,989	\$ 5,861,327	\$ 5,336,055	\$ 5,118,477	\$ 5,094,580	\$ 5,275,824	\$ 5,117,545
Franchise taxes	2,641,365	2,201,101	2,390,932	2,363,097	1,863,645	1,940,490	1,924,471	1,934,924	1,725,865	1,453,402
Alcoholic beverage taxes	826,382	789,546	694,551	661,334	607,247	569,665	606,681	535,134	529,417	503,283
Insurance premium taxes	1,950,938	1,888,765	1,792,060	1,658,989	1,538,306	1,432,592	1,322,908	1,238,289	1,184,265	1,143,770
Business occupation & other taxes	2,593,771	2,267,148	1,813,840	1,793,101	1,804,203	1,767,029	1,577,585	1,401,497	1,218,181	1,018,162
Unrestricted investment earnings	74,524	3,687	41,832	54,779	50,529	5,306	1,946	9,689	2,677	6,047
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	69,200	15,700	536,055	32,216	-	34,321	1,257	20,475	14,474	23,378
Miscellaneous	995,150	125,676	70,705	104,272	198,744	736,555	61,536	99,051	83,419	87,035
Transfers in (out)	5,350,498	2,465,284	2,640,356	3,376,449	1,481,893	2,039,604	1,877,323	1,869,417	1,289,033	1,723,644
Total Governmental Activities	22,679,902	17,091,525	16,743,352	15,836,226	13,405,894	13,861,617	12,492,184	12,203,056	11,323,155	11,076,266
Business-Type Activities:										
Unrestricted investment earnings	238,714	11,701	83,562	73,686	53,571	5,159	2,759	3,109	7,402	17,268
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	-	-	27,386	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in (out)	(5,350,498)	(2,465,284)	(2,640,356)	(3,376,449)	(1,481,893)	(2,039,604)	(1,877,323)	(1,869,417)	(1,289,033)	(1,723,644)
Total Business-Type Activities	(5,111,784)	(2,453,583)	(2,529,408)	(3,302,763)	(1,428,322)	(2,034,445)	(1,874,564)	(1,866,308)	(1,281,631)	(1,706,376)
Total Primary Government	\$ 17,568,118	\$ 14,637,942	\$ 14,213,944	\$ 12,533,463	\$ 11,977,572	\$ 11,827,172	\$ 10,617,620	\$ 10,336,748	\$ 10,041,524	\$ 9,369,890
Change in Net Position										
Governmental Activities	\$ 17,723,746	\$ 5,331,066	\$ 6,754,869	\$ 5,155,733	\$ 2,409,050	\$ 1,337,050	\$ 4,043,653	\$ 8,061,973	\$ 3,766,835	\$ 11,105,989
Business-Type Activities	775,752	4,572,534	5,287,402	4,513,496	6,729,190	4,965,345	5,042,607	3,462,513	3,648,346	1,715,253
Total Primary Government	\$ 18,499,498	\$ 9,903,600	\$ 12,042,271	\$ 9,669,229	\$ 9,138,240	\$ 6,302,395	\$ 9.086,260	\$ 11,524,486	\$ 7,415,181	\$ 12,821,242
,	7 12,122,100	. 1,111,100	. :=,-:=,=::	,,	,,	,,	,,=00	,==.,.00	,,	,

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
General fund Nonspendable Assigned Unassigned	\$ 982,775 1,612,791 11,586,303	\$ 1,330,478 1,959,011 5,937,754	\$ 828,971 1,547,018 6,039,664	\$ 465,213 871,684 4,497,666	\$ 3,778,076 279,261 118,083	\$ 98,517 1,355,000 3,152,290	\$ 19,861 1,800,000 4,488,204	\$ 518,595 1,175,160 4,079,335	\$ 796,107 1,122,000 3,136,247	\$ 796,474 1,120,000 1,929,573
Total general fund	\$ 14,181,869	\$ 9,227,243	\$ 8,415,653	\$ 5,834,563	\$ 4,175,420	\$ 4,605,807	\$ 6,308,065	\$ 5,773,090	\$ 5,054,354	\$ 3,846,047
All other governmental funds Nonspendable Restricted:	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Public safety	5,874	5,873	5,873	8,205	16,680	23,794	27,117	26,202	14,482	8,818
Culture and recreation Capital projects Tourism & Economic development Debt service	7,950,548 69,237	10,495,961 69,237	7,295,309 - -	5,055,410 40,638	2,321,975 40,638	7,143,985 - 424,011	5,588,868 - 422,040	4,609,662 11,349 421,494	2,636,821 11,094 424,392	2,794,119 262,793 3,038,078
Impact fee projects Assigned Unassigned	499,865 -	140,842 -	140,790 -	143,577 -	366,589 -	411,712 -	371,656 (137,677)	254,375 (456,321)	260,092 (288,849)	- - -
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 8,525,524	\$ 10,711,913	\$ 7,441,972	\$ 5,247,830	\$ 2,745,882	\$ 8,003,502	\$ 6,272,004	\$ 4,866,761	\$ 3,058,032	\$ 6,103,808
Total All Governmental Funds	\$ 22,707,393	\$ 19,939,156	\$ 15,857,625	\$ 11,082,393	\$ 6,921,302	\$ 12,609,309	\$ 12,580,069	\$ 10,639,851	\$ 8,112,386	\$ 9,949,855

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ 16,078,266	\$ 14,583,588	\$ 13,395,928	\$ 12,344,081	\$ 11,459,644	\$ 11,008,748	\$ 10,469,788	\$ 10,131,106	\$ 9,919,815	\$ 9,424,861
Licenses and permits	1,180,044	1,616,843	1,395,028	1,837,050	1,635,507	1,008,484	1,463,623	1,596,034	814,087	655,506
Intergovernmental	16,816,610	5,842,657	6,556,491	4,579,046	4,028,832	3,761,328	4,527,067	3,981,720	4,810,592	3,512,011
Fines and Forfeitures	1,732,432	796,215	542,524	965,767	779,671	710,429	672,049	876,128	864,813	612,828
Charges for Services	1,984,422	2,391,219	2,502,813	2,436,725	2,017,535	1,289,538	1,765,155	752,804	661,940	529,672
Investment Income	75,374	4,209	42,085	55,249	51,188	5,966	2,565	10,140	3,869	7,904
Contributions and donations	4,600	55,851	125,084	36,298	29,005	17,644	30,284	20,222	19,649	47,260
Miscellaneous Revenues	995,150	125,674	70,705	104,272	198,744	736,555	61,536	99,051	83,419	87,035
Total Revenues	38,866,898	25,416,256	24,630,658	22,358,488	20,200,126	18,538,692	18,992,067	17,467,205	17,178,184	14,877,077
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government	9,863,199	2,356,327	2,281,974	1,922,665	1,936,981	1,704,872	1,499,951	1,543,959	1,501,750	1,380,095
Judicial	362,934	340,466	335,587	321,744	320,820	306,736	301,967	271,492	241,893	205,825
Public safety	11,571,650	10,406,827	9,658,237	9,447,243	8,708,392	9,331,413	7,231,207	6,256,936	5,783,330	5,320,347
Public works	1,880,795	1,677,825	1,629,655	1,424,998	1,507,008	1,674,014	1,598,761	1,752,543	1,584,472	1,476,734
Culture and recreation	851,340	701,462	669,706	734,561	655,034	840,678	733,027	676,815	598,564	561,607
Housing and development	2,160,500	1,837,502	2,107,552	2,086,187	1,952,676	3,150,743	1,370,169	1,228,388	791,371	635,678
Capital Outlay	10,679,416	4,043,592	4,531,953	2,736,537	9,028,080	318,992	2,888,074	1,490,576	3,444,674	1,955,961
Debt Service:										
Principal	4,483,270	1,687,378	1,820,333	2,292,259	2,516,205	2,436,408	2,423,172	16,644,736	9,973,273	2,815,555
Interest	412,576	534,627	589,338	663,810	743,189	819,521	894,810	1,615,187	1,619,833	1,613,651
Total Expenditures	\$ 42,265,680	\$ 23,586,006	\$ 23,624,335	\$ 21,630,004	\$ 27,368,385	\$ 20,583,377	\$ 18,941,138	\$ 31,480,632	\$ 25,539,160	\$ 15,965,453

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Excess of revenues over										
(under) expenditures	\$ (3,398,782)	\$ 1,830,250	\$ 1,006,323	\$ 728,484	\$ (7,168,259)	\$ (2,044,685)	\$ 50,929	\$ (14,013,427)	\$ (8,360,976)	\$ (1,088,376)
Other financing sources (uses)										
Issuance of long-term debt	183,456	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,651,000	5,220,000	-
Issuance of leases payable	253,859									
Proceeds from sale of capital asse	69,200	15,700	1,368,013	56,158	25,292	34,321	11,966	20,475	14,474	34,687
Transfers to other funds	(10,119,212)	(882,371)	(600,988)	(1,489,589)	(2,265,434)	(1,772,886)	(1,870,781)	(2,303,943)	(2,822,720)	(2,904,896)
Transfers from other funds	15,469,710	3,347,655	3,241,344	4,866,038	3,720,394	3,812,490	3,748,104	4,173,360	4,111,753	4,628,540
Total other financing sources (uses)	5,857,013	2,480,984	4,008,369	3,432,607	1,480,252	2,073,925	1,889,289	16,540,892	6,523,507	1,758,331
•										
Net change in fund balances	\$ 2,458,231	\$ 4,311,234	\$ 5,014,692	\$ 4,161,091	\$ (5,688,007)	\$ 29,240	\$ 1,940,218	\$ 2,527,465	\$ (1,837,469)	\$ 669,955
•										
Debt Service as a percentage										
of noncapital expenditures	12.72%	11.21%	12.95%	23.80%	13.02%	19.38%	20.23%	53.13%	52.47%	31.62%
Proceeds from sale of capital asse Transfers to other funds Transfers from other funds Total other financing sources (uses) Net change in fund balances Debt Service as a percentage	69,200 (10,119,212) 15,469,710 5,857,013 \$ 2,458,231	(882,371) 3,347,655 2,480,984 \$ 4,311,234	(600,988) 3,241,344 4,008,369 \$ 5,014,692	(1,489,589) 4,866,038 3,432,607 \$ 4,161,091	(2,265,434) 3,720,394 1,480,252 \$ (5,688,007)	(1,772,886) 3,812,490 2,073,925 \$ 29,240	(1,870,781) 3,748,104 1,889,289 \$ 1,940,218	(2,303,943) 4,173,360 16,540,892 \$ 2,527,465	(2,822,720) 4,111,753 6,523,507 \$ (1,837,469)	(2,904,896 4,628,540 1,758,33 \$ 669,955

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE - ALL TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN YEARS

Fiscal Year	Real Property Assessed Value	Personal Property Assessed Value	Total Assessed Value	Total District Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Value	Ratio of Total Assessed to Total Estimated Actual Value
2013	549,429,951	61,056,347	610,486,298	6.800	1,526,215,745	40%
2014	554,351,771	61,834,724	616,186,495	6.800	1,540,466,238	40%
2015	612,939,501	66,550,855	679,490,356	6.196	1,698,725,890	40%
2016	675,865,104	66,698,082	742,563,186	5.850	1,856,407,965	40%
2017	740,620,232	70,009,026	810,629,258	5.600	2,026,573,145	40%
2018 (2)	966,279,630	85,941,598	1,052,221,228	5.400	2,630,553,070	40%
2019	1,092,810,419	91,451,447	1,184,261,866	5.400	2,960,654,665	40%
2020	1,221,396,010	96,314,690	1,317,710,700	5.400	3,294,276,750	40%
2021	1,322,427,856	98,021,254	1,420,449,110	5.400	3,551,122,775	40%
2022	1,510,266,615	105,684,590	1,615,951,205	5.400	4,039,878,013	40%

Source: City of Canton Tax Department

⁽¹⁾ Reassessments have resulted in the adjustment to assessed values after initial reporting.

⁽²⁾ Cherokee County began billing and collecting City Real Estate and Personal Property Taxes in 2017

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING (Per \$1,000 of Assessed Value) LAST TEN YEARS

Fiscal Year	City of Canton	Cherokee County BOC(1)	Cherokee County BOE(1)	State	Total Direct & Overlapping Rates
2013	6.800	6.605	19.850	0.20	33.46
2014	6.800	6.574	19.850	0.15	33.37
2015	6.196	6.472	19.450	0.10	32.22
2016	5.850	6.464	19.450	0.05	31.81
2017	5.600	6.289	19.450	0.00	31.34
2018	5.400	6.064	18.950	0.00	30.41
2019	5.400	5.869	19.450	0.00	30.72
2020	5.400	5.846	19.450	0.00	30.70
2021	5.400	5.673	19.450	0.00	30.52
2022	5.400	5.646	19.450	0.00	30.50

⁽¹⁾ Source: Cherokee County's 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS CURRENT AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2	022				2013	
Taxpayer Name	As	sessed Value	Rank	% Assessed	•	Assessed Valu	e Rank	% Assessed
Universal Alloy	\$	29,781,467	1	1.84%		\$ -		-
Cherokee County Development Author		29,154,983	2	1.80%		-		-
Crest Laurel Canyon Apts, LLC		17,691,190	3	1.09%		-		-
Grand Reserve		14,810,277	4	0.92%		-		-
Canton Leased Housing		15,725,404	5	0.97%		-		-
VR Canton, LP		14,399,995	6	0.89%				
Legends at Laurel Canyon, LLC		13,633,920	7	0.84%		-		-
DDRM Riverstone Plaza, LLC		11,605,328	8	0.72%		11,329,080	2	1.86%
Walden Crossing, LLC		11,040,680	9	0.68%		5,093,520	10	0.83%
Georgia Power Company		10,819,401	10	0.67%		6,654,405	6	1.09%
GLL Selection II Georgia, LP		-		-		19,430,560	1	3.18%
Wal-Mart		-		-		8,644,249	3	1.42%
Target Corporation		-		-		7,778,517	4	1.27%
Lowes Home Center, Inc.		-		-		7,014,568	5	1.15%
East Inwood Riverstone		-		-		6,157,560	7	1.01%
Windstream Georgia Comm Corp.						5,914,143	8	0.97%
River Ridge of Canton, LP		-		-		5,614,520	9	0.92%
-	\$	168,662,645	- =	10.44%		\$ 83,631,122	-	13.70%

Sources: City of Canton Tax Department and Cherokee County Tax Commissioner

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Collected within the

		Fiscal Year	of the Levy	Collections in	Total Collecti	al Collections to Date	
Tax Year	Total Tax Levy	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy	
2012 (1)	4,147,573	4,093,616	98.70%	51,802	4,145,418	99.95%	
2013	4,187,281	4,088,417	97.64%	95,710	4,184,127	99.92%	
2014	4,205,523	4,179,655	99.38%	18,190	4,197,845	99.82%	
2015	4,341,432	4,303,258	99.12%	28,923	4,332,181	99.79%	
2016	4,536,957	4,466,952	98.46%	13,122	4,480,074	98.75%	
2017	4,670,051	4,657,529	99.73%	12,508	4,670,037	100.00%	
2018	5,115,713	5,095,803	99.61%	16,107	5,111,910	99.93%	
2019	5,758,867	5,736,004	99.60%	14,904	5,750,908	99.86%	
2020	5,956,864	5,884,608	98.79%	9,988	5,894,596	98.95%	
2021	6,905,471	6,555,738	94.94%	-	6,555,738	94.94%	

⁽¹⁾ Significant reassessments resulted in the write-down of original tax levies (and refunding of paid taxes) after initial reporting.

Sources: City of Canton Tax Department and Cherokee County Tax Commissioner

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA TEN LARGEST WATER & WASTEWATER SYSTEM CUSTOMERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

<u>Customer Name</u>	Water Consumption (gallons)	 otal Water <u>Billings</u>	Sewer Consumption (gallons)	 otal Sewer <u>Billings</u>	Total <u>Billings</u>	Percentage of System Billings
Waleska Water System*	115,632,030	\$ 352,678	_	-	\$ 352,678	2.42%
Northside Hospital - Cherokee	35,862,540	\$ 240,886	30,862,540	\$ 217,055	\$ 457,941	3.15%
Canton Leased Housing	34,253,160	\$ 246,889	34,253,160	\$ 342,471	\$ 589,360	4.05%
River Ridge Apartments	15,720,000	\$ 107,875	15,720,000	\$ 157,371	\$ 265,246	1.82%
Westdale Grand Canton LLC	13,352,600	\$ 87,579	13,352,600	\$ 127,663	\$ 215,242	1.48%
The Crest at Laurel Canyon	11,900,900	\$ 77,834	11,900,900	\$ 113,023	\$ 190,857	1.31%
Signature Management	10,539,000	\$ 77,367	10,539,000	\$ 112,131	\$ 189,498	1.30%
Walden Crssing Apartments	10,519,100	\$ 76,716	10,519,100	\$ 111,932	\$ 188,648	1.30%
Legends at Laurel Canyon	10,320,400	\$ 50,158	10,320,400	\$ 72,658	\$ 122,816	0.84%
VR Canton	10,017,000	\$ 73,770	10,017,000	\$ 107,038	\$ 180,808	1.24%
	268,116,730	\$ 1,391,752	147,484,700	\$ 1,361,342	\$ 2,753,094	18.91%

Source: City of Canton Utility Billing Department

^{*}Waleska Water System is a wholesale water customer of the City of Canton pursuant to an intergovernmental contract. Waleska Water System does not purchase any sewer service.

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA CURRENT WATER & WASTEWATER SERVICE RATES SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		\/aluma [
		volume i	Rate (per						
Water Rates	Base Rate	1,000 დ	allons)						
0 - 2,000 gallons (min)	\$13.62 minimum								
2,000 - 10,000 gallons		\$	6.67						
10,000 - 15,000 gallons		\$	8.00						
15,000 gallons and		\$	8.68						
Sewer Rates									
0 - 2,000 gallons (min)	\$19.99 minimum								
2,000 gallons and above		\$	9.84						
, , , , , ,		,							
Wholesale Rates									
Water Rates	Per 1,000 gallons	\$	3.05						
Sewer Rates	Per 1,000 gallons	\$	5.52						
Commercial Rates									
						sed on Mete			
		<u>5/8</u>	or 3/4"	<u>1"</u>	<u>2"</u>	<u>3"</u>	<u>4"</u>	<u>6"</u>	<u>8"</u>
,					•			•	
2,000 gallons and above	Per 1,000 gallons	\$	6.87	\$ 6.87	\$ 6.87	\$ 6.87	\$ 6.87	\$ 6.87	\$ 6.87
Sewer Rates									
0 - 2,000 gallons (min)	Base Rate	\$	19.99	\$ 27.98	\$ 65.36	\$ 126.53	\$ 185.29	\$ 379.76	\$ 564.25
2,000 gallons and above	Per 1,000 gallons	\$	10.02	\$ 10.02	\$ 10.02	\$ 10.02	\$ 10.02	\$ 10.02	\$ 10.02
Irrigation Rates									
					(Ba	sed on Mete	r Size)		
Water Rates		5/8	or 3/4"	1"			4"	6"	8"
0 - 2,000 gallons (min)	Base Rate	\$	13.62	\$ 19.08	\$ 44.55	\$ 86.23	\$ 126.28	\$ 258.82	\$ 384.56
2,000 - 15,000 gallons	Per 1,000 gallons	\$	8.00	\$ 8.00	\$ 8.00	\$ 8.00	\$ 8.00	\$ 8.00	\$ 8.00
15,000 gallons and	Per 1,000 gallons	\$	8.68	\$ 8.68	\$ 8.68	\$ 8.68	\$ 8.68	\$ 8.68	\$ 8.68
Commercial Rates Water Rates 0 - 2,000 gallons (min) 2,000 gallons and above Sewer Rates 0 - 2,000 gallons (min) 2,000 gallons and above Irrigation Rates Water Rates 0 - 2,000 gallons (min) 2,000 - 15,000 gallons	Per 1,000 gallons Base Rate Per 1,000 gallons Base Rate Per 1,000 gallons Base Rate Per 1,000 gallons	\$ 5/8 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	5.52 3 or 3/4" 13.62 6.87 19.99 10.02 3 or 3/4" 13.62 8.00	\$ 10.02 1" \$ 19.08 \$ 8.00	2" \$ 44.55 \$ 6.87 \$ 65.36 \$ 10.02 (Ba: 2" \$ 44.55 \$ 8.00	3" \$ 86.23 \$ 6.87 \$ 126.53 \$ 10.02 seed on Mete 3" \$ 86.23 \$ 8.00	\$ 126.28 \$ 6.87 \$ 185.29 \$ 10.02 er Size) \$ 126.28 \$ 8.00	\$ 10.02 <u>6"</u> \$ 258.82 \$ 8.00	\$ 10.02 <u>8"</u> \$ 384.56 \$ 8.00

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA WATER & WASTEWATER SYSTEM DEMAND AND DISCHARGE LAST FIVE YEARS

Water System

Set forth below is the average daily demand and the maximum daily demand for water service from the distribution system for the last five fiscal years.

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Average Daily MGD	3.09	3.08	3.02	2.86	3.02
Maximum Day MGD	4.17	4.20	4.27	3.80	4.42

Wastewater System

Set forth below is the average daily discharge and the maximum daily discharge for wastewater service for the last five fiscal years.

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Average Daily MGD	2.82	3.47	3.00	2.91	2.91
Maximum Day MGD	4.69	6.70	5.80	6.86	5.13

Source: City of Canton Utility Billing Department.

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA WATER & WASTEWATER SYSTEM CONNECTIONS LAST FIVE YEARS

Water System Connections

Set forth below are the number of connections to the water system for the last five fiscal years.

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total	10,010	9,715	9,379	8,964	8,649

Approximately 8,781 were residential connections and 1,229 were commercial and industrial connections as of September 30, 2022.

Wastewater System Connections

Set forth below are the number of connections to the wastewater system for the last five fiscal years.

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total	8,094	7,880	7,371	6,917	6,571

Approximately 7,423 were residential connections and 671 were commercial and industrial connections as of September 30, 2022.

Source: City of Canton Utility Billing Department.

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN YEARS

	Governmental Activities(1)					Business-Type Activities(1)									
														Percentage	
Fiscal	Bonds		Notes				Revenue		GEFA			Т	otal Primary	of Personal	Per
<u>Year</u>	<u>Payable</u>		<u>Payable</u>		<u>Leases</u>		<u>Bonds</u>		Notes Lea		_eases	(<u> Sovernment</u>	Income (2)	Capita (2)
2013	\$ 33,969,575	\$	1,500,000	\$	72,385	\$	5,584,569	\$	3,211,144	\$	18,151	\$	44,355,824	8.35%	\$1,864.40
2014	\$ 29,594,107	\$	1,200,000	\$	-	\$	4,323,403	\$	3,667,757	\$	-	\$	38,785,267	7.21%	\$1,608.35
2015	\$ 27,906,199	\$	900,000	\$	-	\$	2,988,971	\$	6,444,124	\$	-	\$	38,239,294	6.92%	\$1,541.84
2016	\$ 25,788,589	\$	600,000	\$	-	\$	1,786,760	\$	9,871,329	\$	-	\$	38,046,678	6.72%	\$1,493.84
2017	\$ 23,657,494	\$	300,000	\$	-	\$	1,103,229	\$	10,494,870	\$	-	\$	35,555,593	5.67%	\$1,349.87
2018	\$ 21,446,334	\$	-	\$	-	\$	882,436	\$	9,886,068	\$	-	\$	32,214,838	4.90%	\$1,153.17
2019	\$ 19,158,838	\$	-	\$	-	\$	882,436	\$	9,232,072	\$	-	\$	29,273,346	3.56%	\$ 998.89
2020	\$ 17,342,978	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,561,328	\$	-	\$	25,904,306	3.38%	\$ 919.70
2021	\$ 15,659,771	\$	-	\$	-	\$	65,456,159	\$	6,692,684	\$	-	\$	87,808,614	5.11%	\$1,560.27
2022	\$ 11,222,156	\$	146,765	\$	248,743	\$	63,627,421	\$	6,292,217	\$	-	\$	81,537,302	4.19%	\$ 1,448.83

⁽¹⁾ Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in Note 10 in the Notes to Financial Statements

⁽²⁾ See Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data for the City

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Net General Obligation Bonded <u>Debt Outstanding</u>		Percentage Applicable to City of Canton*	Amount Aplicable to ty of Canton
City of Canton Direct Debt				
Governmental Bonds	\$	11,222,156	100.00%	\$ 11,222,156
Overlapping General Obligation Debt:				
Cherokee County 2010		5,167,000	11.59%	599,052
Cherokee County 2012		2,785,000	11.59%	322,887
Cherokee County 2014		16,943,000	11.59%	1,964,338
Cherokee County 2016		22,379,894	11.59%	2,594,681
Cherokee County Board of Education		445,530,482	11.59%	51,653,926
Other Overlapping Debt:				
Cherokee County Resource Recovery Development Authority		3,191,821	11.59%	370,053
Total Overlapping Debt		495,997,197		57,504,937
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$	507,219,353		\$ 68,727,093

Source: The overlapping debt numbers were obtained from Cherokee County's 2021 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Canton, Georgia. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt of each overlaping government.

*The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the county's taxable assessed value that is within the City's boundaries and dividing it by the county's total taxable assessed value.

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA LEGAL DEBT MARGIN LAST TEN YEARS

Original Assessed Value Tax Year of Tax Digest		_	eneral Bonded ebt Limit (10%)	 tal Debt ble to Limit*	 Legal Debt Margin	Total Net Applicable Debt as a % of Debt Limit	
2012	\$ 742,705,539	\$	74,270,554	\$ _	\$ 74,270,554	0.00%	
2013	\$ 763,972,995	\$	76,397,300	\$ -	\$ 76,397,300	0.00%	
2014	\$ 839,064,799	\$	83,906,480	\$ -	\$ 83,906,480	0.00%	
2015	\$ 900,082,121	\$	90,008,212	\$ -	\$ 90,008,212	0.00%	
2016	\$ 983,758,808	\$	98,375,881	\$ -	\$ 98,375,881	0.00%	
2017	\$ 1,112,292,344	\$	111,229,234	\$ -	\$ 111,229,234	0.00%	
2018	\$ 1,194,911,341	\$	119,491,134	\$ -	\$ 119,491,134	0.00%	
2019	\$ 1,326,586,860	\$	132,658,686	\$ -	\$ 132,658,686	0.00%	
2020	\$ 1,427,832,790	\$	142,783,279	\$ -	\$ 142,783,279	0.00%	
2021	\$ 1,622,125,668	\$	162,212,567	\$ -	\$ 162,212,567	0.00%	

Note: Under state finance law, the City's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 10 percent of total assessed property value. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligations bonds.

^{*}The City of Canton does not have debt applicable to the limit.

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA WATER & SEWER FUND HISTORICAL DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE RATIOS LAST TEN YEARS

Fiscal Year	Operating Income	Plus: Depreciation	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	Debt Service on Bonds	Bond Coverage	Debt Service on All Debt (1)	Debt Service Coverage on All Debt
2013	\$ 3,530,594	\$ 1,450,510	\$ 4,981,104	\$ 1,468,597	3.39	\$ 1,809,434	2.75
2014	\$ 4,683,847	\$ 1,604,649	\$ 6,288,496	\$ 1,467,267	4.29	\$ 1,839,857	3.42
2015	\$ 5,359,955	\$ 1,625,982	\$ 6,985,937	\$ 1,469,522	4.75	\$ 1,844,228	3.79
2016	\$ 6,848,851	\$ 1,687,484	\$ 8,536,335	\$ 1,269,140	6.73	\$ 3,944,303	2.16
2017	\$ 6,947,877	\$ 1,866,119	\$ 8,813,996	\$ 669,343	13.17	\$ 3,545,249	2.49
2018	\$ 8,619,286	\$ 2,023,260	\$ 10,642,546	\$ 222,693	47.79	\$ 3,302,455	3.22
2019	\$ 8,522,309	\$ 2,054,420	\$ 10,576,729	-	-	\$ 3,091,052	3.42
2020	\$ 8,433,214	\$ 2,100,493	\$ 10,533,707	-	-	\$ 3,086,106	3.41
2021	\$ 9,141,541	\$ 2,282,680	\$ 11,424,221	\$ 2,533,809	4.51	\$ 4,518,014	2.53
2022	\$ 7,371,115	\$ 2,442,532	\$ 9,813,647	\$ 3,184,775	3.08	\$ 5,901,790	1.66

⁽¹⁾ Includes debt service on the GEFA Loans and Prior Contractual Obligations.

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION LAST TEN YEARS

Fiscal Year	Population ⁽¹⁾	Personal Income	Per Capita Personal Income ⁽²		Median Age ⁽³⁾	School Enrollment ⁽⁴⁾	Unemployment Rate (2) %
2013	23,791	\$ 980,165,409	\$	41,199	36.01	5,663	5.6
2014	24,115	\$ 1,004,823,820	\$	41,668	32.90	6,247	5.2
2015	24,801	\$ 1,085,589,372	\$	43,772	34.50	6,448	5.1
2016	25,469	\$ 1,186,600,710	\$	46,590	33.70	6,860	4.1
2017	26,340	\$ 1,289,211,300	\$	48,945	33.20	6,947	3.4
2018	27,936	\$ 1,404,650,016	\$	50,281	32.30	6,514	3.8
2019	29,306	\$ 1,525,435,912	\$	52,052	32.30	6,792	3.2
2020	28,166	\$ 1,514,598,484	\$	53,774	34.80	6,487	2.8
2021	30,528	\$ 1,718,054,784	\$	56,278	34.10	6,763	4.9
2022	34,576	\$ 1,945,868,128	\$	56,278	34.40	6,956	1.7

Sources:

- (1) Georgia Municipal Association
- (2) Georgiadata.org/topics
- (3) United States Census Bueau
- (4) Cherokee County Board of Education

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT AND NINE YEARS AGO

	2022			2013			
			% of Total			% of Total	
<u>Employer</u>	Employees	Rank	City Employment	Employees	Rank	City Employment	
Northside Hospital - Cherokee	3,400	1	22.75%	1,176	1	8.91%	
Cherokee County Board of Education	971	2	6.50%	634	2	4.80%	
Cherokee County Board of Commissioners	503	3	3.37%	444	3	3.36%	
Publix Super Markets (3 Locations)	408	4	2.73%	318	4	2.41%	
Universal Alloy Corporation	362	5	2.42%	245	6	1.86%	
Wal-Mart Associates, Inc.	304	6	2.03%	288	5	2.18%	
Piolax Corporation	246	7	1.65%	210	7	1.59%	
Target	222	8	1.49%	172	8	1.30%	
Sovereign's Engineering &							
Surveying Holdings, Inc.	154	9	1.03%	-		-	
Home Depot	154	10	1.03%	119	10	0.90%	
Lowe's		_		129	9	0.98%	
	6,724	•	44.99%	3,735	•	28.29%	

Source: City of Canton Licensing Department and the Atlanta Regional Commission.

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2022	2021	2020	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Function										
General government										
Management	13	12	12	10	10	10	10	9	9	9
Finance	2	2	2	3	3	3	4	4	4	4
Technology	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Judicial										
Municipal court	3	3	3	5	3	3	3	2	2	2
Public safety										
Police officers	44	48	50	49	46	44	43	41	41	33
Police administration	8	8	8	7	6	8	8	8	9	9
Firefighters	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	24	21	21
Fire administration	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	5	5
Public works										
Engineering	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	4	4	4
Streets	17	15	16	18	19	18	19	16	16	15
Culture and recreation										
Parks	5	5	6	6	4	4	4	4	4	5
Housing and development										
Building	11	10	10	13	11	11	5	5	3	3
Planning and zoning	6	6	5	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
Economic development	1	1	1	1	-	2	2	2	2	1
Utilities										
Sanitation roll-off site	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water administration	7	7	7	7	7	6	5	5	5	3
Total	123	120	124	126	116	116	144	132	130	119

Source: City of Canton Human Resources Department.

Note: The City consolidated Fire Services with Cherokee County in FY2017.

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	2020	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Police:										
Physical Arrests	743	1,271	1,036	1,389	1,159	1,192	1,205	1,086	1,103	909
Parking Violations	2	3	5	5	12	124	138	1,239	1,718	233
Traffic Violations	3,177	4,532	2,939	4,760	4,846	4,081	4,162	5,107	7,616	6,508
Fire										
Emergency Responses	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,945	3,847	2,815	2,914
Fires Extinguished	-	-	-	-	-	-	52	93	73	94
Public Works										
Streets/Sidewalks Repaired	41	47	21	57	63	47	147	85	135	100
Signs Installed/Replaced	68	95	53	33	27	24	112	106	320	70
Trees Cut/Miscellaneous	27	127	296	348	48	52	724	684	340	324
Water										
New Connections*	346	389	377	332	218	426	377	374	221	75
Average Daily Consumption										
(Million Gallons Daily)	3.09	3.08	3.05	2.88	3.05	2.93	3.05	2.91	2.72	2.52

Source: Various City Departments.

Note: Indicators are not available for the General Government function.

Note: The City consolidated Fire Services with Cherokee County in FY2017.

Note: Water connections decreased in some fiscal years due to territory swaps with the Cherokee County

Water and Sewerage Authority pursuant to Georgia House Bill 489 (HB489).

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol Units	38	38	38	39	39	42	42	39	36	35
Fire										
Fire Stations	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	2
Pumper Trucks	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	4	4	4
Ladder Truck	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
Platform Truck	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
Public Works										
Streets (miles)	183	177	114	127	127	127	127	123	123	123
Sidewalks (miles)	130	130	130.0	19.5	19	19	19	19	19	19
Parks & Recreation										
Acreage of Parks	246	246	246	246	246	246	246	173	173	173
Playgrounds	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Baseball Fields	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Soccer Fields	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	2	2	2
Tennis Courts	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Community Center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water										
Water Mains (miles)	155	153	153	152	150	150	148	142	142	140
Water Plant Capacity										
(million gallons daily)	5.45	5.45	5.45	5.45	5.45	5.45	5.45	5.45	5.45	5.45
Sewer										
Sanitary Sewer Mains (miles)	116	114	114	114	112	112	110	103	92	85
Sewer Plant Capacity										
(million gallons daily)	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4

Source: Various City Departments.

Note: Capital asset indicators are not available for the General Government, Judicial and Community Development functions.

Note: The City consolidated Fire Services with Cherokee County in FY2017.







Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Canton, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Canton, Georgia, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Canton, Georgia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 23, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Canton, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Canton's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Canton's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2022-001, that we consider to be a material weakness.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Canton, Georgia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Canton, Georgia's internal control over compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Certified Public Accountants

Rushton, LLC

Gainesville, Georgia June 23, 2023



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Canton, Georgia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Canton, Georgia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of Canton, Georgia's major federal programs for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. The City of Canton, Georgia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City of Canton, Georgia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of City of Canton, Georgia and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of City of Canton, Georgia's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to City of Canton, Georgia's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on City of Canton, Georgia's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about City of Canton, Georgia's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding City of Canton, Georgia's compliance with the
 compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we
 considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of City of Canton, Georgia's internal control over compliance relevant to
 the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test
 and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not
 for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Canton, Georgia's internal
 control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City of Canton, Georgia, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City of Canton, Georgia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Canton, Georgia's internal control over compliance.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance, continued

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Certified Public Accountants

Rushton, LLC

Gainesville, Georgia June 23, 2023

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022

Federal Grant/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass- Through Number	Federal Expenditures
Department of Housing and Urban Developmen			
Passed through Cherokee County, Georgia: Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-20-UC-130006	\$ 127,496
Department of Transportation			
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster: Passed through the Georgia Department of Transportation: Highway Planning and Construction Program	20.205	PI#0017789	108,844
U.S. Department of the Treasury			
COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund	21.027	N/A	10,048,112
Passed through Georgia Governor's Office of Planning and Budget: COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fu	r 21.027	14411	53,825
Total U.S. Department of the Treasury			10,101,937
Total Federal Awards			\$ 10,338,277

See accompanying notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and the schedule of findings and questioned costs.

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the City of Canton, Georgia, under programs for the federal government for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because this schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the City.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

3. De Minimis Indirect Cost Rate

City of Canton, Georgia has elected not to use the 10-percent *de minimis* indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

4. Payments to Subrecipients

For the current fiscal year, City of Canton, Georgia did not pass federal funds through to subrecipients.

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022

1. Summary of the Auditor's Results

A. Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weaknesses identified?

Significant deficiencies identified

not considered material weaknesses?

None reported

Noncompliance material to

financial statements noted?

None reported

B. Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weaknesses identified?

None reported

Significant deficiencies identified

not considered material weaknesses?

None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on

compliance for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance

with the Uniform Guidance?

None reported

Identification of major programs:

21.027 COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds

Dollar threshold used to distinguish

Between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? No

CITY OF CANTON, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022

2. Financial Statement Findings and Responses

A. Current Year Audit Findings

2022-001

Condition: Material prior period adjustments were required to adjust property tax receivable, net pension liability and deferred inflows and outflows related to pension.

Criteria: Generally accepted accounting principles require that accruals be properly calculated and recorded.

Effect: Failure to properly apply generally accepted accounting principles led to financial statements that were materially misstated

Cause: Incorrect balances of property tax receivable, net pension liability and deferred inflows and outflows related to pension were recorded due to errors in reporting and calculation.

Recommendation: Management should review their year-end procedures for recording accruals.

Management Response: Management concurs with this finding. City staff will review all year-end balances to ensure they are properly calculated and recorded.

B. Prior Year Audit Findings Follow-Ups

None reported

3. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The audit of our basic financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards disclosed no audit findings or questioned costs which are required to be reported under Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards.